

SANKO Coating Thickness Meter SWT-7200IV Instruction Manual



Caution

- Read the manual thoroughly and use the meter correctly.
- Keep the manual with care and refer to it when necessary.

SANKO ELECTRONIC LABORATORY CO., LTD.

Tokyo · Osaka • Sendai • Nagoya • Fukuoka • Kawasaki

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Attention for safety (to use safely and correctly)

To prevent you and your properties from damaging please take some time to read thoroughly this "Attention for Safety" and use this main unit correctly. And keep these instructions attentive to read when necessary.



Warning

- Do not dump nor wet the main unit in water, otherwise it may cause malfunctions. Please contact our distributor or sales office should submerged water into the main unit. Prohibition Do not insert metals or foreign substances into the main unit, otherwise it may cause malfunctions. Please contact our distributor or sales office should put any metals or foreign substances Prohibition in the main unit. Do not insert a screwdriver into the connector, otherwise that it may cause malfunctions. Prohibition Do not throw, smash, drop the main unit, otherwise it may cause injuries, damages, malfunctions. Prohibition Never dismantle or modify the main unit by yourself, otherwise it may cause errors reactions or damages. Prohibition Do not use AC adaptors other than an exclusive adaptor for this main unit. X And do not use volatage other than the specified voltage, otherwise it may cause damages,
- Prohibition
 - electric shocks, fires,
- Keep the terminal of AC adaptor from conductive substances or dirt, otherwise it may cause short circuits, electric shocks, ignitions and fires. Prohibition
- Do not handle the AC adaptor with wet hands, otherwise it may cause electric shocks. Prohibition
- Do not damage, brake, modify, forcefully bend or twist the cord of the AC adaptor. Or, do not load it with heavy staff or pinch it forcefully, otherwise it may cause damages, breaking wires, short circuits, Prohibition electric shocks, fires.

Attention for safety (to use safely and correctly)



Must

(!)

Must

! Never fail to remove batteries from the main unit when not in use for a long time.

Leakages occurred from deterioration of batteries may cause erroneous reactions or damages.

● Be sure to read this book on the item of 「How to fit batteries」 to replace batteries.

Store batteries in a place where pets and children are incapable of handling them.
 Please call a doctor like in a case that a battery is swallowed.

• Do not put batteries into fire or water. Store them in a cool, dry and dark place avoiding flames, high temperature and moisture.

Do not get batteries shocked and dismantled, and soldered for processing

Must

! • Do not short or recharge batteries and handle with metallic tools like pliers.

Must

Property.

Replace with specified, new batterie (watch: battery life).

Some special dry batteries (nickel batteries) may not work properly.

● Be sure of paying attention on battery polarity marks, (+, -) to place the batteries.

Must

In case a battery has leakage please clean up the place with cloths to replace batteries.
 And do not touch the leaked liquid and wash skins or clothes in case they are contaminated.

! • Comply to regulations and laws in your neighbors when disposing of them.

Must

Insert a plug of the AC adaptor to the full end.
 And do not use faulty or loose receptacles, otherwise it may cause electric shocks and fires.

! Switch to OFF and unplug the AC adaptor from the receptacle to avoid electric shocks and injuries when inspecting or cleaning the main unit.

Attention for safety (to use safely and correctly)



- Do not use Benzene or Thinner for cleaning and spray pesticides on the meter, otherwise it may cause cracks or malfunctions.
- Do not store the meter in places getting high in temperatures such as in a car in strong sunlight or near Prohibition heaters, otherwise it will be hazardous to the meter and may cause malfunctions.
- Do not step, trample down nor put anything on the meter, otherwise it may cause malfunctions

 Prohibition or injuries.
- Keep the meter away off rubber—made articles or vinyl articles. A lengthy contact between Prohibition the meter and them may cause stickiness and it may be difficult to get rid of them.

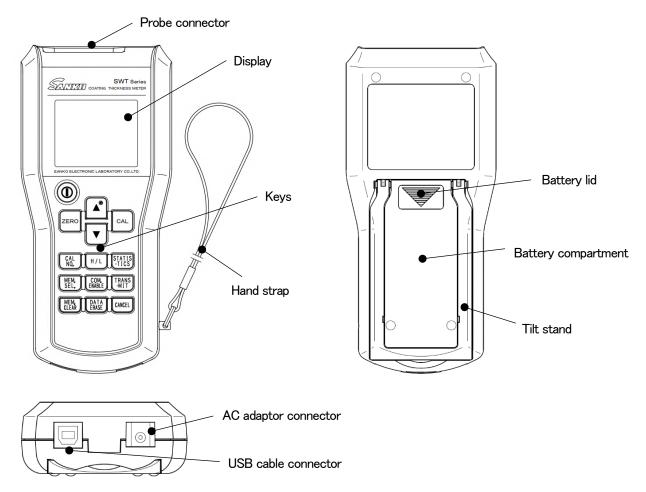
Notes

- Please read this manual thoroughly for correct operations before getting started.
- This meter is a precision gauge. Please handle with care.
- Do not tug, bend, fold or curl up forcefully the cables of probes.
- Do not knock or scratch objects with the tip of a probe.
- Keep the tip of a probe clean. A slight amount of dust may cause errors in measurements.
- Clean the meter and store it in free from dust and moisture after operation.
- To keep precision with a gauge please contact us for a periodical inspection.
- Keep the meter away off electric noises, shocks or magnetic fields when in a use, otherwise it may cause malfunctions.

