

SANKO Coating Thickness Meter SWT-7200 Instruction Manual



CAUTIONS:

Before using the Meter, read this INSTRUCTION MANUAL thoroughly and use the Meter correctly.

Keep this INSTRUCTION MANUAL carefully and refer to this when necessary.

In the event of any doubt arising, the original INSTRUCTION MANUAL (Japanese) is to be of final authority.

SANKO ELECTRONIC LABORATORY CO., LTD.

Tokyo - Osaka - Nagoya - Fukuoka - Kawasaki

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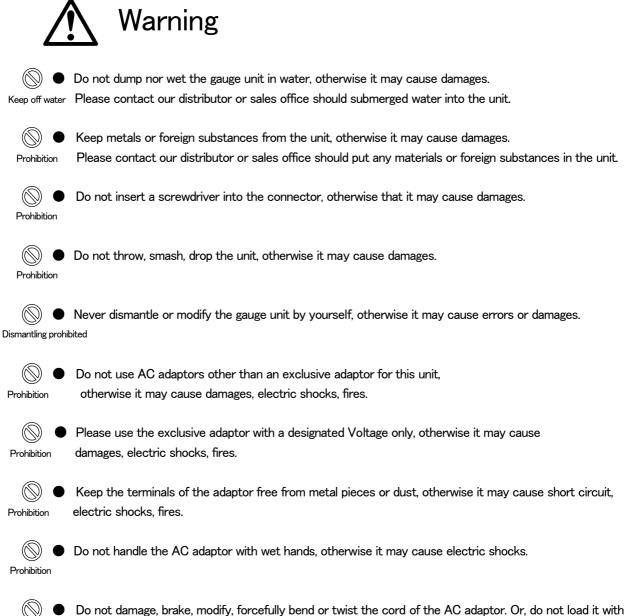
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Attention for safety (to use in correct ways)

To prevent you and your properties from damaging please take some time to read thoroughly this "Attention for Safety" and correct uses keep these instructions attentive to read when necessary.



Prohibition



heavy staff or pinch it forcefully, otherwise it may cause breaking wires, short circuit, fires.

Attention For Safety (to use safely and correctly)



Warning



Never fail to remove batteries from the unit when not in use for a long time.
 Leakages occurred from deterioration of batteries may cause erroneous reactions or damages.



■ Be sure to read this book on the item of 「How to fit batteries」 to replace batteries.

• Store batteries in a place where children and pets are incapable of handling them.

Hust Please call a doctor like in a case that a battery is swallowed.



 Do not put batteries into fire or water. Store them in a cool, dry and dark place avoiding flames, high temperature and moisture.



Do not get batteries shocked and dismantled, and soldered for processing



Do not short or recharge batteries and handle with metallic tools like pliers.



Replace with new(unused) batteries according to the procedure of this Operating Instructions.



lacktriangle Be sure of paying attention on battery polarity marks, (+,-) to place the batteries.

Must



In case a battery has leakage please clean up the place with clothes to replace batteries.
 And do not touch the leaked liquid and wash skins or clothes in case they are contaminated.



Comply to regulations and laws in your neighbors when disposing of them.

Must

Insert a plug of the AC adaptor to the full end, otherwise it may cause electric shocks and fires with burns. And do not use faulty or loose receptacles.



 Switch to OFF and unplug the AC adaptor from the receptacle to avoid electric shocks and damages when inspecting or cleaning the gauge.

Attention For Safety (to use safely and correctly)



Attention

• Do not use Benzene or Thinner for cleaning and spray pesticides on the meter, otherwise it may Prohibition cause cracks or malfunctions.

Do not store the meter in places getting high in temperatures such as in a car in strong sunlight or near Prohibition heaters, otherwise it will be hazardous to the meter and may cause malfunctions.

● Do not step, trample down nor put anything on the meter.

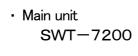
Prohibition

Notes:

- Please read this manual thoroughly for correct operations before getting started.
- This meter is a precision gauge. Please handle with care.
- Do not tug, bend, fold or curl up forcefully the cables of probes.
- Do not knock or scratch objects with the tip of a probe.
- Keep the tip of a probe clean. A slight amount of dust may cause errors in measurements.
- Clean the meter and store it in free from dust and moisture after operation.
- To keep precision with a gauge please contact our distributor or our sales office once a year for inspection
- Keep the meter away off electric noises, shocks or magnetic fields when in a use.

Get started

Contents in a package



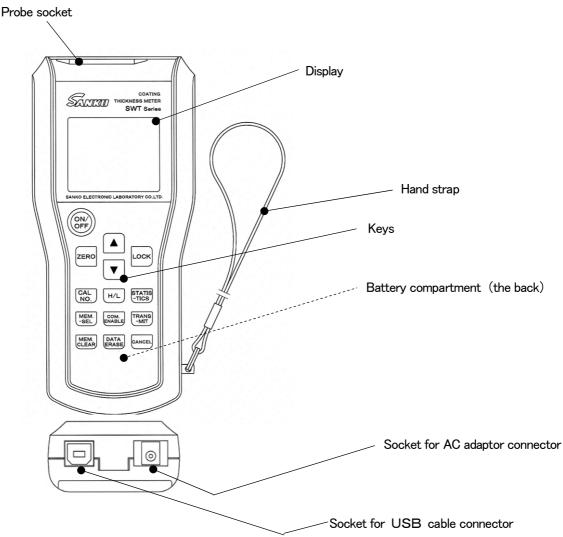


- Carrying case
- Instruction manual (this manual)
- Warranty / User resistor sheet (Available only in Japan)
- AC adaptor
- · USB cable (2. 0m)
- USB driver (CD)

● In case of an optional probe

- Probe
 For ferrous (Fe), or non-ferrous (NFe)
- Zero boards for testing (for Fe:ferrous substrates/for NFe:non-ferrous substrates)
- Thickness standards (films : 2 sheets, bake: 1 sheet)

Names of part



Probe socket

Connect an optional-exclusive SWT probe to the probe socket.

- (1) To measure a film thickness of coated, plated, lining layer on substrates made of ferrous material please use a probe of (Fe) series for the connection.
- (2) To measure a film thickness of coated, plated, lining layer on substrates made of non-ferrous materials such as Aluminum, Copper, etc. please use a probe of (NFe) series for the connection
- Display

It indicates measurement results, operation guides, or malfunction status.

- Keys
 - (1) Power On/Off key

It switches On or Off.

(2) 「ZEROJkey、「▲Jkey、「▼Jkey

They are adjusting keys to be pre-used before measuring to obtain correct results.

They are also used for adjustments when in high -function operations.

(3) \[LOCK \]key

It is a key to avoid erroneous operations caused by an inadvertent key entry.

(4) Cal No. Jkey

It is a key to select calibration in high-function operations.

(5) 「H/LJkey

It is a key to set High/Low limit values in high-function operations.

(6) 「STATISTICS」key

It is a key to process statistics of data stored in memory in high-function operations.

(7) MeM.- SELJkey

It is a key to select memory to be used in high-function operations.

(8) 「COM. ENABLE」key

It is a key to select for data transfer in high-function operations.

(9) TRANSMIT Jkey

It is a key to activate transferring process of data in high-function operations.

(10) MeM. CLEARJkey

It is a key to delete data stored in memory in high-function operations.

(11) 「DATA ERASE」key

It is a key to erase one of data indicated on display in high-function operations.

(12) 「CANCEL」key

It is a key to interrupt adjusting process and take an immediate step to measuring process in high-function operations

Battery compartment

It contains 2 pieces of dry battery (R06P, AA).

Hand strap

Hang the meter through a strap over your wrist never to drop it.

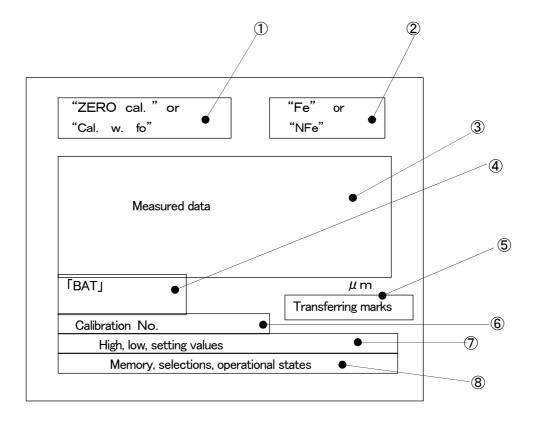
Socket for AC adaptor

This is a socket connected to the exclusive AC adaptor (accessory).

Socket for USB cable

It is a socket connected to a USB cable (accessory)

◆ Items indicated on LCD



- ① Indicates 「ZERO cal.」 (Zeroing) or 「Cal.w.fo」 (Calibration Standard) when in process. It never appears on the reading except when in process of these adjustments.
- ② Indicates 「Fe」 when a probe of Fe SWT exclusive series is in the connection, and 「NFe」 when a probe of NFe SWT exclusive series is in the connection.
- ③ Indicates a measured value upon pressing a probe.
- ④ 「 BAT | Jmark is indicated when battery has run out for replacement with 2 steps.
- (5) | USB | __Imark is indicated when data is transferred by USB to PC.
- 6 The number of calibration: stored in a pair of \(\textstyle \textstyle Zeroing \) and \(\textstyle \textstyle Calibration \) standard \(\textstyle \t
- Thigh limit value, Low limit value is indicated when the limit value is set. It flashes when a reading value exceeds beyond a setting limited value.
- (8) When selecting a memory place to store measurement data, the number of a memory place flashes. When measuring while storing data into memory, the number of a storing place indicates.

How to fit batteries

- ① Open the battery lid on the back of the unit.
 - Press down and slide the lid in direction of arrow to open.
- 2 Insert batteries.
 - Ensure correct battery polarity ⊕, ⊖ for placement.
- 3 Close the lid.



Caution

- Use designated and new (unused) batteries or ones supplied in this package.
- An incorrect use of batteries may cause leakages, bursts. Do not intermingle new ones with old ones.
- Take out batteries to store when not in use for a long absence, and that may avoid Leakages.
- Keep batteries off children and pets.
- Comply to the laws and rules in your Local Authorities when disposing of batteries.



When placing batteries in the unit, the messages and warning below on the screen may be indicated. And these are not breakdowns, wait until the reading disappears with a beeping sound.

START UP PHASE

Hold Probe
in the air
Don't touch it
on any
metallic object.

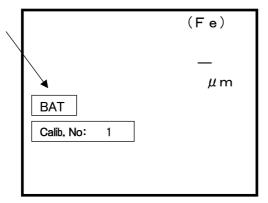


ERROR!

Connect a probe before switched on.



Batteries have run out when the display on the unit indicates the mark listed below. Replace with new batteries.



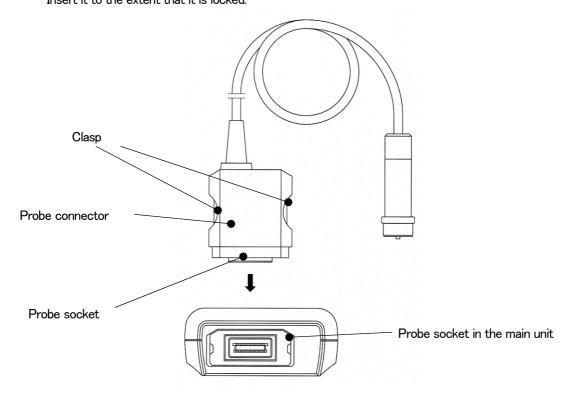
♦ How connect, disconnect probes

© Connect an optional, exclusive SWT probe to the main unit Select one of the probes suited for your application.

Insert a probe connector into the probe socket of the main unit.

Make sure of aligning the keyway leading to a smooth joint without doing by force.

Insert it to the extent that it is locked.



O Remove the exclusive probe from the unit.

Pull off the probe carefully by bending inward clasp springs at the both ends of the probe connector to release the clasps.

Do not pull off by force or it may cause damages.

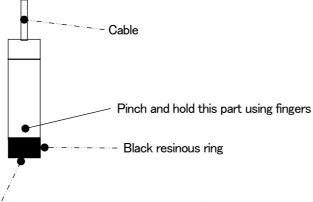


Caution

Make sure that Power switches to off when connecting or disconnecting the exclusive SWT probes.

Or else, it may cause damages to connect or disconnect while Power is on.

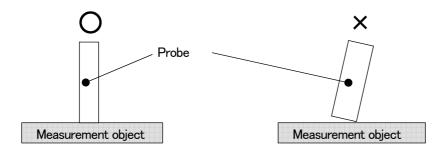
◆ How to hold probes



Tip to press against a measurement object

◆ How to press a probe to an object

- Keep the probe 5 cm or over away off metallic objects when not in use of measuring.
- Press the tip of the probe perpendicularly against a measurement object.
 Tilting may cause large errors.



Press the probe quickly and smoothly to objects.
A slow-acting press may cause large errors.



Caution

- Do not smash or hit the probe against objects, or it may cause damages to probes and to objects
- Do not scrape, scrub objects with the probe except in a special measurement.
 Or it may break the tip of the probe and cause damages to the tip and surface of objects

How to operate

(1) How to switch Power source

Press ON/OFF key.

START UP

PHASE

Hold poobe in the air Don't touch it on any metallic object.



The buzzer emits a beeping sound.

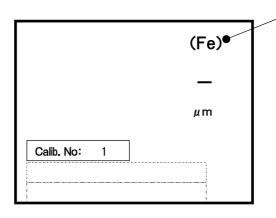
This message lasts for about 5 seconds.



Caution

Hold the probe in air without operation when the reading is on display. Or it may indicate 「ERROR」 and automatically switch off Power.





Fe shows that a SWT exclusive probe in Fe series is connected and set for Ferrous substrate measurements

The display shows that it becomes possible to take measuring and adjusting procedures of this unit.



Caution

Never remove probe from a unit when Power is On. Or the electric shocks may damage the probe and the unit

↑
A number 「1」 is indicated at the first opening

Note: Calib. No:

of the unit, and from then on the last set entry is indicated everytime it is operated.

And, when 「High limit value」, 「Low limit value」 is set, or when memory is used, the setting values and Nos. are indicated on each column (chained lined sections).

(2) How to switch off

Press ON/OFF key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps. (twice)



POWER

OFF

Terminating phase

The message lasts for about 5 seconds.