Get started

- ◆ Contents in a package Please make sure if the following items sre included.
 - Main unit SWT-7200IV
 - Dry batteries LR6 (2 pieces)
 - SWT/SAMAC series CD
 - ◆ SWT-7200IV Instruction Manual (this manual)
 - ◆ USB driver
 - ◆ Instllation of USB transfer driver
 - Inspection certificate (warranty)-cum-user registration sheet
 (This warranty is valid only in Japan)
 - Hand strap cord (attach directly to main unit)
 - · Carrying case for main unit
 - AC adaptor
 - USB cable

Names of part



Probe connector

Connect an optional-exclusive SWT probe to the probe connector.

- (1) To measure a film thickness of coated, plated, lining layer on substrates made of ferrous material please use a probe of 「SFe」 series for the connection.
- (2) To measure a film thickness of coated, lining layer on substrates made of non-ferrous materials such as Aluminum, etc. please use a probe of 「SNFe」 series for the connection.
- (3) To measure a film thickness on a coated metal substrate made of either ferrous or non–ferrous please use a Dual type probe 「SFN–325」.

Display

It indicates measurement results, operation guides, or malfunction status. With a backlight.

Keys

(1) 「①」 (Power source) key

It switches ON or OFF.

(2) \[\text{ZERO_Jkey}\]

To set a ZERO point of substrate before measuring.

(3) 「▲☆ Jkey、「▼ Jkey

They area Backlight key / an adjusting key to set a neumericall value for standard adjustments.

(4) [CAL] key

This is to start up and finish the Calibration standard, and delete an abnormal value taken during adjustment process.

(activates only when 「Zeroing」, 「Calibration standard」 is processed with combination with 「▼」 key)

Power source key /operation keys activate setting of various kinds of functions in combination with other keys. (5) [CAL No.] key

It is a key to select a Calibration curves.

(6) [H/L] key

It is a key to set High/Low limit values.

(7) 「STATISTICS」 key

It is a key to process statistics of data stored in memory.

(8) [MEM. SEL.] key

It is a key to select memory area to store memory.

(9) 「COM. ENABLE」 key

It is a key to select a method for data transfe.r.

(10) TRANSMIT key

It is a key to activate transferring process of data process.

(11) [MEM. CLEAR] key

It is a key to delete data stored in memory.

(12) 「DATA ERASE」 key

It is a key to erase one of data displayed on the screen.

(13) 「CANCEL」 key

It is a key to interrupt the operation in progress and take an immediate step back to measuring process.

Hand strap

Hang the meter through a strap over your wrist never to drop it.

AC adaptor connctor

A conector to connect the exclusive AC adaptor (accessory).

USB cable connctor

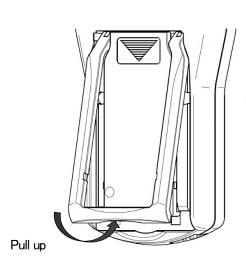
A conector to connect the USB cable for data transfer.

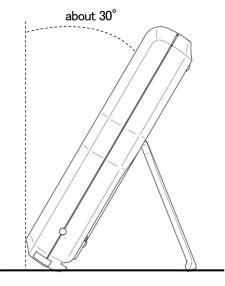
Battery compartment

It contains 2 pieces of dry battery (LR6).

Tilt stand

Set up the tilt stand to use this meter in a raised position.

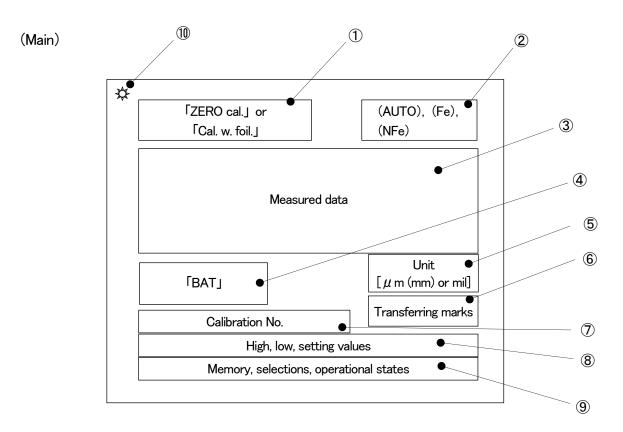




Caution

- The tilt stand does not come off. Do not remove it forcibly.
- The tilt stand cannot be used when AC adaptor or USB cable are connected.

◆ Items displayed on LCD



- ① Indicates 「ZERO cal.」 (Zeroing) or 「Cal. w. foil」 (Calibration Standard), 「2-foil's cal」 when in process. It never appears on the reading except when in process of these adjustments.
- 2 At Auto Selection mode, one of the three (AUTO), (Fe), and (NFe) is displayed.

 At Corresponding mode to substrate, is displayed when being setting for exclusively Ferrous substrate, NFe for exclusively Non-ferrous substrate.
- 3 Measured data is displayed.
- 4 BAT mark is displayed with 2 steps when battery has runn out for replacement.
- (5) Setted unit is displayed.

" μ m" display automatically switches to "mm" display when it exceeds 999 μ m.

- 6 USB mark is displayed when data is transferred by USB to PC.
- (7) Ajusted values stored in the calibration number and calibration are displayed.

Cal. No. X *] *When mark is 【Blank】,

Calibration data is not entered (as calibrated at Ex-factory).

*When mark is 【F 】

* When mark is LN

Zero adjustment value, Calibraton standard value of Non-ferrous are stored.

Zero adjustment value, Calibration standard value of Ferrous are stored.

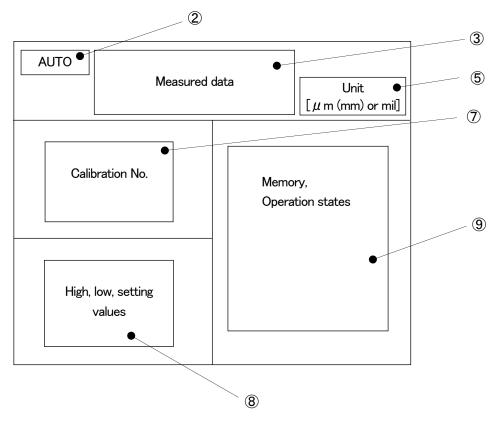
* when mark is 【F N】

Zero adjustment value, Calibration standard value of both Ferrous and Non-ferrous are storded.