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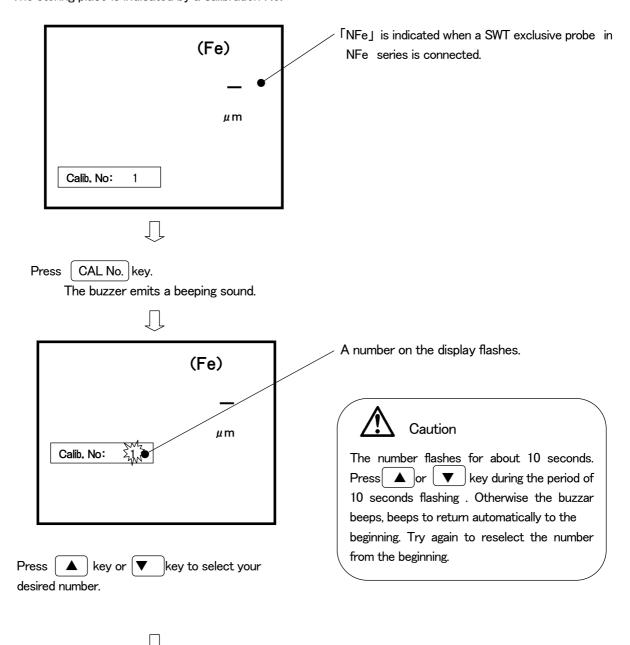
This unit switched off.

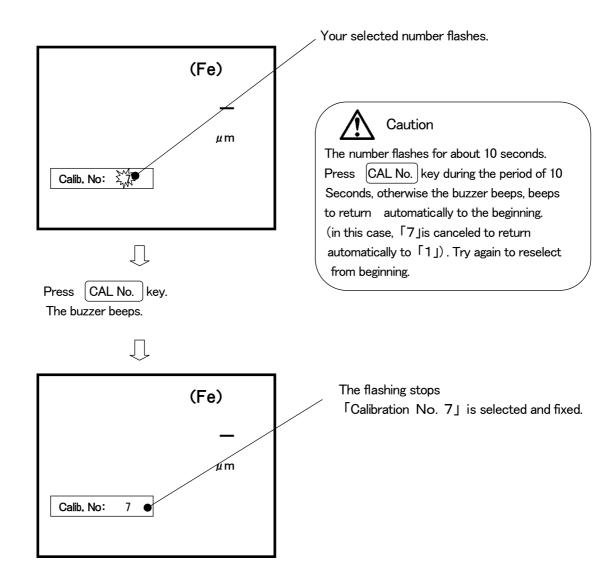
(3) How to select Calibration No:

It is capable of getting started on measurements immediately after it becomes possible to take measurements and adjusting by switching Power to ON as described on page 12. However, it makes errors depending on material formation and shapes to be measured. To minimize measurement errors and obtain as accurate results as possible please be sure of carrying out 2 points adjustments of \(\Gamma \)Zeroing_ and \(\Gamma \)Calibration standard_ before measuring process.

SWT-7200 is capable of storing 10 sets of calibration data.

The storing place is indicated by a calibration No.





It is capable of getting started on measurements after it becomes possible to take measurements and adjusting by selecting Γ Calibration No. \Box .

However, it makes errors depending on material formation and shapes to be measured. To minimize measurement errors and obtain as accurate results as possible please be sure of carrying out 2 kinds of adjustments of 「Zeroing」 and 「Calibration standard」 before measuring process.

(4) Zeroing

It is capable of getting started on measurements immediately after the message of 「START UP PHASE」 has disappeared as described on page 12.

However, it makes errors depending on material formation and shapes to be measured. To minimize measurement errors and obtain as accurate results as possible please be sure of carrying out 2 points of adjustments of \(\Gamma \)Zeroing and \(\Gamma \) Calibration standard \(\Delta \) before measuring process.

× Please prepare for a Substrate plate the identical material, quality and size to a measuring object. (This substrate plate should be designated as a ΓZero Plate ()

Press ZERO key.

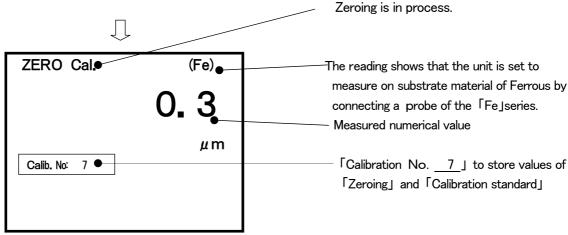
The buzzer emits a beep sound.

[ZERO Cal.]

Press the probe straightly on uncoated sample repeatedly Afterward, press ZERO key. Press the probe on the above 「Zero Plate」 when the message is indicated on display (about 10 second).

Л

The buzzer beeps.



Remove the probe from 「Zero plate」

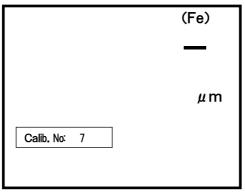
 \bigcap

Press ZERO key.

The buzzer beeps.

Л

- Repeat measuring processes, 2~10 times by pressing the probe to ΓZero plate J. (A measurement value is displayed whenever a probe is pressed)
- When a measuring process reaches the 10th time, the buzzer beeps and zeroing automatically finishes without pressing ZERO key.



The reading shows that \[\text{Zeroing} \] has completed and it becomes possible to take measuring and adjusting operations of this unit.

Л

• It is correct that numerical values measured by pressing the probe to the ΓZero Plate indicates ΓΟ or in the neighborhood of ΓΟ.

When the measured value results in largely off $\lceil O \rfloor \mu$ m, please try again zeroing from the beginning.

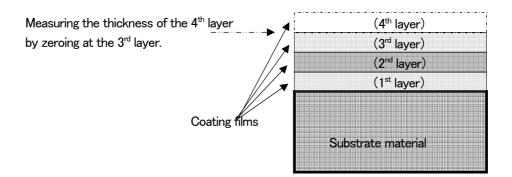
■ [LLL] indicated on display during a time of zeroing means that the calibration point heavily deviates from the standard please make sure that the material is not in process of being built with others and repeat the zeroing in 2~4 times until a stable 「0」 is obtained.



Caution

The message of 「ZERO Cal.」 described on the previous page is indicated on display for about 10 seconds. Without pressing the probe to the 「Zero Plate」during the period of the reading on display, it automatically returns to the beginning. Try again zeroing procedures from the beginning if necessary.

(5) Zeroing in special cases(Multi-layers)



- ©In case of being painted as shown with multi-layers on the substrate there may be needs to measure thicknesses of each layer. For example, measuring only the thickness of the 4th layer please zero as an assumed ZERO at the surface of the 3rd layer stacked on the substrate.
- ©When zeroing again on the substrate after having finished the above measurements and if the combined thickness of 3 coating layers from 1st to 3rd exceeds 50 μ m, please zero the meter on the following procedures. If the thickness of 3 combined layers is bellow 50 μ m, take the same procedure as usual zeroing to release.
 - Prepare the identical material quality, plate size to a measuring object. (This is a designated as a Zero Plate)

Press ZERO key.

The buzzer emits a beeping sound.



[ZERO Cal.]

Press the probe straightly on uncoated sample repeatedly Afterward, press ZERO key. Press the probe on the above 「Zero Plate」 while the message is indicated on display.

Д

The buzzer beeps, beeps, beeps.

 \prod

ZERO position is OFFSET.

To continue ZERO adjustment, press ZERO key twice successively.



Press ZERO key. The buzzer beeps.



Press ZERO key. The buzzer beeps.



-- ①

Press ZERO

key twice while this message

on the reading



Caution

This message is indicated on display for about 10 seconds. If no ZERO key is pressed when the reading is on display, \[\subseteq \text{Zeroing} \] is automatically interrupted and returns to the beginning of the process Try again zeroing from the beginning if necessary.

[ZERO Cal.]

Press the probe straightly on uncoated sample repeatedly Afterward, press ZERO key.

Press the probe to [Zero Plate] when on the reading for 10 seconds.



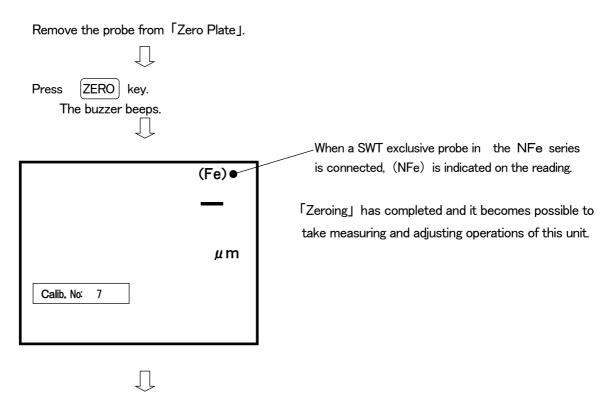
The buzzer beeps.

(ZERO Cal. (Fe) μm Calib. No:

The reading shows that it is process of zeroing adjustments

Measured numerical value

- Repeat measuring processes, 2~10 times by pressing the probe to \(\sum_{\text{Zero plate}} \].
- (A measurement value is displayed whenever a probe is pressed)
- ◆ When a measuring process reaches the 10th time, the buzzer beeps and zeroing automatically finishes without pressing ZERO key.



- It is correct that numerical values measured by pressing the probe to the 「Zero Plate」 indicates 「O」 or in the neighborhood of 「O」.
 When the measured value results in largely off 「O」μ m, please try again zeroing from the beginning.
- [LLL] indicated on display during a time of zeroing means that the calibration point heavily deviates from the standard please make sure that the material is not in process of being built with others and repeat the zeroing in 2~4 times until a stable 「0」 is obtained.

Note:

The latest measured value replaces the previous one and the new value of $\lceil \mathsf{Zeroing} \rfloor$ is stored.

(6) Calibration standard (CAL)

- Prepare 「Zero Plate」 used in 「Zeroing」.
- Prepare Thickness Standard which thicknesses is thicker or as thick as a measuring film.
- Place 「Thickness Standard」 on 「Zero Plate」.
- ullet Press \triangle key or ∇ key.

The buzzer emits a beeping sound.



[Cal. w. foil]

Press the probe straightly on the foil placed on uncoated sam —ple repeatedly.

Press the probe on the Thickness Standard stacked on the Tzero Plate when this message is displayed on the reading. (for about 10 seconds)



The buzzer beeps whenever the probe is pressed.

Calibration standard.

The reading shows that it is in process of Calibration standard.

The reading shows that the unit is set to measure on the substrate material of Ferrous by connecting a probe of the 「Fe]series.



Remove the probe from Thickness standard.

 $\mu \, m$



In about 5 seconds the buzzer beeps, beeps.



■ Repeat measuring operations, 2~10 times by pressing probe to 「Thickness standard」 on the 「Zero plate」. (The measured value is indicated whenever the probe is pressed.)

Measured numerical value

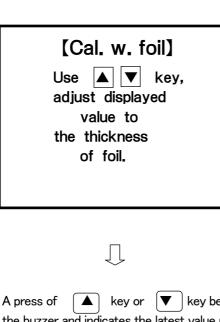
- ◆ When the measuring process reaches the 10th time, the buzzer beeps to take the next page screen.
- Wait for while (about 5 seconds) after the following procedures completed.



Calib. NO: 7

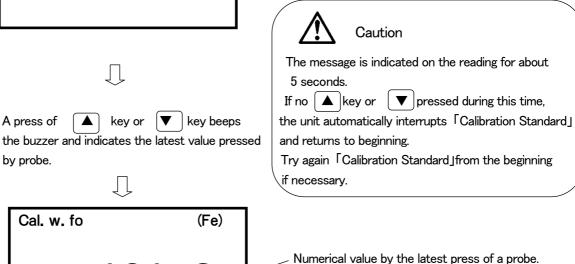
Caution

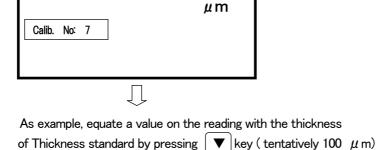
The message of 「Cal. w. foil」 is indicated on the reading for about 10 seconds. Without pressing the probe during the period of the reading, it automatically returns to the beginning. Try again Calibration standard procedures from the beginning if necessary.



When the reading message is indicated on display (about 5 seconds), press ▲ key or ▼ key to equate a thickness value with

「Thickness Standard」 value.





Cal. w. fo

(Fe)

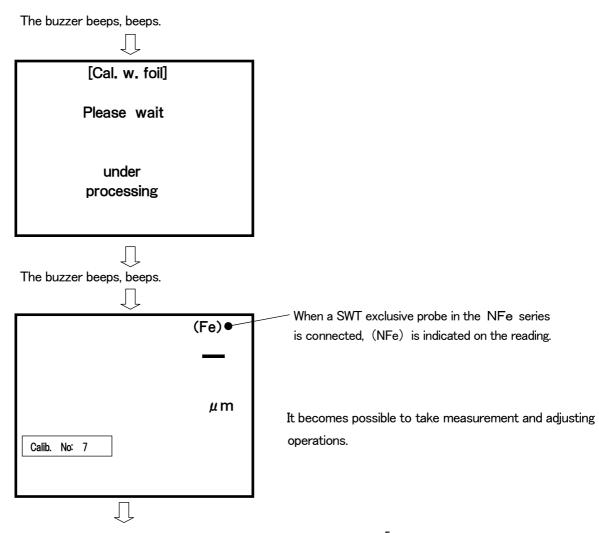
A press of ▲ key increases the displayed value.

A press of ▼ key decreases the displayed value.

Equate value with the Thickness Standard value.

 \prod

Waite for about 5 seconds after the numerical value equated with the Thickness Standard.



- It is correct that numerical values measured by pressing the probe to the 「Thickness Standard」 on the 「Zero Plate」 indicates the neighborhood of 「Thickness standard」.
- When the measured value results in largely off the thickness of Thickness Standard please try again calibration standard from the beginning.

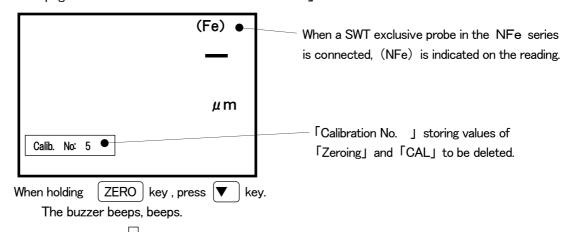
Note:

The latest measured value replaces the previous one and the new value of 「Calibration standard」 is stored.

(7) How to delete calibration

Take the following procedures to delete calibration when the reading on the screen is locked or after batteries replaced or when it becomes impossible to process \[\textstyle \textstyle

● Select 「Calibration NO. 」 storing 「Zeroing value」 and 「Calibration standard value」 to be deleted. Refer to page 14 on how to select 「Calibration No: 」.



ERASE?

(ZREO cal.)
&
(Cal. w. foil)

The buzzer beeps, beeps.



ERASE

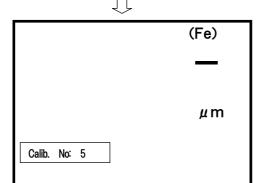
(Cal. data)

When this message is indicated on the reading, press wey. (for about 5 seconds)



Caution

This message is indicated for about 5 seconds. If no we key is pressed during the time of 5 seconds, the unit interrupts deleting and returns to the beginning. Try again from the beginning if deleting is necessary.



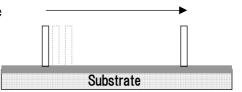
It becomes possible to take measurements and adjustments procedures of this unit.

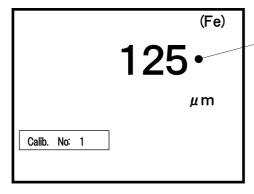
After deleting, take \(\sum_{\text{Zeroing}} \), \(\sum_{\text{Calibration}} \)
standard \(\sum_{\text{procedures}} \) procedures proceeding to measuring.

Function switching

(1) Switching to Non-Interrupt Measurement Mode

Switch to non-interrupt measurement mode when it is necessary to slide a probe along the measuring surface of a substrate as illustrated on the right figure for continuous measurements of films.





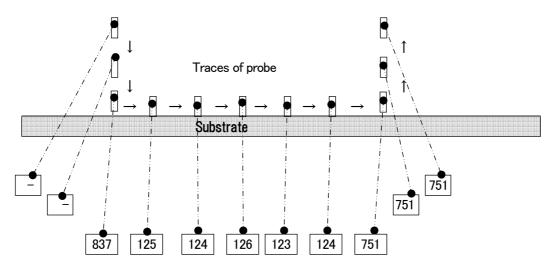
A measuring value is indicated and stored each time a probe is pressed in a normal state.

Hold ZERO key and press ▲ key

The buzzer beeps, beeps.



This unit has turned into Inon-interrupt measurement mode J. Measurements can be made about in 0.5 seconds intervals and the data is indicated with a beeping sound.



Measuring values on display (indicated successively each 0.5 seconds interval)

* The non-interrupt function is stored when switching Power to OFF, and can be maintained until re-activating to switch to ON.



Caution

Note that this measuring method may damage the measuring surface or the probe tip due to sliding frictions. Please try fewer to take this method to minimize the frictions.

《Returning to the beginning》

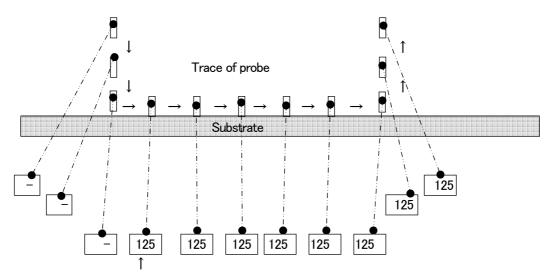
To return Inon-interrupt measurement mode I to the beginning take the same procedures as at the initial setting.

Hold ZERO key and press key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps.



「non-interrupt measurement mode」 has been released and returned to the beginning.



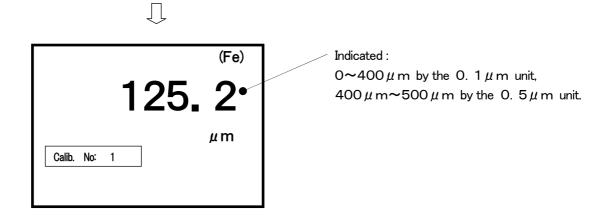
Measured values are stored until a next measurement is taken.

(2) Switching to Resolution

To inspect precisely a thickness up to $500\,\mu$ m it is possible to take solution measurements by switching to a 0. $1\,\mu$ m $(0\sim400\,\mu$ m) unit, to a 0. $5\,\mu$ m $(400\sim500\,\mu$ m) unit. In this case it changes resolution units by taking the following procedures.

- Switch Power to Off.
- Hold LOCK key and press ON/OFF key until the buzzer beeps in the following.

The buzzer beeps, beeps.

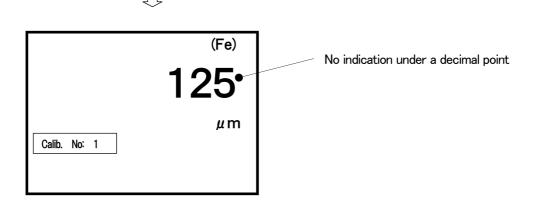


《Returning to the beginning》

To return $\lceil 0.1 \mu \text{ m} \rfloor$ display resolution to the beginning take the same procedures as the above.

- Switch power to OFF.
- Hold LOCK key and press ON/OFF key until the buzzer beeps in the following.

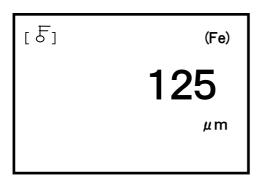
The buzzer beeps, beeps.



(3) Switching to Key Lock Mode

This is to prevent this unit from making errors by inadvertently fingering a key in taking measures.

Press LOCK key when Power is On.
 The buzzer beeps.



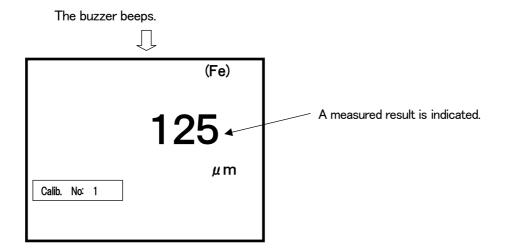
Any presses of keys except ON/OFF key locks the operation to be non-operational to avoid errors.

《Releasing lock》

- Press ON/OFF key and switch Power off.
- Press ON/OFF key and switch Power on.
 The lock has been released and all keys can be activated.

Measuring

According to explanations on page 11 hold a probe and quickly press it to a measuring object.



Each time a probe is pressed to an object the buzzer beeps and the measuring result is indicated.

《Auto-Power-OFF》

Power will automatically be switched off 3 minutes after the last entry to save batteries.

The buzzer beeps.



POWER

OFF

Terminating phase

The message lasts for about 5 seconds.



The buzzer beeps.

This unit switches Power off.

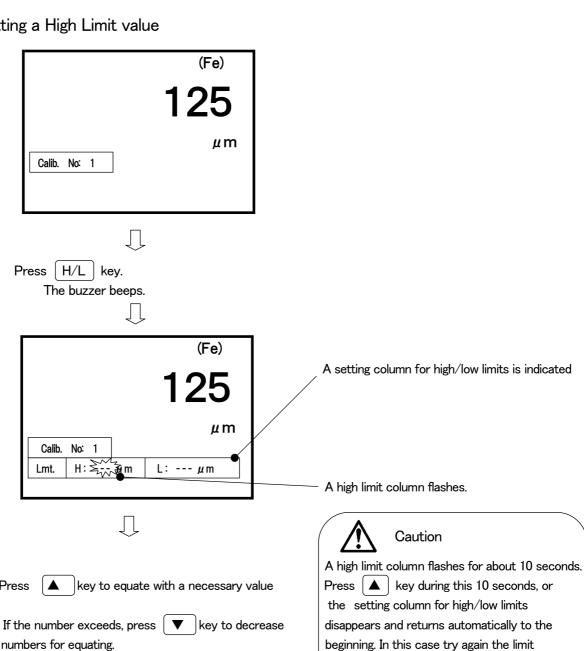
SWT-7200 equips AC-adaptor as one of accessories. And Auto-Power-Off functions also works with AC-adaptor connected.

Setting high/low limits value

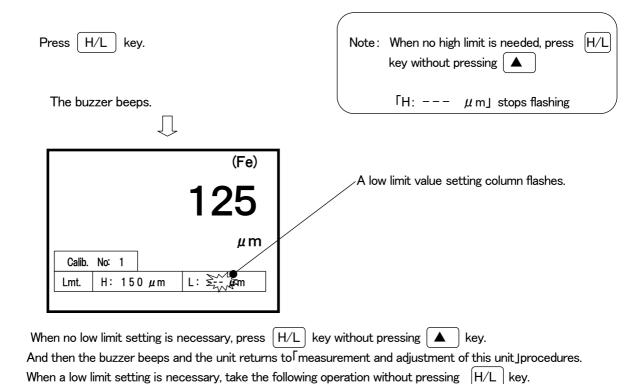
To judge quickly if the coated film thickness of a product stays within a range of thicknesses corresponding to management standards and controls, it is necessary to set high/low limits beforehand and if the numerical value on display exceeds the limits, the number flashes and emits a warning sound.

Note: A CalibrationNo. J corresponds to a set of both limits values for setting

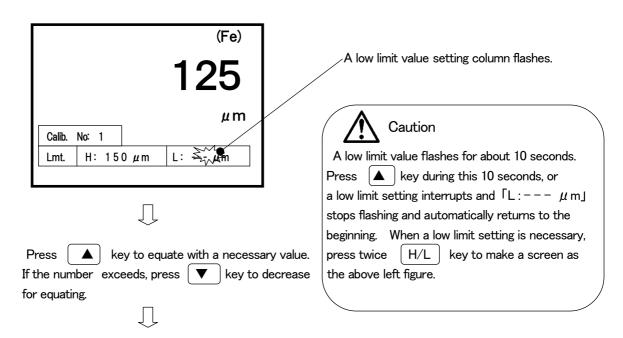
(1) Setting a High Limit value

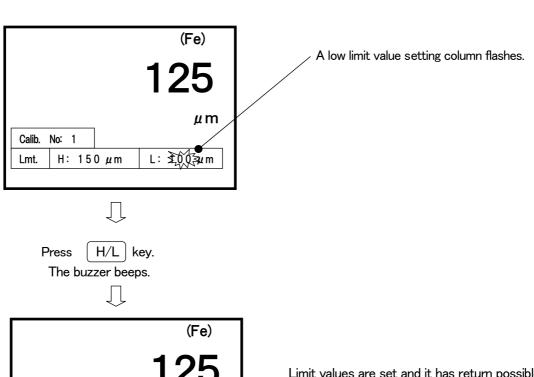


setting from the beginning



(2) Setting a Low Limit value (following a high limit value)





 $\mu \, m$

L: 100 µm

Calib. No: 1

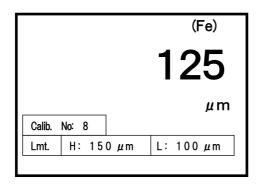
H: 150 μm

Lmt.

Limit values are set and it has return possible to measure and adjust this unit.

(3) Deleting a set limit value.

Select a 「Calibration No: 」 storing limit values to be deleted. Refer to (How to select 「calibration No: 」) on page 14.



Hold H/L key and press DATA ERASE key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps.



ERASE?

HI & LO Limits.

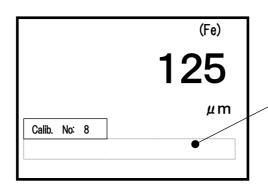
Press DATA ERASE key.
The buzzer beeps, beeps.



Caution

The message of deletion is indicated for 10 sec. Press DATA ERASE during a time of 10 sec. Or data is not erased and returns automatically to the beginning. Try again from the beginning to delete the limit value.





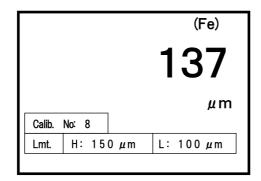
A set limited value is deleted and at the same time a displayed column of the limit value also disappears.

Measurements with High Low limit values

1) Within a range of limit values

The buzzer beeps.

Д

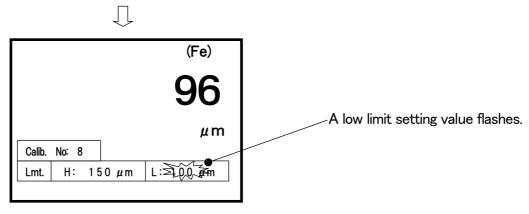


(2) When a measured value goes over a high limit value

The buzzer beeps. (Fe) 163 μ m A high limit setting value flashes. Lmt. H: \$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\pi_m \quad L: 100 \(\mu\) m

(3) When a measured value goes under a low limit value.

The buzzer beeps.



Storing measured values

SWT-7200 stores Max.10, 000 data.

Places to store are listed as below.

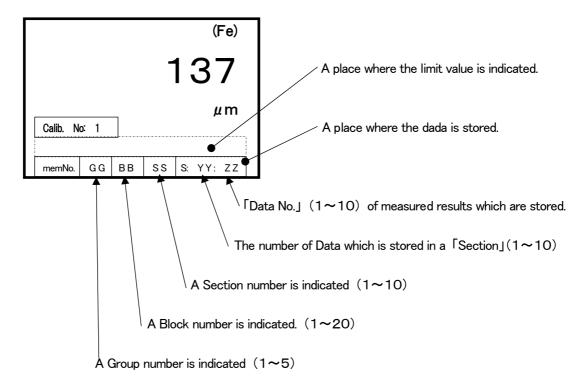
Sections: A section stores 10 data. There are numbers indicated in each 「Places to store data」

Blocks: A block contains 10 \[Sections \]. Each section has each independent number.

Groups: A group contains 20 「Blocks」. Each block has each independent number.

SWT-7200 has 5 [Groups].