- X Either case indicates Zero adjustment value or Calibration standard only as wel.
- (8) [High limit film thickness value], [Low limit film thickness value] is displayed when the High/Low limit values is set. It flashes when a reading value goes beyond a setting limited value.
- (9) It displays various items of information in memory storing measuring data.
 When measuring while storing data into memory, the number of a storing place is displayed.
- 10 Backlight: The light goes on when Backlight is set to ON.

(Sub)

When measuring and watching 「Calibration」, 「High/Low limit values」, 「Memory information ofmeasuring data」, it is possible to enlarge these items on display.



Note: 1. Each number is the same as the forementioed ones of (Main) in its explanation.

2. Items in the ② indicates AUTO, Fe, NFe, Fe , NFe in English letters.

(Switching of Display Type)

- When outgoing from the factory, the (Main screen) is set in the unit.
- Switching from (Main) to (Sub) screen.
 Press CAL No. key and H/L key together and hold them for 3 seconds or over.
 The buzzer beeps 「Beep」, 「Beep」 two times and the (Main) changes to (Sub) screen.
- Switching from (Sub) to (Main) screen.

 Press CAL No. key and H/L key together and hold them for 3 seconds or over.

 The buzzer beeps 「Beep」, 「Beep」 two times and the (Sub) changes to (Main).

How to fit batteries

- 1 Raise the tilt stand.
- ② Open the battery lid on the rear of the main unit.

 Press 「▽」 mark on the top of the lid and slide it down.
- ③ Insert batteries.
 Ensure correct battery polarity ⊕, ⊖ for placement.
- 4 Close the battery lid and put the tilt stand back.
- When changing batteries and inadvently switch ing ON, but that is not defective at all.



Caution

- Use specified and new (check battery-life) batrries or ones supplied in this package.
- An incorrect use of batteries may cause leakages, bursts. Do not intermingle new ones with different tyepss of batteries.
- Take out batteries to store when not in use for a long absence, or that may cause Leakages to breakdown.
- Keep batteries away off pets and children.
- Comply to the regulations and laws in your Local Authorities when disposing of batteries.

About reading display



When placing batteries in the main unit, the messages and warning below on the screen may be displayed. And these are not breakdowns, wait until the reading disappears with a beeping sound.

☆ When connecting or disconnecting probe please switch Power source to OFF.

START UP PHASE

Hold probe in the air. Don't touch it on any metallic object.

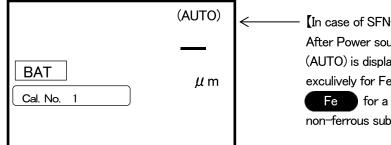


ERROR!

Connect a probe before switched on.



Batteries have run out when the display on the main unit indicates the mark BAT listed below. Replace with new batteries.



[In case of SFN-325 probe connected]

After Power source switched to ON at Auto mode,
(AUTO) is displayed on the screen and when setting
exculively for Fe substrate, or NFe substrate,

Fe for a ferrous substrate, NFe for a non-ferrous substrate is displayed.

Also, displayed (Fe) when SFe-probe is connected, and (NFe) when SNFe-probe is connected.

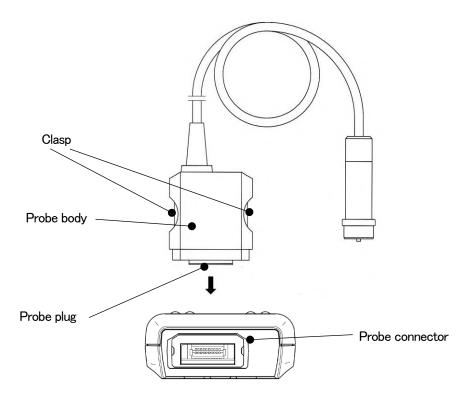
♦ How to connect, disconnect probes

- ◆ Connect an optional, exclusive SWT probe to the main unit Select one of the probes suited for your application.
 - ♦ If the substrates made of ferrous material, please use a probe of 「SFe」 series or a Dual type probe 「SFN-325」.
 - ♦ If the substrates made of non-ferrous materials such as Aluminum, please use a probe of 「SNFe」 series or a Dual type probe 「SFN-325」.

Insert a probe plug into the probe connector of the main unit.

Make sure of aligning the keyway, push the connector into place until the claps are locked.

X If the direction is reversed, it will not enter.



- Remove the exclusive probe from the main unit.
 Pull off the probe carefully by bending inward clasps at the both ends of the probe body to release the clasps.
 - X Do not pull off by force or it may cause damages.

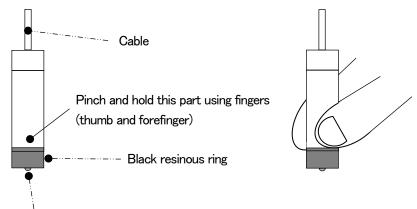


Caution

Make sure that Power switches to off when connecting or disconnecting the exclusive SWT probes.

Or else, it may cause damages to connect or disconnect while Power is on.

◆ How to hold probes



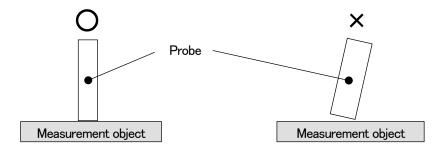
Tip to press against a measurement object

Quickly and calmly press perpendiculary against the object by grabing the probe as illustrated. It beeps and the reading screen shows the measuring result.