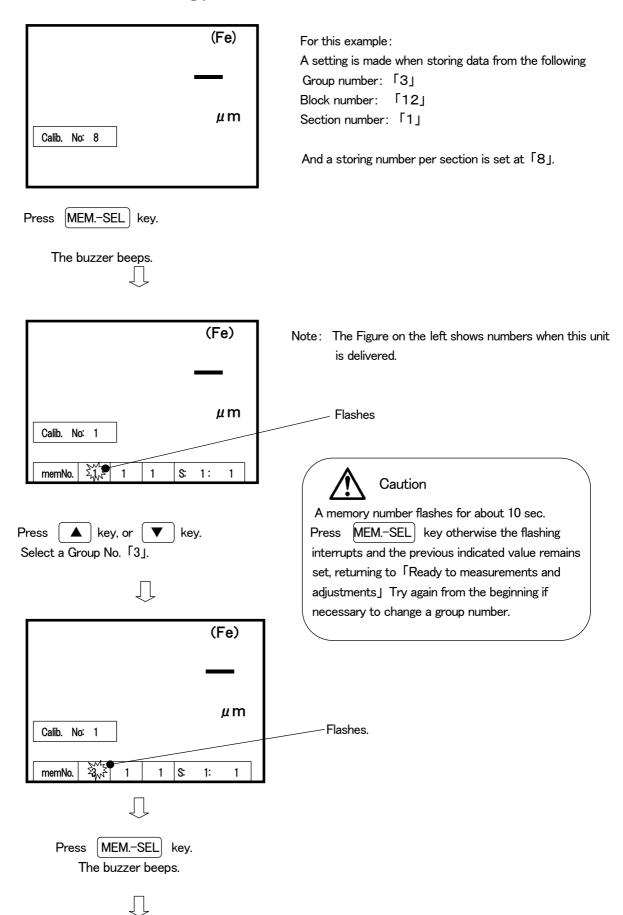
The relating indications are as follows.

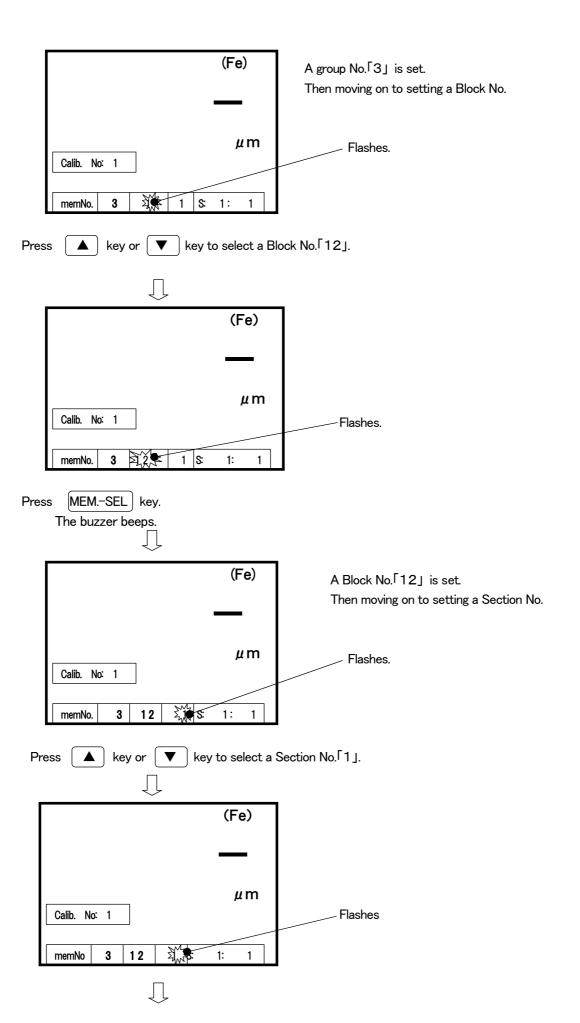


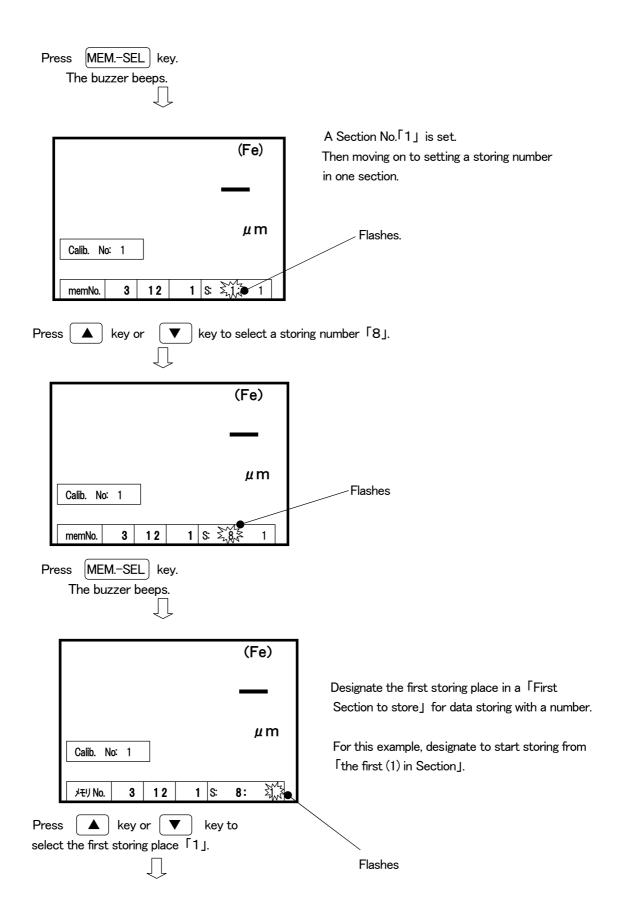
Note: the above numbers are as follow when delivered to users.

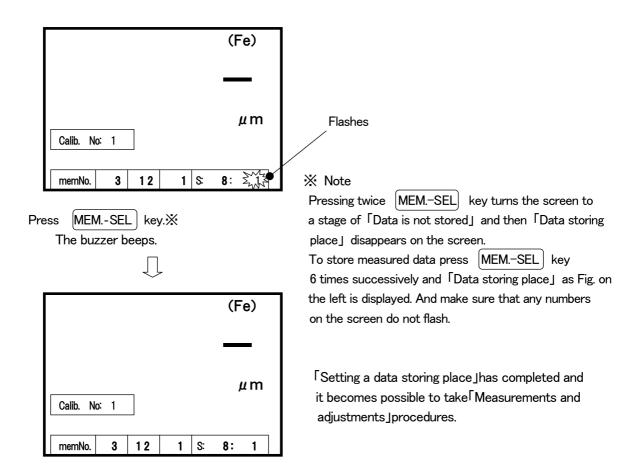
 mem No.
 1
 1
 1
 s: 10 : 1

(1) How to select a data storing place

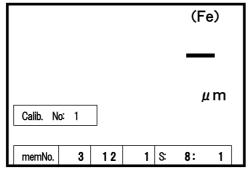




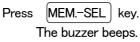


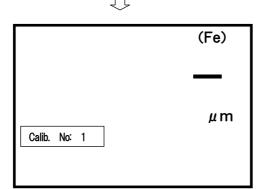


(2) How to keep data from being stored



The screen is on the stage of \[Data is stored \].

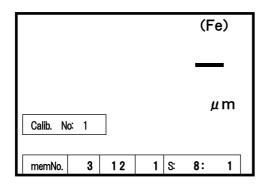




The screen turns to a stage of 「Data is not stored」.

Measurements in storing data

Prepare this unit for measuring in storing data with 「Data is stored」 on the screen.

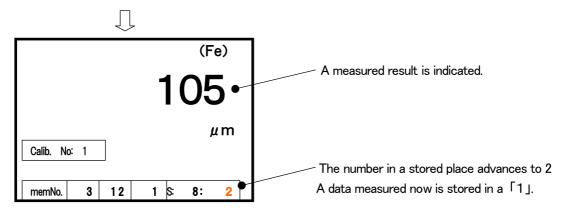


Measured data are stored in the following steps: Data are stored in order into a $\lceil Group\ No.:\ 3 \rfloor$, a $\lceil Block\ No.:\ 12\ \rfloor$, a $\lceil Section\ No.:\ 1\rfloor$ and

a「Data No.: 1」

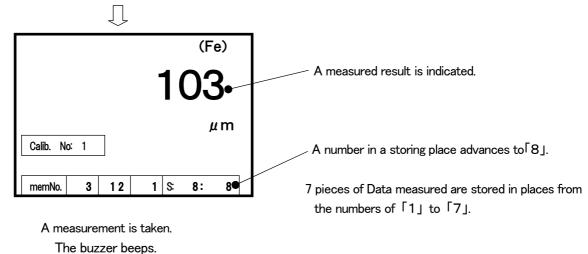
According to explanations on page 11, hold and quickly press a probe to a measuring object

The buzzer beeps.

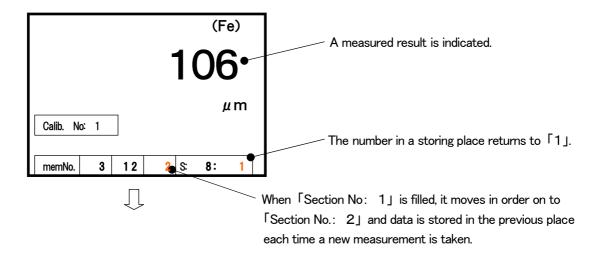


A number advances by one each time a measurement is taken.

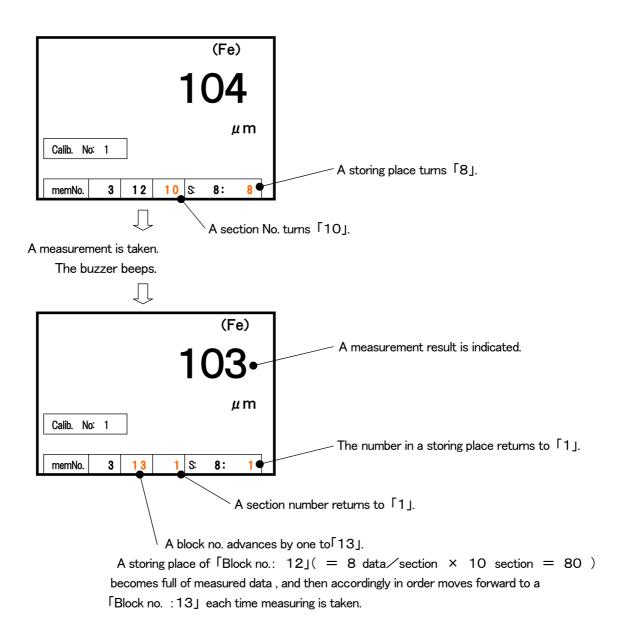
When reaching $\lceil 8 \rfloor$, indications are as follows:



Д

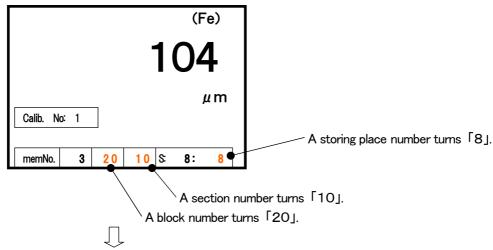


In a next case, As measurement data have been stored, they reached to a 「Section No.: 10」、a 「Data No.: 8」:



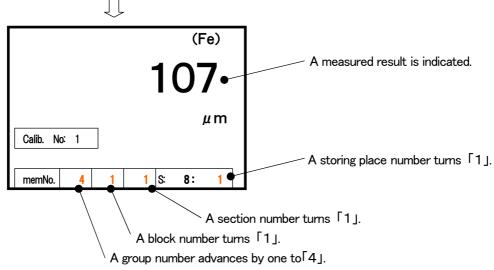
When reaching to a 「Block No.: 20」、a 「Section No.: 10」、

A 「Data No.: 8」:



A measurement is taken.

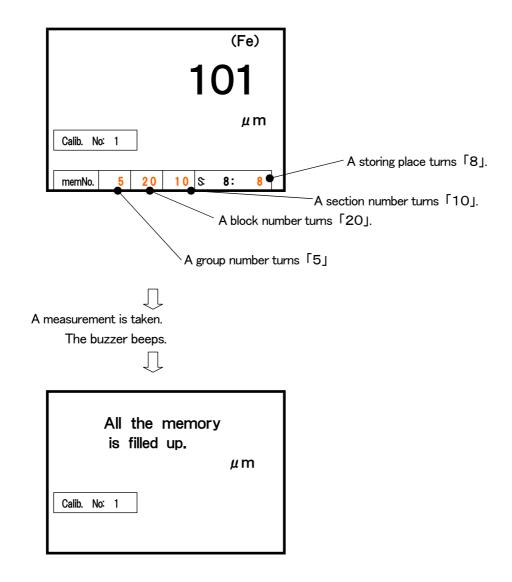
The buzzer beeps.



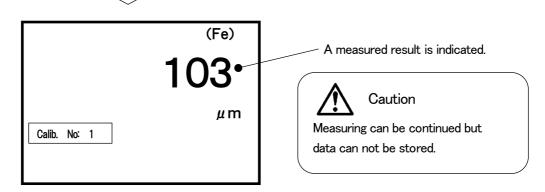
A storing place of $\lceil \text{Group No.: } 3 \rfloor$ (= 8 data/section × 10 section/block × 20 block = 1, 600) becomes full of measured data, and then accordingly in order moves forward $\lceil \text{Group No.: } 4 \rfloor$ each time a measurement is taken.

◆ When reaching to a 「Group No. : 5 」

a 「Block No.: 20」、a 「Section Number: 10」、a 「Data Number: 8」.

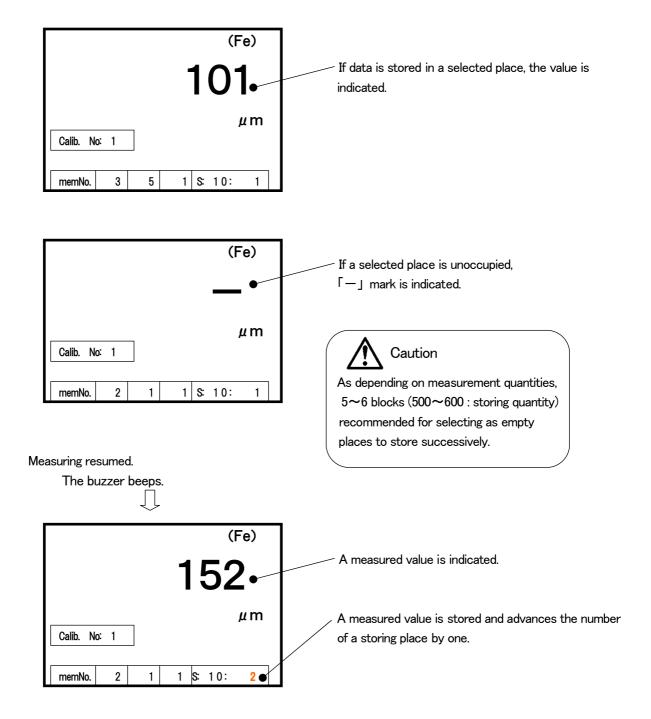


- ♦ There hereafter are 3 kinds of measurement methods.
 - (1) Continuing measurements
 - MeasuringThe buzzer beeps.