When it does not beep, lift it $5\sim7$ cm above the object and try again to take measurements.

◆ How to press a probe to an object

- Keep the probe 5 cm or over away off metallic objects when not in use of measuring.
- · Press the tip of the probe perpendicularly against a measurement object.
 - X Tilting may cause large errors.
- Press the probe quickly and smoothly to objects.
 - X A slow-acting press may cause large errors.





Caution

- Do not smash or hit the probe against objects, or it may cause damages to probes and to objects.
- Do not scrape, scrub objects with the probe except in a special measurement.
 Or it may break the tip of the probe and cause damages to the tip and surface of objects.

How to operate

(1) How to switch power source

Press key.

START UP PHASE

Hold probe in the air. Don't touch it on any metallic object. This message lasts for about 3 seconds.



Caution

Hold the probe in air without operation when the reading is on display. Or it may indicate 「ERROR」 and automatically switch off Power.

The buzzer beeps.

μm

Cal. No. 1

The Backlight mark is displayed when ON.

[In case of SFN-325 probe connected]
After Power source switched to ON at Auto mode,
(AUTO) is displayed on the screen and when setting
exculively for Fe substrate, or NFe substrate,

Fe for a ferrous substrate, NFe for a non-ferrous substrate is displayed.

Also, displayed (Fe) when SFe-probe is connected, and (NFe) when SNFe-probe is connected.

Note: 「Cal. No. 」 ← A number 「1」 is displayed at the firstly switched ON.

From the 2nd on, the last set entry is displayed.

And when 「High limit value」, 「Low limit value」 is set, or when memory is used, the setting values and Nos. are displayed on each colum (chained line section).

(2) How to switch off

Press key.
The buzzer beeps.





Terminating phase

The message lasts for about 2 seconds.



Caution

Never remove a probe from a main unit when Power is ON. Or the electric shocks may damage the probe and the main unit



The buzzer beeps and this main unit is switched to OFF.

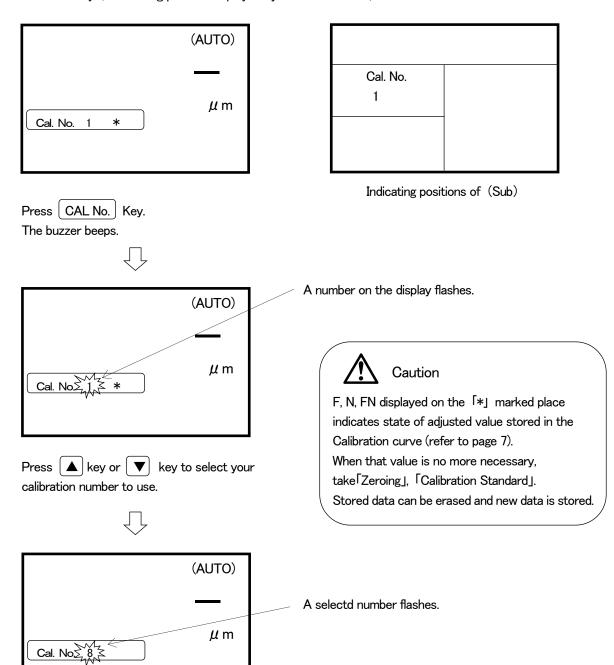
(3) How to select Cal. No. (Calibration curve)

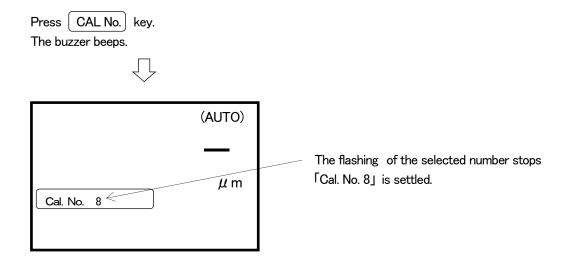
After switching ON, it is capable of getting started on measurements and adjutments when the reading Γ START UP PHASE \cdots disapeared.

※ Generally, thickness meters make errors depending on material formation and shapes to be measured. To minimize measurement errors and obtain as accurate resutls, [Zeroing] and [Calibration standard] are imeratively adujusted before measuring operation.

Those adjustment is called [Calibration curve].

SWT—7200IV is capable of storing up to 10 sets of calibration data and these data can be called and used when necessary. (the storing place is displayed by a calibration No.)





After settling Cal. No. X J, it becomes possible to take measurements and adjustments.

(4) Zeroing

After switching ON, it is capable of getting started on measurements and adjutments when the reading \[\Gamma \text{TART UP PHASE...} \] disapeared.

- Generally, the meter makes errors depending on material formation and shapes to be measured.
 To minimize measurement errors and obtain as accurate results as possible please be sure of carrying out 2 kinds of adjustments of 【Zeroing】 and 【Calibration standard】 before measuring process.
- Prepare the identical material and shape to a measuring object. (This is designated as a \(\Gamma\)Zero plate \(\text{J}.\))

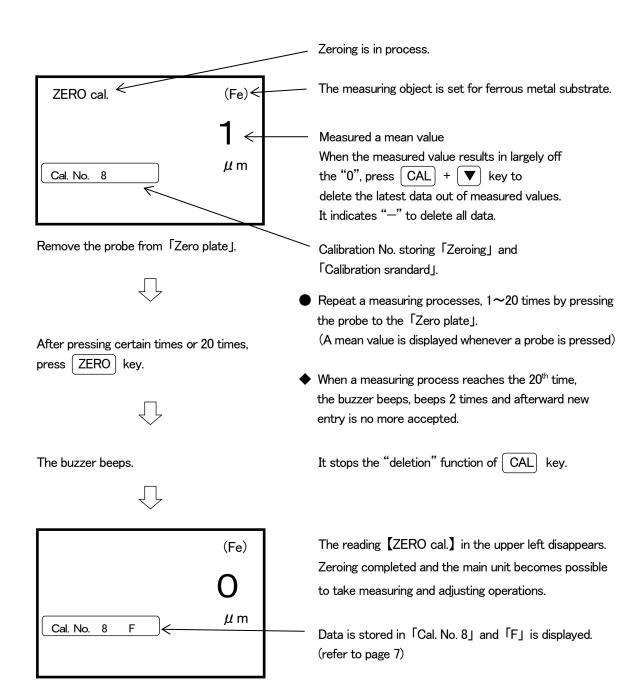


[ZERO Cal.]

- Measure subst
 -rate several times.
- 2. press ZERO key.

Press the probe to the Zero plate. The buzzer beeps.

 \prod



● Press the probe to the 「Zero plate」 several times and make sure the measuring result indicates in the neighborhood of "0".

When the measured value results in largely off "0", please try again zeroing from the beginning. There is a case when calibration is not correctly made.

• "LLLL" displayed on the screen during a time of zeroing means that the calibration point heavily deviates from the standard.

Please make sure that the metal substrate is not processed with other materials such as plating and repeat the zeroing until a stable in the neighborhood of "0" is obtained.

* After performing Zeroing, the previous 「Zeroing value」 is deleted, and the last entry of 「Zeroing value」 is stored.

(5) Calibration standard (CAL)

- Prepare the 「Zero Plate」 used for 「Zeroing」.
- Prepare the 「Thickness standard」 that are the same thick as the measuring film or thicker than that.
- Place the 「Thickness standard」 on the 「Zero Plate」.
- Press CAL key.

The buzzer beeps.

 \bigcirc

Cal. w. foil

- Measure thick
 -ness of foil several times.
- 2. With ♥ or ▲ . Ad –just to thick –ness of foil

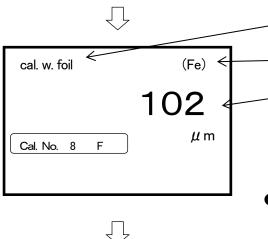
3. press CAL key.

Press again CANCEL key to interrupt Calibration

CAL key changes to one data "deletion" function.

Press the probe to the Thikness standard on the Zero plate.

It beeps whenever pressing.



Calibration standard is in process.

The measuring object is set for ferrous metal substrate.

Measured a mean value

standard (CAL).

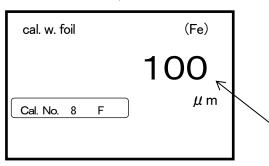
When the measured value results in largely off the "Thickness standard", press CAL + ▼ key to delete the latest data out of measured values. It indicates "—" to delete all data.

- Repeat a measuring processes, 1~20 times by pressing the probe to the 「Thickness standard」 on the 「Zero plate」. (A mean value is displayed whenever a probe is pressed)
- When a measuring process reaches the 20th time, the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and afterward new entry is no more accepted.

Adjust the reading value to the Thickness standard (in this case, $100\,\mu$ m) by pressing







Pressing $lack \triangle$ or $lack \nabla$ key interrupt the "deletion" function of lack CAL key.

Pressing key increases the reading value.

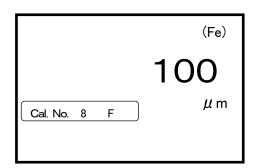
Pressing key decreases the reading value. (Press and holding key turns to fast forwarding.)

Adjust the reading value to the Thickness standard.

After adjusting the reading value to the Thickness standard, press $\boxed{\text{CAL}}$ key.

The buzzer beeps, **[**cal. w. foil**]** on the upper left disappears and it returns to a measuring mode.



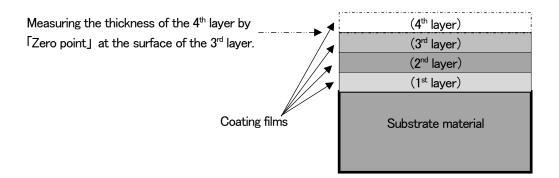


This is a measusring mode.

- It is correct that numerical values measured by pressing the probe a few times to the 「Thickness standard」 on the 「Zero plate」 indicates the thickness in the neighborhood of the 「Thickness standard」.
- When the measured value results in largely off the 「Thickness standard」 please try again 「Calibration standard」 from the beginning.
- * After performing Calibration standard, the previous 「Calibration standard value」 is deleted, and the last entry of 「Calibration standard value」 is stored.

(6) Zeroing — in special cases —

O In case of being painted as shown with multi-layers on the substrate there may be needs to measure thicknesses of each layer. For example, measuring only the thickness of the 4th layer please zero as an assumed \(\textstyle \text{Zero point} \) at the surface of the 3" layer stacked on the substrate and take \(\textstyle \text{Zeroing} \), [Calibration standard] as the aforementioned (3), (4).



Releasing of special-case zeroing

When zeroing again on the substrate after having finished the above measurements and if the combined thickness of 3 coating layers from 1st to 3rd exceeds 50 μ m, please zero the meter on the following procedures. If the thickness of 3 combined layers is bellow $50 \,\mu$ m, take the same procedure as usual zeroing to release.

 Prepare the identical material and shape to a measuring object. (This is designated as a \(\text{Zero plate } \text{J.} \)

Press | ZERO | key.

The buzzer beeps.

CAL key changes to one data "deletion" function.



[ZERO Cal.]

- 1. Measure subst -rate several times.
- 2. press | ZERO | key.

Press the probe to the Zero plate. The buzzer beeps, beeps, beeps 3 times.



OFFSET.

To continue, press ZREO twice.

Press ZERO key.

The buzzer beeps.