(2) Looking for an empty storing place

- Interrupt measuring.
- According to 「How to select a data storing place」 procedures on page 36 select an unoccupied place.



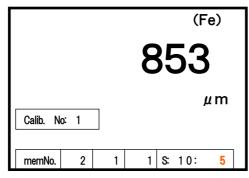
(3) Deleting an unnecessary data

- Delete an unnecessary data in a storing place and store there new data which is to be taken.
- When all stored data is unnecessary, delete all of them.
- Refer to 「Deletion of data」 on page 46 to delete.
- Resume 「Measurements in storing data」 procedures afterward.

Deletion of data

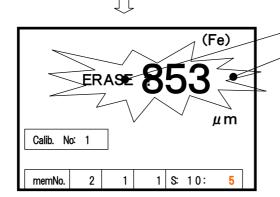
Inadvertently pressing a probe against objectives, poor and unstable press on objects make erroneous data which are stored can be deleted.

Erroneous value is indicated.



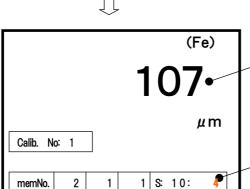
Press DATA ERASE key.

The buzzer beeps.



Press DATA ERASE key. The buzzer beeps.

memNo.



「ERASE?」 appears on the screen. The measured value flashes.



Caution

A measured value flashes for about 10 sec. Press DATA ERASE | key during a time of 10 sec. otherwise the buzzer beeps, beeps to stop flashes and returns to a Measurements and adjustments] stage.

If data deletion is necessary, try again pressing DATA ERASE | key to start.

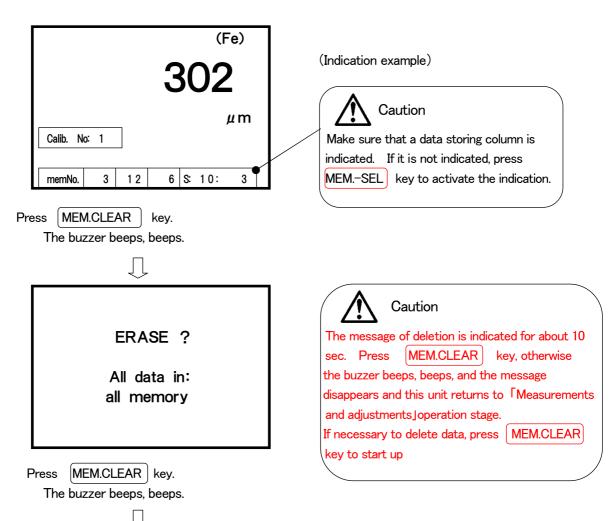
A last data (one step before) is indicated.

A storing place number returns to the last one.

Deletion of data

When data stored in a storing place are no more necessary, it is possible to delete them and store new data. (deletion of data)

(1) Deletion of <code>[all data]</code> stored



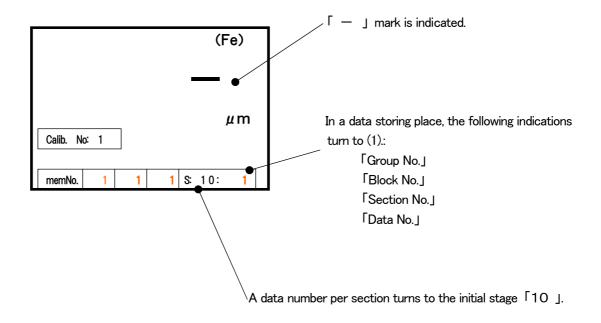
ERASE

All data in: all memory

All stored data are deleted.

The buzzer beeps.

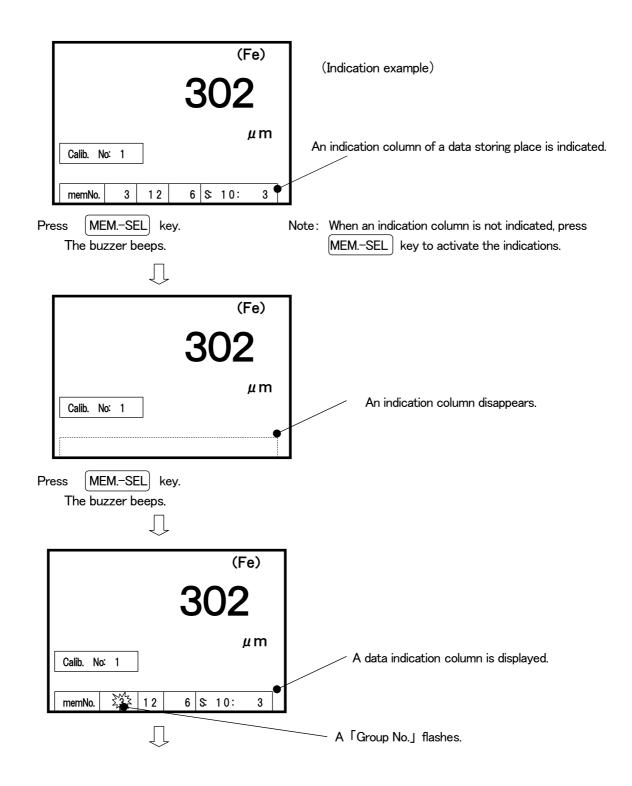
 \bigcup

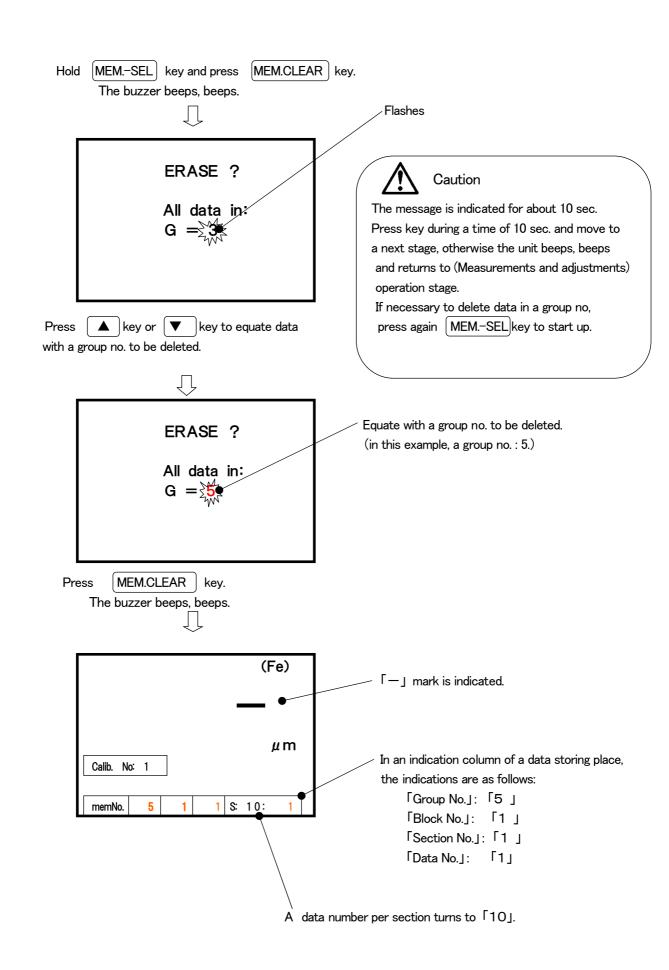


Deletion of data (group)

(2) Deletion of data stored in a Group No.

Group numbers: 1∼5

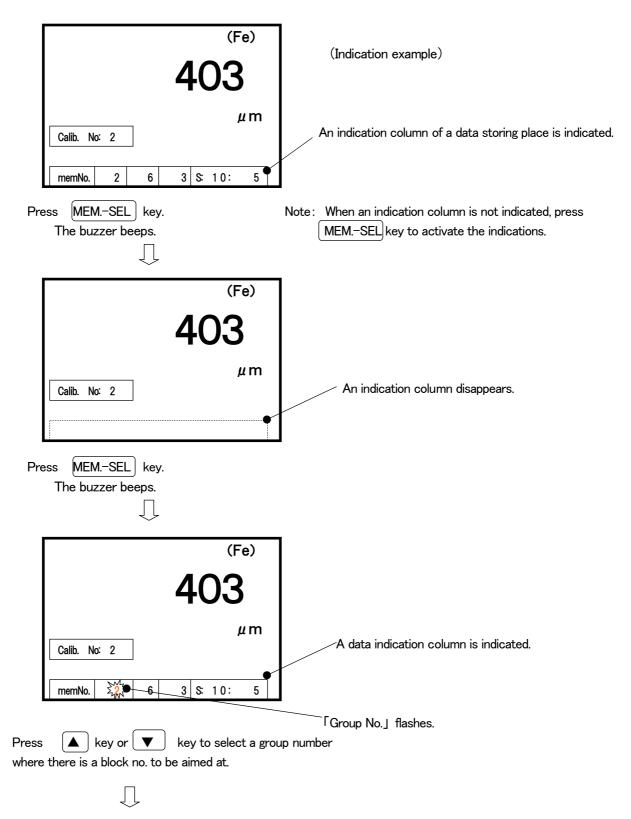


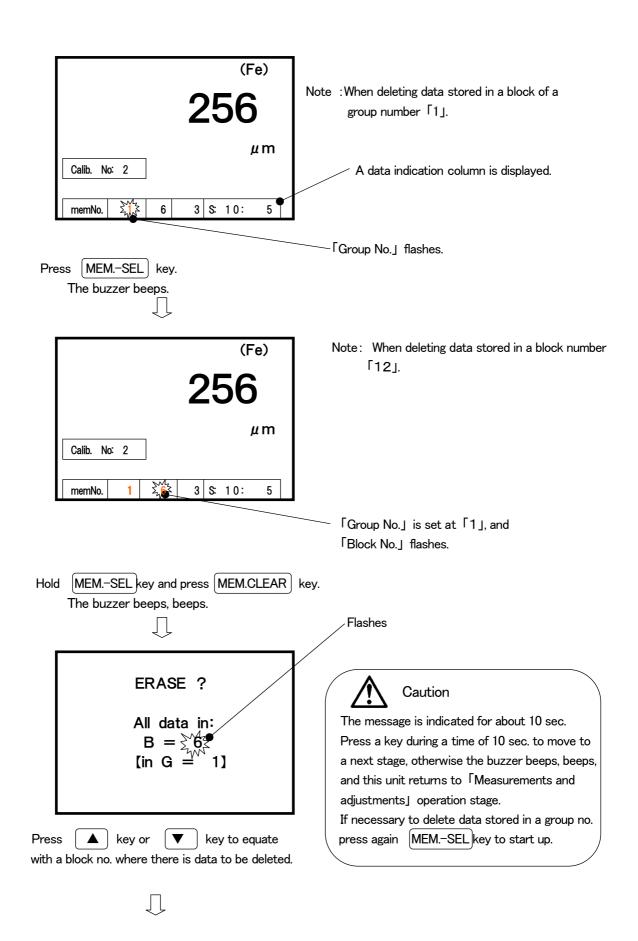


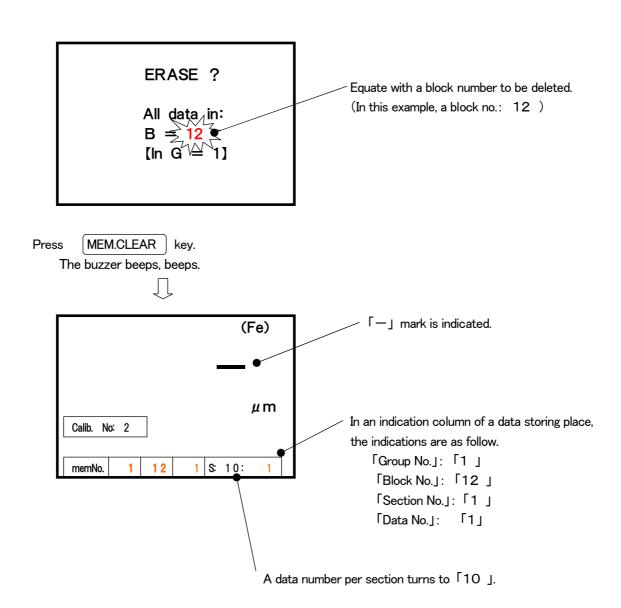
Deletion of data(block)

(3) Deletion of data stored in a [Block No.] in a group.

Block numbers: 1~20



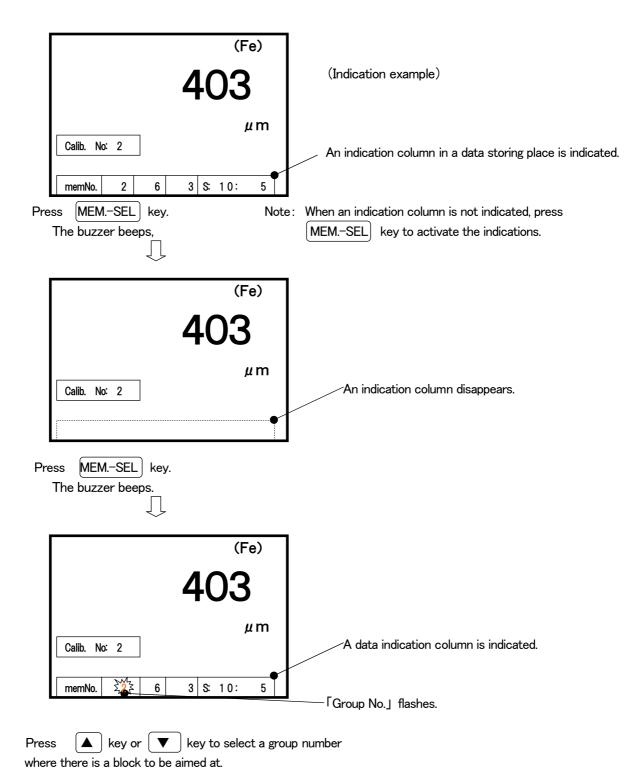


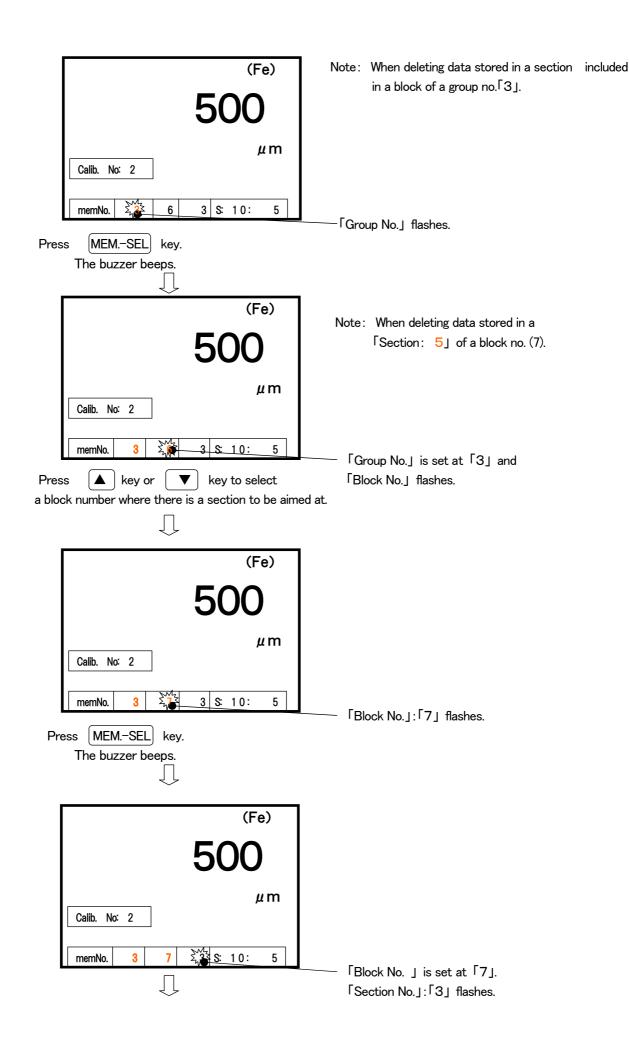


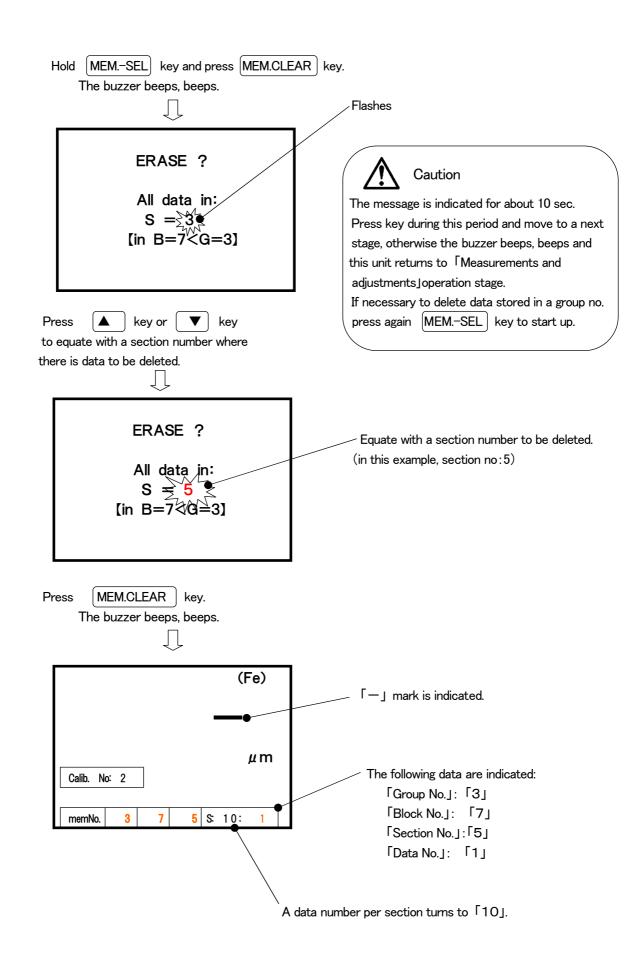
Deletion of data (section)

(4) Deletion of data stored in a [Section No] in a block in a group.

Section numbers: 1~10

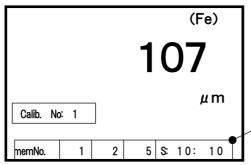






Statistics

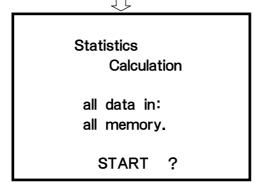
(1) Statistics of [all data] stored (statistical calculation value of data is indicated)



Information in a storing place is indicated.

Press STATIS-TICS key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps.



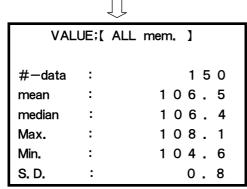


The message is indicated for bout 10 sec. Press STATIS-TICS key (the 2nd time), otherwise the buzzer beeps, beeps, and this unit returns to 「Measurements and adjustments」 operation stage.

If necessary to take statistical calculations, try again pressing $\begin{tabular}{c} STATIS-TICS \end{tabular}$ key to start up.

Press STATIS-TICS key.

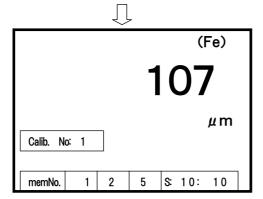
The buzzer beeps, beeps (under process of calculations).



Press STATIS-TICS key.

The buzzer beeps.

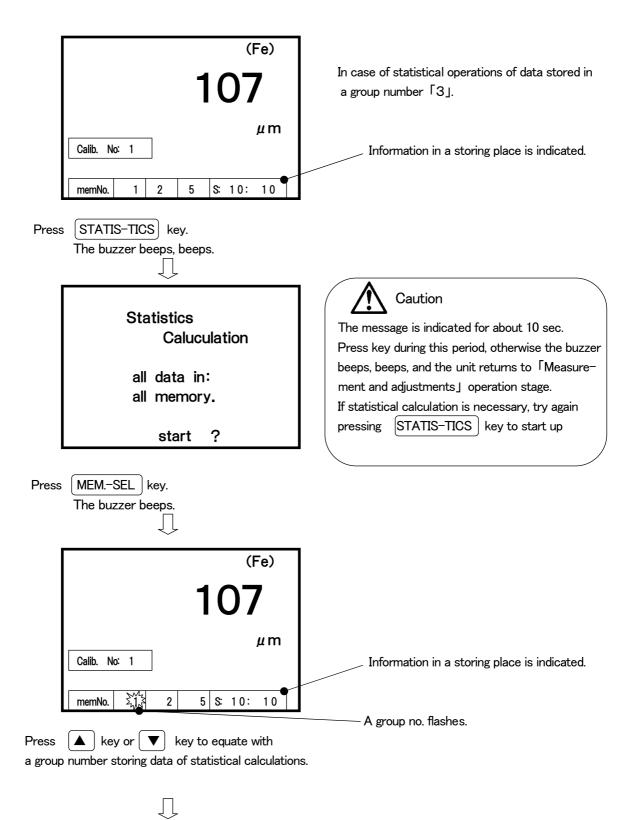
Note: Keeping STATIS-TICS key from being pressed and left alone, this stage remains unchanged until 「Auto Power Off」 switches Power off.

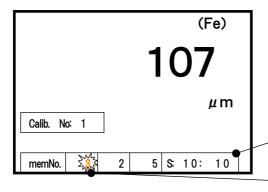


Returning to a stage before statistical calculations

(2) Statistics of data stored in [Group No.].

Group numbers : 1∼5





In case of statistical operations of data stored in a group number [3]

Information in a storing place is indicated.

Equate with a group no. [3].

Press

STATIS-TICS key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps.



Statistics

Calculation

all data in; G = 3

start ?



Caution

The message is indicated for about 10 sec. Press key during this period, otherwise the buzzer beeps, beeps, and the unit returns to \(\bar{Measure} - \) ment and adjustments J operation stage. If statistical calculations are necessary, try again

pressing STATIS-TICS | key to start up.

STATIS-TICS key. Press

The buzzer beeps, beeps , beeps (under process of calculations)

0.8



VALUE;[G = 3]

#-data 150 106.5 mean median 106.4 Max. 108.1 Min. 104.6

Note: Keeping STATIS-TICS key from being pressed and left alone, the stage remains unchanged until 「Auto Power Off」 switches Power off.

Press STATIS-TICS

S.D.

The buzzer beeps.

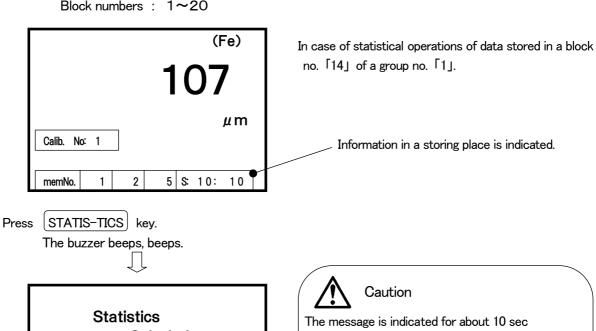


(Fe) $\mu \, \mathrm{m}$ Calib. No: 1 memNo. 5 S: 10: 10

Returning to the stage before statistical calculations.

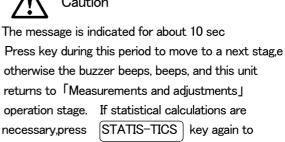
(3) Statistics of data stored in a 『Block No.』 of a group

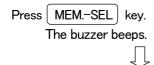
Block numbers: 1~20

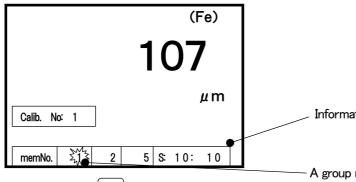


Calculation all data in; all memory

> **START** ?





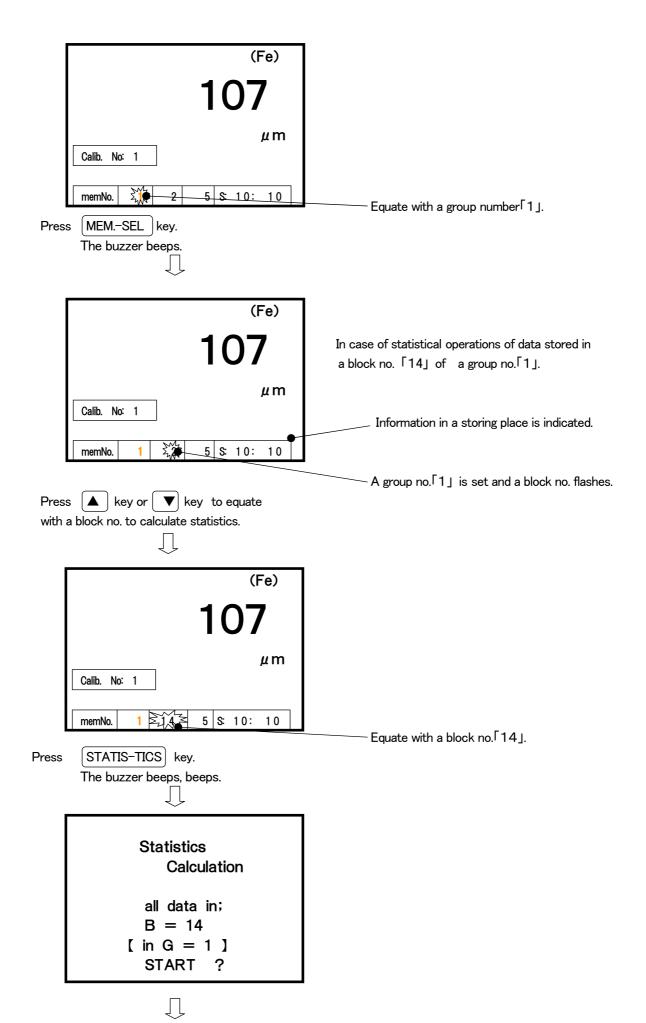


Press ▲ key or ▼ key to equate with a group no. to calculate statistics.

Information in a storing place is indicated.

A group no. flashes.

start up.



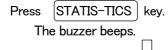
Press STATIS-TICS key.

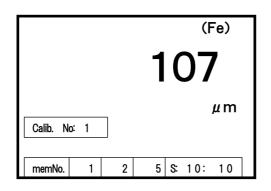
The buzzer beeps, beeps (under process of calculations)



VALUE;[B = 14]		
[in $G = 1$]		
#-data	:	5 0
Mean	:	106.2
Median	:	106.1
Max.	:	107.5
Min.	:	104.6
S. D.	:	0.7

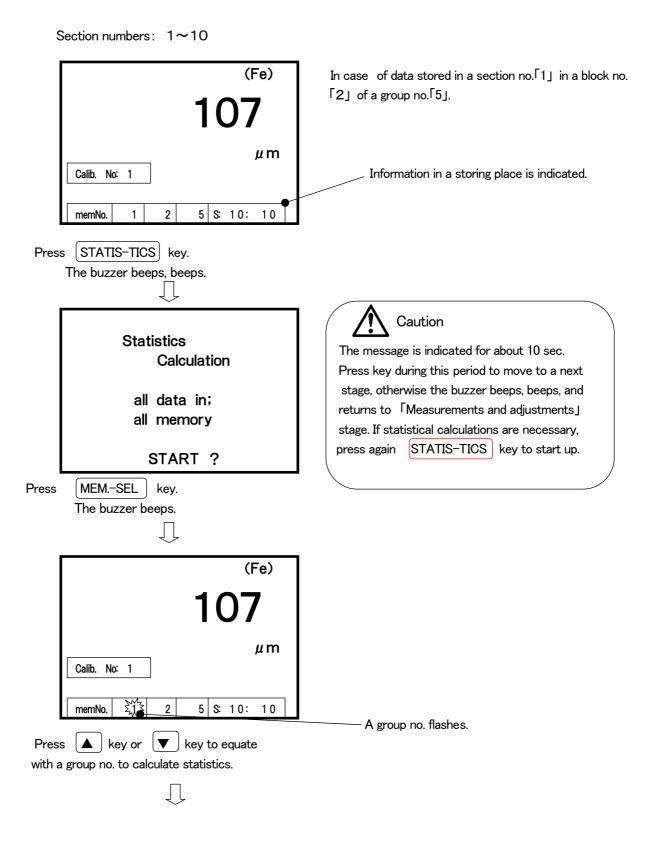
Note: Keeping STATIS-TICS key from being pressed and left alone, the stage unchanges remained until \(\Gamma \) Auto Power Off switches Power off.