Press ZERO key again.

The buzzer beeps.

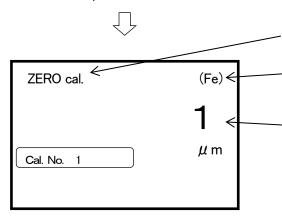


[ZERO Cal.]

- 1. Measure subst -rate several times.
- 2. press ZERO key.

Press the probe to the Zero plate.

The buzzer beeps.



Remove the probe from \(\textstyle \textstyle Zero \text{plate} \).



After pressing certain times or 20 times, press ZERO key.



Zeroing is in process.

The measuring object is set for ferrous metal substrate.

Measured a mean value

When the measured value results in largely off the "0", press CAL + ▼ key to delete the latest data out of measured values. It indicates "—" to delete all data.

- Repeat a measuring processes, 1~20 times by pressing the probe to the 「Zero plate」.
 (A mean value is displayed whenever a probe is pressed)
- When a measuring process reaches the 20th time, the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and afterward new entry is no more accepted.

The buzzer beeps.

Cal. No.

F

It stops the "deletion" function of CAL key.

The reading 【ZERO cal.】 in the upper left disappears. Zeroing completed and the main unit becomes possible to take measuring and adjusting operations.

Data is stored in $\lceil \text{Cal. No. 1} \rceil$ and $\lceil \text{F} \rceil$ is displayed. (refer to page 7)

● Press the probe to the 「Zero plate」 several times and make sure the measuring result indicates in the neighborhood of "0".

(Fe)

 μ m

When the measured value results in largely off "0", please try again zeroing from the beginning. There is a case when calibration is not correctly made.

• "LLLL" displayed on the screen during a time of zeroing means that the calibration point heavily deviates from the standard.

Please make sure that the metal substrate is not processed with other materials such as plating and repeat the zeroing until a stable in the neighborhood of "0" is obtained.

* After performing Zeroing, the previous 「Zeroing value」 is deleted, and the last entry of 「Zeroing value」 is stored.

(7) 2-point calibration in case it is difficult to perform [Zeroing]

When it is difficult to adjust \(\textstyle \textstyle Zeroing \) in a usual method on a rough surface such as the Blast steel plate, it is effective also to adjust by using \(\textstyle \) two pieces of different thickness of the Thicknesses standard \(\textstyle \).



Caution

It is not possible to use both this calibration method and other calibration ones together, or mixing them together.

Should were the methods taken, measuring results could be the wrong values.

Prepare the same blast-steel-plate in material as the objective base and two pieces of different thicknesses of the Thickness standards.

Please choose the suitable difference of thickness standards from the list below.

Predicting film thickness	Difference of thickness standard
~49.9 µm	10 μ m or over
50.0 ~ 99.9 μm	25 μ m or over
100.0~499.9 μm	50 μ m or over
500∼999 μm	199 μ m or over
1.0~2.5 mm	0.5 mm or over

Press and hold the ZERO key for 3 seconds.

The buzzer beeps.



CAL key changes to one data "deletion" function.

[2-foil's cal]

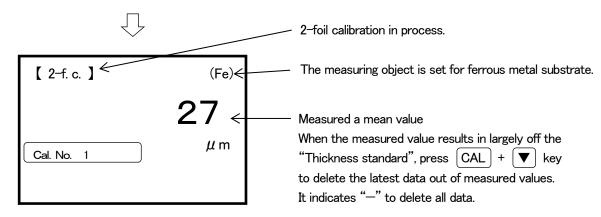
Measure thinner foil on metal several times.

Afterward, press ZERO

Stack the thinner 「Thickness standard」 on the substrate and press the probe on it.

The buzzer beeps whenever pressing the probe.

key.



After pressing certain times or 20 times, press ZERO key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

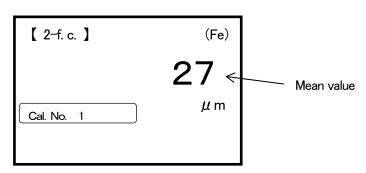


- 【2-foil's cal】
 Use ▲ or ▲ ,
 to set foil
 thickness.

 Afterward,
 press ZERO key.
- Repeat a measuring processes, 1~20 times by pressing the probe to the thinner 「Thickness standard」.
 (A mean value is displayed whenever a probe is pressed)
- When a measuring process reaches the 20th time, the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and afterward new entry is no more accepted.

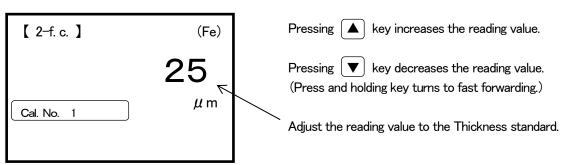
A press of or key makes the buzzer beep and a mean value to the last measurement appears on the reading.





Adjust the reading value to the Thickness standard (in this case, 25 μ m) by pressing \blacktriangle or \blacktriangledown key.





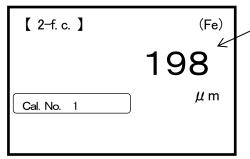
After adjusting the reading value to the Thickness standard, press $\begin{tabular}{c} ZERO \end{tabular}$ key. The buzzer beeps.



Stack the thicker 「Thickness standard」 on the substrate and press the probe on it.

The buzzer beeps whenever pressing the probe.

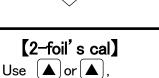




After pressing certain times or 20 times, press ZERO key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

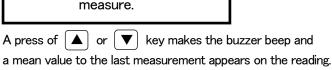


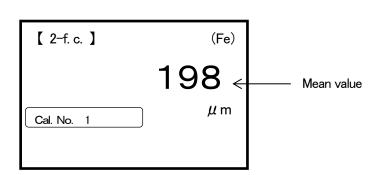


Then, ready for measure.

to set foil thickness.