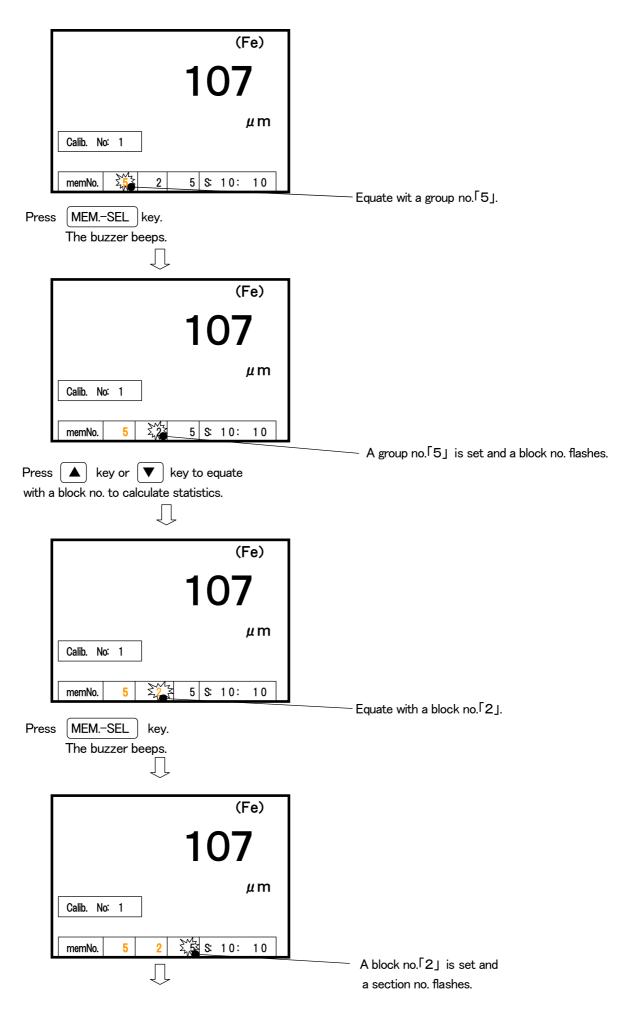


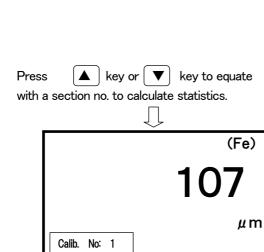


Returning to the stage before statistical calculations.

(4) Statistics of data stored in a [Section No.] in a block of a group.







Press S

memNo.

STATIS-TICS key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps.

Equate with a section no. [1]. A section no. flashes.

Statistics Calculation

10:

10

all data in; S = 1 [in B=2<G=5] START ?

Press STATIS-TICS key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps, beeps. (under process of calculations)



VALUE; [S = 1]

[in B = 2 < G = 5]

#-data : 1 0

Mean : 1 0 5 . 9

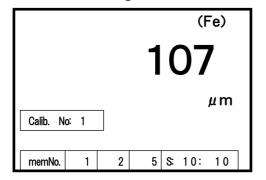
Median : 1 0 6 . 1

Max. : 1 0 6 . 8

Min. : 1 0 4 . 6

S. D. : 0 . 7

Press STATIS-TICS key.
The buzzer beeps.





Caution

The message is indicated for about 10 sec. Press key during this period to move to a next stage, otherwise the buzzer beeps, beeps and the unit returns to 「Measurements and adjustments」stage. If statistical calculations are necessary, press again STATIS-TICS key to start up.

Note : Keeping STATIS-TICS key from being pressed and left alone, the stage unchanges remained until 「Auto Power Off」 switches Power off.

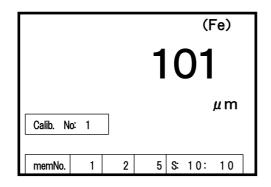
Returning to the stage before statistical calculations.

Transferring data—1 (USB)

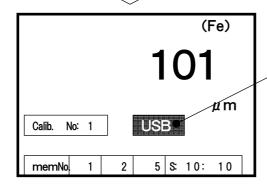
Transfer data to a PC (personal computer) by using a USB cable

Refer to separately attached information for arrangements to install a driver into a PC side.

- (1) Outright transferring measured data (real time transfer)
 - Prepare for a PC side.
 - Connect a USB cable to a PC.



Press COM.ENABLE key.
The buzzer beeps.



Press TRANS-MIT key

The buzzer beeps.

Data is sent out each time a measurement is taken.

USB cable
un-connected

Calib. No: 1 μm

5 \$: 10: 10

A reversal display USB is indicated on screen.



Caution

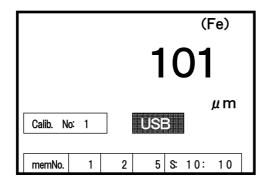
memNo.

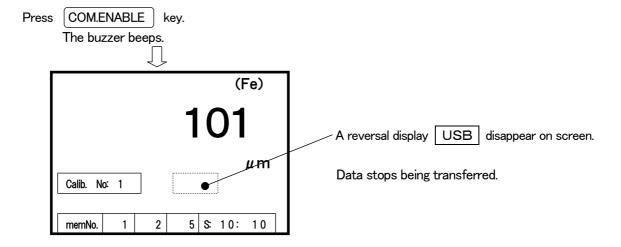
Pressing COM.ENABLE key without connecting a USB cable, a warning letter

TUSB cable un-connected as above is indicated.

Press again COM.ENABLE key and connect the USB cable.

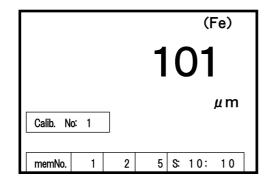
(2) Interrupt transferring data





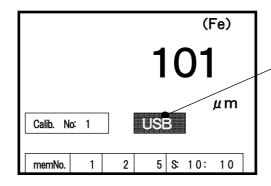
Transferring stored data—2 (USB)

- (3) Transferring stored [all data].
 - Prepare for a PC side
 - Connect a USB cable to a PC.



Press COM.ENABLE key.

The buzzer beeps.



Press MEM.-SEL key.
The buzzer beeps, beeps.

Pressing COM.ENABLE key without connecting a USB cable, a warning TUSB cable un-connected is indicated. Press again COM.ENABLE key and connect the USB cable.

is indicated on screen.

 \prod

TRANSMIT ?

all data in;

M

Note:

Caution

A reversal display USB

The message is indicated for about 10 sec.

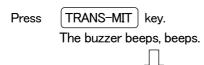
Press key during this period to move to a next stage, otherwise the buzzer beeps, beeps and returns to

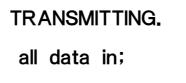
If it is necessary to send out data, press

COM.ENABLE key to display USB

to start up.

Д

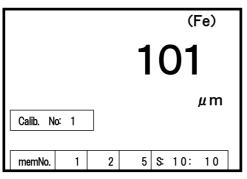




《 Transferring has completed 》

The buzzer beeps.

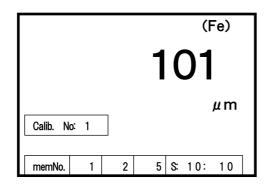




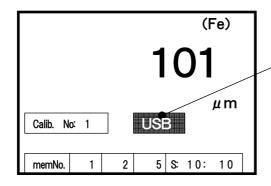
Returning to the beginning.

Transferring stored data—3 (USB)

- (4) Transferring data stored in a [Group No.].
 - Prepare for a PC side.
 - Connect a USB cable to a PC.



Press COM.ENABLE key.
The buzzer beeps.



Press MEM.-SEL key.
The buzzer beeps, beeps.

A reversal display USB is indicated on screen.

Note:

Pressing COM.ENABLE key without connecting a USB cable, a warning USB cable un-connected is indicated. Press again COM.ENABLE key and connect the USB cable.

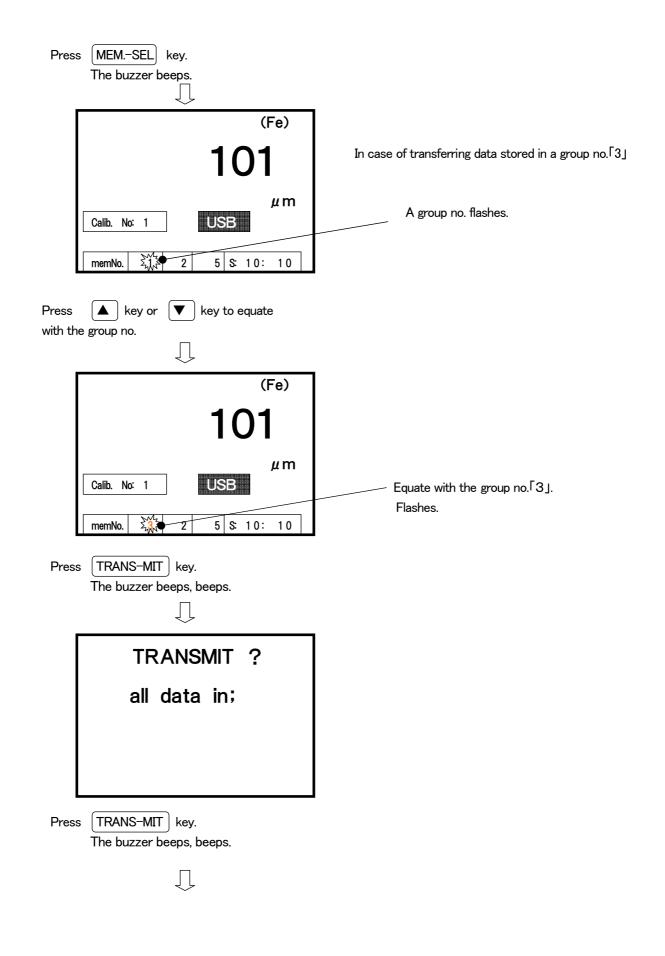
 \prod

TRANSMIT ?
all data in;



Caution

The message is indicated for about 10 sec. Press key during this period to move to a next stage, otherwise the buzzer beeps beeps, and this unit returns to 「Measurements and adjustments」 stage. If it is necessary to send out data, press again COM.ENABLE key to display USB to start up

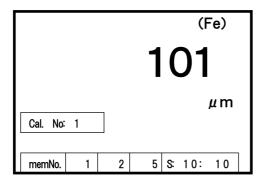




《Transferring has completed 》

The buzzer beeps.

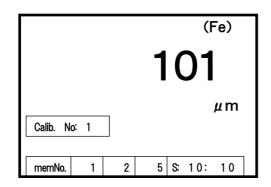




Returning to the beginning.

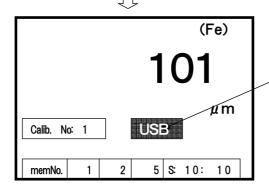
Transferring stored data —4 (USB)

- (5) Transferring data stored in a Block No. of a group
 - Prepare for a PC side.
 - Connect a USB cable to a PC.



Press COM.ENABLE key.

The buzzer beeps.



Press (MEM.-SEL) key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps.

TRANSMIT ? all data in;

Press MEM.-SEL key.
The buzzer beeps.

A

Note:

Caution

connect the USB cable.

The message is displayed for about 10 sec.

Press key during this period to move to a next stage, otherwise the buzzer beeps, beeps and this unit returns to 「Measurements and adjustments」stage.

It is necessary to send out data, press again

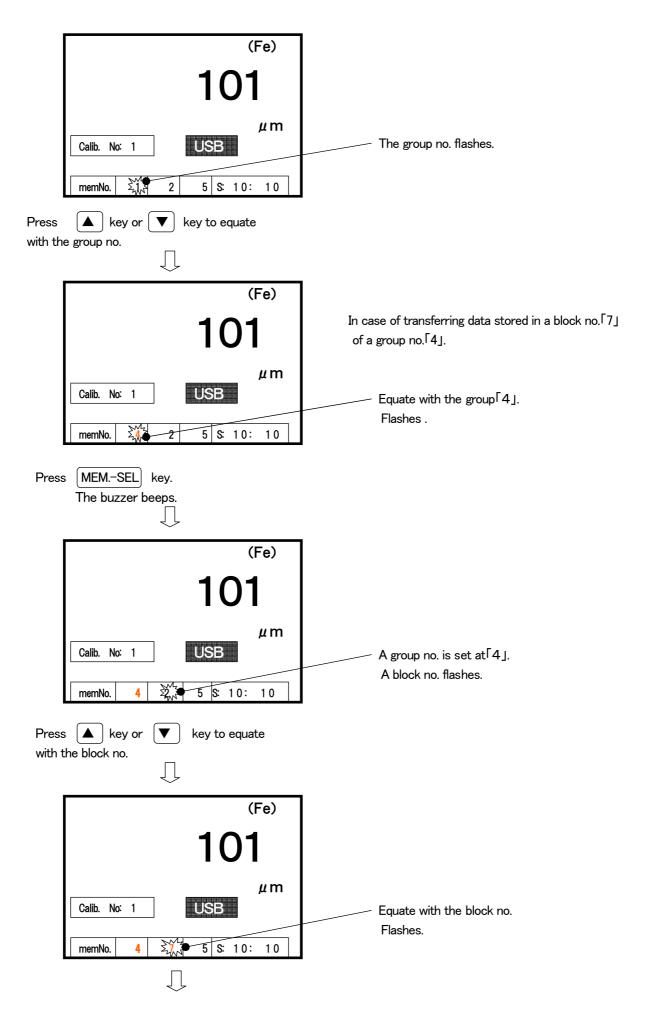
COM.ENABLE key to display USB to start up.