A press of (▲) or (▼) key makes the buzzer beep and





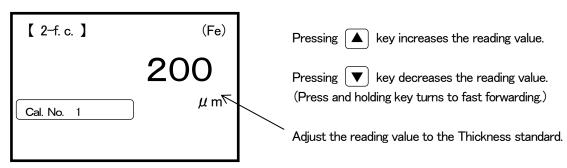
Measured a mean value

When the measured value results in largely off the "Thickness standard", press CAL + ▼ key to delete the latest data out of measured values. It indicates "-" to delete all data.

- Repeat a measuring processes, 1~20 times by pressing the probe to the thicker Thickness standard.]. (A mean value is displayed whenever a probe is pressed)
- When a measuring process reaches the 20th time, the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and afterward new entry is no more accepted.

Adjust the reading value to the Thickness standard (in this case, 200 μ m) by pressing \blacktriangle or \blacktriangledown key.

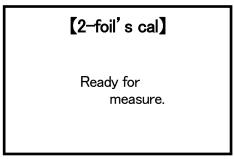




After adjusting the reading value to the Thickness standard, press ZERO key.

Then the buzzer beeps, beeps, beeps 3 times.

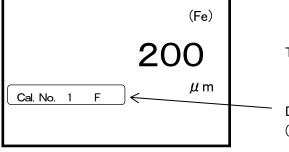




This is on display for about 0.5 seconds.

The buzzer beeps.





This is a measusring mode.

Data is stored in $\lceil \text{Cal. No. 1} \rceil$ and $\lceil \text{F} \rceil$ is displayed. (refer to page 7)

- It is correct that numerical values measured by pressing the probe a few times to the 「Thickness standard」 on the 「Zero plate」 indicates the thickness in the neighborhood of the 「Thickness standard」.
 Take the procedure with each 2 sheets of the 「Thickness standard」.
- When the measured value results in largely off the 「Thickness standard」 please try again 「2-foils calibration」 from the beginning.
- X After performing 2–foils calibration, the previous ΓCalibration value is deleted, and the lastentry of Γ2–foils calibration value is stored.

(8) How to delete calibration

Take the following procedures to delete calibration when the reading on the screen is locked or after batteries replaced or when it becomes impossible to process \(\Gamma \) Zeroing \(\Gamma \), \(\Gamma \) Calibration Standard \(\Gamma \) (CAL).

- This operation procedures are taken when SWT-7200IV is faulty.
 If "All cal. → ▲" is mistakenly selected, be careful that adjusted values of all calibration data are deleted.
- When a store place is full, adjust a new data with the old data kept in the place.
 Automatically the old data is deleted and the new data is stored.

《Collective deletion》

Delete collectively all adjustec values of all calibration data.

Hold ZERO key and press ▼ key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



ERASE?

All cal. \rightarrow \blacktriangle or Reading cal. \rightarrow \blacktriangledown

Press 🛕 key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

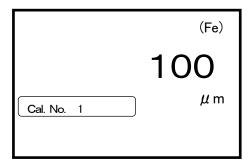


ERASE

(cal. data)

Deletion of calibration data is over and the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.





The last measured substrate and value are displayed.

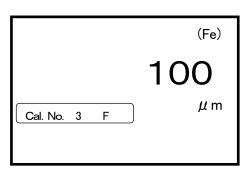
* When interrupting deletion, press | CANCEL | key.

It becomes possible to take measurements and adjustment procedures of this main unit.

After deleting, take \(\text{Zeroing_J}, \(\text{Calibration standard_J} \) procedures proceeding to measuring.

《Selective deletion》

Delete adjusted value of calibration data being selected now.
 Dislay calibration data to be deleted. (refer to page 12)



Hold ZERO key and press ▼ key.
The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.





Press ▼ key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

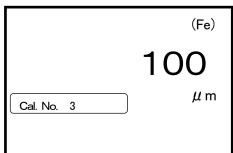


ERASE

(Cal. data)

Deletion of calibration data is over and the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.





* When interrupting deletion, press CANCEL key.

The last measured substrate and value are displayed.

It becomes possible to take measurements and adjustment procedures of this main unit.

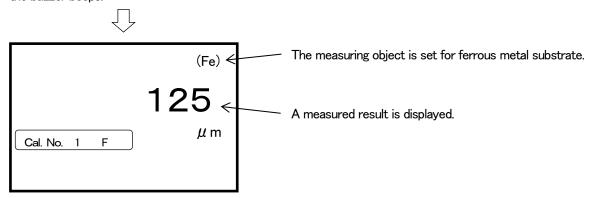
After deleting, take 「Zeroing」, 「Calibration standard」 procedures proceeding to measuring.

Measuring



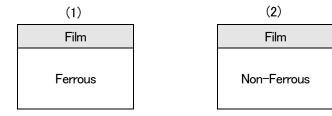
Hang the meter through a strap over your wrist never to drop it.

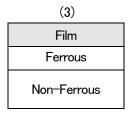
When pressing the probe against the object with Power ON, the buzzer beeps.



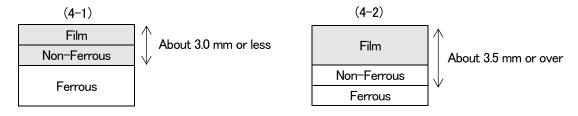
Each time a probe is pressed to an object the buzzer beeps and the measuring result is displayed.

- ◆ Measuring of Auto-selection by 「SFN-325」
 - (1) Ferrous substarate measuring of film thickness at Fe mode.
 - (2) Non-ferrrous substarate measuring of film thickness at NFe mode.
 - (3) Ferrous on Non-ferrous layered substarate measuring at Fe mode regadress of Fe thickness.