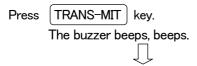
A reversal display USB is indicated on screen.

Pressing COM.ENABLE key without connecting a USB cable, a warning USB cable un-connected

is displayed. Press again COM.ENABLE key and

-72-

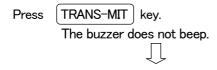




TRANSMIT ?

all data in;

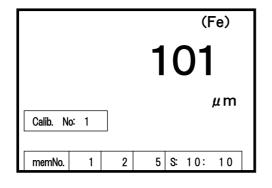
[in G = 4]



《 Transferring has completed 》

The buzzer beeps.

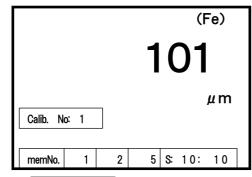




Returning to the beginning.

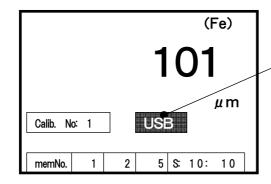
Transferring stored data—5 USB

- (6) Transferring data stored in a [Section No.] in a block of a group.
 - Prepare for a PC side.
 - Connect a USB cable to a PC.



Press COM.ENABLE key.

The buzzer beeps.

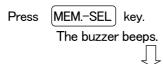


Press MEM.-SEL key.
The buzzer beeps, beeps.

Л

TRANSMIT ?

all data in;



A reversal display USB is indicated on screen

Note:

Pressing COM.ENABLE | key without connecting a USB cable, a warning TUSB cable un-connected | is displayed. Press again COM.ENABLE | key and connect a USB cable.



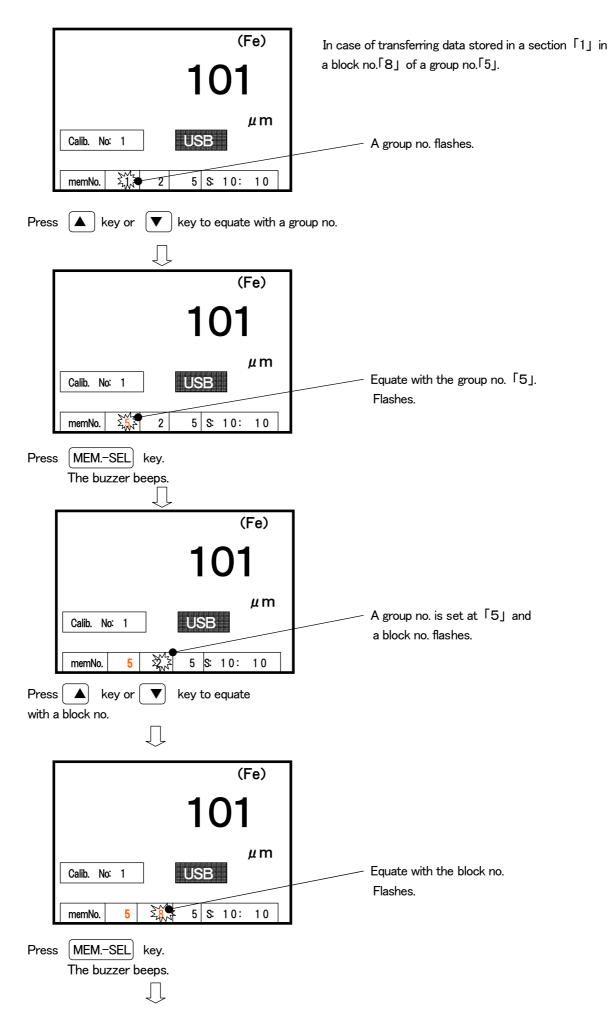
Caution

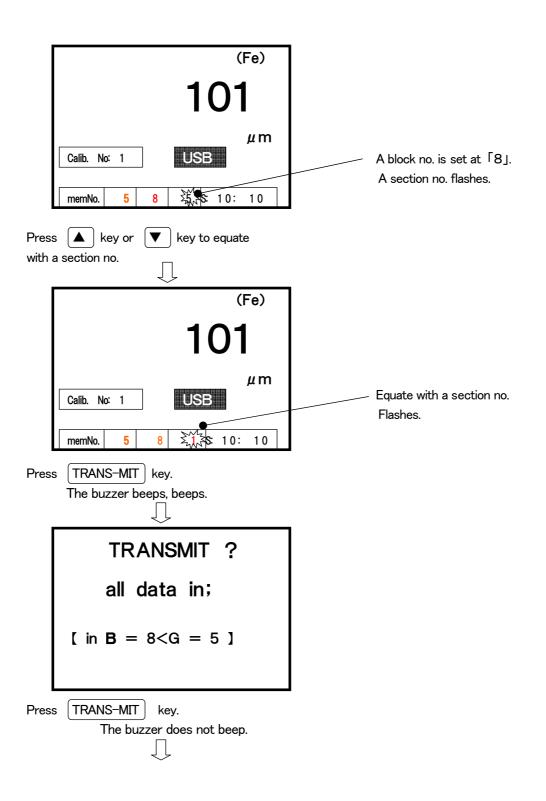
The message is displayed for about 10 sec.

Press key during this period to move to a next stage, otherwise the buzzer beeps, beeps and this unit returns to 「Measurements and adjustments」stage.

If it is necessary to send out data, press again

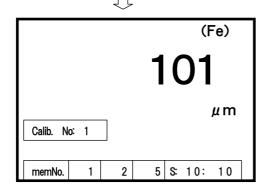
COM.ENABLE key to display USB to start up.







The buzzer beeps.



Returning to the beginning.

Note to improve measuring accuracy

1 Zero plate

Prepare the same material, thick and sized plate as the measuring object for zeroing and calibration standard (CAL). Different materials may not bring about correct measuring results.

Select a substrate to meet actually measuring objects.

2 Thickness standard (plates)

Take a calibration standard measurement using a Thickness standard which is thicker or as thick as the measuring films.

* Use of a calibration standard with a deviate thickness may cause errors. Replace worn–out or bent plates with new ones. In case non–accessorized plates are necessary (over 15 μ m), contact a local sales office.

3 Quality of films to be measured

Metal contained films can not correctly be measured. In case of measuring elastic films, place a standard plate of $30\sim50~\mu$ m thick on the object and subtract the thickness from the measuring value to avoid errors to be caused by elastic dents.

4 Measurements of edges or angles

Electric fields in the neighborhood of the edges/the angles of a measuring object become uneven.

 $15\sim20$ mm closer part to the center of the object shall generally be measured.

Pay attention to protruded part, curved part or unexpectedly deformed part.

(5) Measurements of rough faces

Roughness of a substrate, a measuring face affects measuring results.

Take a mean value by measuring several places at a time.

6 Measurements of stretched part on faces

In some case stretched, rolled part occurred on a substrate, which may cause measuring errors.

Take a mean value by measuring several places at a time.

(7) Temperature

Operating temperature range is $0\sim40\,^{\circ}$ C. Especially difference between a main unit and a probe causes measuring errors.

8 Residual magnetism, stray magnetic fields

Pay attention to transportation method of electromagnets, residual magnetism on substrates or arc welding, those of which emit strong magnetic fields to cause measuring errors.

Trouble Shooting

Before contacting us please check with the following points.

Points to check	Measures to be taken	
Are batteries worn out?	Replace them with new ones (2 ea.)	
Something wrong inside a meter	Contact us for repair	
Batteries is shorting.	They can be used for a while. Prepare for new batteries.	
Batteries have worn out.	Replace them with new one	
Out of batteries	Replace new batteries	
Started pressing probe to object soon after switching on.	Hold probe in air, keeping it away off objects, metals during a time of the message on screen.	
Press ON/OFF key without connecting probe	Press ON/OFF key after being sure of connecting probe.	
	Are batteries worn out? Something wrong inside a meter Batteries is shorting. Batteries have worn out. Out of batteries Started pressing probe to object soon after switching on. Press ON/OFF key without	

Symptoms	Points to check Measures to be taken		
TROUBLE! The probe may have trouble. Change it to the other one. 《Power OFF》	Something wrong with probe	Contact us for repairs	
No response upon key entry	「LOCK」key is pressed	Switch off, switch on again to release 「Key Lock」	
No response even after releasing Key-Lock	Something wrong with unit itself	Contact us for repairs	
Data can not be stored in memory	All spaces are occupied	Delete unnecessary data to make vacancies.	
	A Measurement mode is set at 「Non Interrupt mode」	Press 「ZERO key and 「▲」key to correct mode	
USB cable un-connected	USB cable is not connected	Connect a USB cable	

Symptoms	Points to check	Measures to be taken	
Unable to transfer data with USB cable.	① connections of USB cable ② receiver side with PC	(1) install attached CD Driver correctly (2) correct setting Virtual Comport.	
Sudden interruption of transfer with USB cable	① PC side	① check PC	
	② Unless PC faulty, Something wrong with Unit	② contact us.	

Specifications

♦ Unit

Items	Applications			
Model names	Dual electromagnetic / eddy current SWT-7200			
Display method	Graphic LCD (data • message)			
Ranges	Depending on optional probes			
Calibrations (CAL)	2 points calibration type Zeroing : for substrate Calibration standard: for substrate and standard thicknesses			
Additional functions	 Key Lock Auto Power Off (3 min.) switching modes (hold/non interrupt) switching display resolutions total deletion of calibrations and values numbers of calibration setting: Max. 10 high/upper limits alarming (every each calibration) data memory: 10, 000 data Statistics process, indications USB connections 			
Keys	ON/OFF , ZERO , ▲ , ▼ , LOCK , CAL No. , H/L , STATISTICS , MEMSEL , COM.ENABLE , TRANSMIT , MEM.CLEAR , DATA ERASE , CANCEL			
Power	3V DC (AA, R6P × 2) 、(exclusive AC adaptor)			
Operating Temperature	0~40°C (Non-condensing)			
Accessories	Dry battery, carrying case AC adaptor, USB cable, USB driver (CD)			
Optional	For ferrous substrate probe (Fe) 、for nonferrous substrate probe (NFe)			
Dimensions	72(W) × 30(H) × 156(D)mm			
weight	200g			

Sept., 2008

♦ Probes (Optional)

Models	Fe-2. 5	NFe-0. 6	NFe-2. 0
Methods	Magnetic inducing type	Eddy current type	
Ranges	0~2. 50mm	0~600 μ m	0~2. 00mm
Display resolutions	1μ m:0~999 μ m switching to 0. 1μ m:0~400 μ m, 0. 5μ m:400~500 μ m	1 μ m:0~600 μ m switching to 0. 1 μ m:0~400 μ m, 0. 5 μ m:400~500 μ m	1 μ m:0~999 μ m switching to 0. 1 μ m:0~400 μ m, 0. 5 μ m:400~500 μ m 0. 01mm:1. 00~2. 00mm
Accuracies (on flat face)	$0\sim100\mu\mathrm{m}$: $\pm1\mu\mathrm{m}$ Or $\pm2\%$ the designated value $101\mu\mathrm{m}\sim2$. $50\mathrm{mm}$: $\pm2\%$	$0\sim100\mu\mathrm{m}$: $\pm1\mu\mathrm{m}$ Or $\pm2\%$ the designated value $101\mu\mathrm{m}\sim600\mu\mathrm{m}$: $\pm2\%$	$0\sim100\mu\mathrm{m}$: $\pm1\mu\mathrm{m}$ Or $\pm2\%$ the designated value $101\mu\mathrm{m}\sim2$. $00\mathrm{mm}$: $\pm2\%$
Probes	One point contact constant pressure type, V cut ϕ 13 × 48mm Option : V type probe	One point contact constant pressure type, V cut ϕ 11 × 48mm adaptor (3 kinds: for ϕ 5 less, ϕ	1
Accessories	Standard thickness, Zero plate fro testing (Fe)	Standard thickness, Zero plate for testing (NFe)	
Measuring objects	Coating,, lining,, thermal spray film, plating (except electrolyte nickel plating), etc. on magnetic metal substrates like ferrous, steel, etc.	Insulated films, etc. on non-magnetic substrates like aluminum, copper, etc.	

Reference (Principle of measurements)

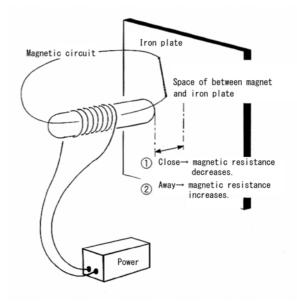
Electro-Magnetic type

When metals approach to AC- magnetic fields emitted from probe, the metal and the magnet pull each other.

It makes the pulling force stronger as they come closer. In other words, it makes the magnetic density higher as they come closer. On the contrary, it weakens the magnetic density as they move away from each other.

This symptom means that magnetism emitted from probe has Higher Transferability when they come closer, and lower Transferability when they move away from each other. These levels of transferability of the magnetism co-relate with thicknesses of films coated on substrates. By analyzing correlations of transferability/less transferability (Reluctance), and thicknesses of the films on the substrates. the correlated values can be converted to the thickness , actually by measuring the Reluctance to be processed. Because it is difficult to observe and measure magnetic volumes. it is necessary that the Reluctance volumes be converted

to electric volumes using coils and methods of the Principle of Electromagnetic Induction so that the measured values can be processed and converted to the thickness values.



Eddy Current Type

The eddy current is induced on the surface of metals when metals approach to alternating current fields emitted from probe. As the metal comes closer to the probe, the eddy current increases and the magnetic field density becomes high. On the contrary, as the metal move away from the probe, the eddy current decreases and the magnetic density becomes low: Correlations of between density of magnetic field and film thicknesses on the substrate are analyzed beforehand. It measure the thicknesses by converting to the thickness value from the magnetic density measured through the above correlations.

field, it is necessary that a coil be put in magnetic fields and converted to electric volumes for measurements using the Principle of Electromagnetic Induction so that the measured value can be processed and converted to the thickness value. Generally in the eddy

current type, it varies in measurement range on nonmagnetic substrate by dividing substrates by a high-wave transferable like Alumi and Copper and non-transferable like irons to optimize the measurement methods.