- (4) Non-ferrous on ferrous layered substrate
- (4–1) Layered thickness Non–Ferrous and Film, 3.0 mm or less* •••• measure thickness of layered Non–Ferrous and Film in Fe mode.
- (4-2) Layered thickness Non-Ferrous and Film, 3.5 mm or over* measure Film thickness in NFe mode.



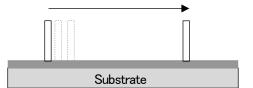
Note:

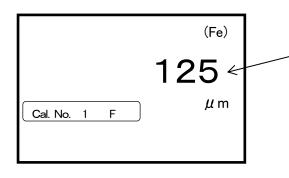
- "HHHH" is displayed in a between area of 2 different layers and when special metals unidentified by Auto-selection.
- In case of adjusting by 「Calibration standard」 on Fe-substrate, 「Calibration standard」 foils made of Non-Ferrous metals such as BeCu can be used.
- In case substrates are not identified by Auto-selection mode, change to exclusive mode by 「corresponding mode to a metal substrate」.
 - In case of an example of (4-1), thickness of Film only can be measured at 「Non-Ferrous」 exclusive mode.
- ※ They may vary in compositions, characteristics, thicknesses of materials.

Function setting

(1) Setting of Non-Interrupt Measurement mode

As illustrated on the right figure, this mode is used when taking non-interrupt measurements for painting surfaces etc. Film thickness values are taken/displayed while press/holding probe on the object.





A measured value is held (displayed) when pressing a probe at standard mode, but in Non-Interrupt Measurement mode measured values are taken/displayed about every 0.5 seconds interval while pressing a probe.

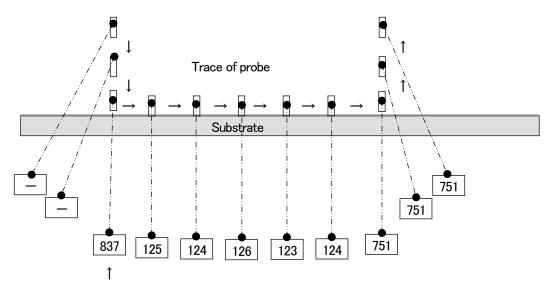
Hold ZERO key and press ▲ key

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



This main unit has turned into [Non-Interrupt Measurement mode].

Data can be successively measured about 0.5 second intervals and the data is displayed with a beeping sound.



Reaching to a measurable distance, the probe indicates the distance/thickness at the spot.

Display of measured values (displayed successively each 0.5 second interval).

* The Non-Interrupt function is stored when switching Power to OFF.

To return to the beginning, take the procedure of "Returning to the beginning" listed on the following page.



Caution

The moving measuring method at "Non-Interrupt Measuring Mode" may damage the measuring surface or the probe tip because of frictions made by sliding the probe on the surface.

Please try fewer to take this method to minimize the frictions.

《Returning to the beginning》

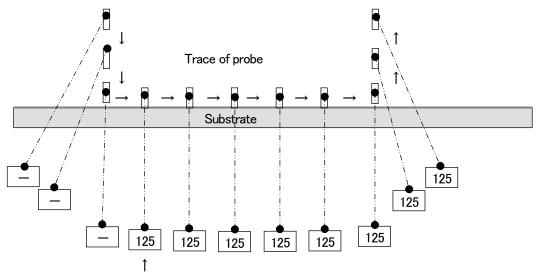
To return 「Non-Interrupt Measurement mode」 to the beginning take the same procedures as at the initial setting.

Hold ZERO key and press 🛕 key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



「Non-Interrupt Measurement mode」 has been released and returned to the beginning.



Measured values are stored until a next measurement is taken.

(2) Setting of resolutions

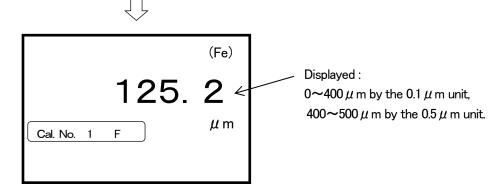
The reading values up to $500 \,\mu$ m can be switched in resolutions as below.

It is possible to read resolution measurement results by the 0.1 μ m unit in the thickness of $(0\sim400~\mu$ m), and by the $0.5~\mu$ m unit in the thickness of $(400\sim500~\mu$ m).

Switch Power to OFF when Power is ON.

Hold CAL key and press key for 3 seconds or over.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



This function is not released even if the Power source is switched to OFF.
When returning, take the operation procedures of "Returning to the beginning" as below.

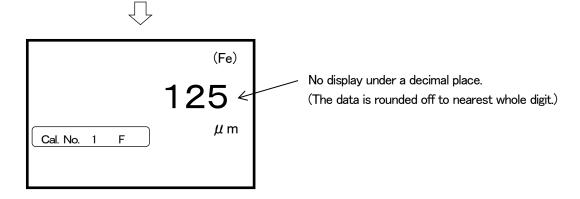
《Returning to the beginning》

To return $\lceil 0.1 \,\mu$ m, $0.5 \,\mu$ m] displayed resolutions to the beginning, take the same procedures as the above.

Switch Power to OFF when Power is ON.

Hold CAL key and press key for 3 seconds or over.

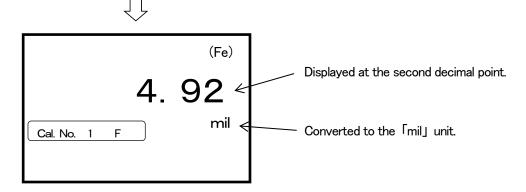
The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



(3) Setting of units

This main unit is equipped with a function converting the unit to [mil].

- Switch Power to OFF when Power is ON.
- Press and hold key for 10 seconds or over until the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



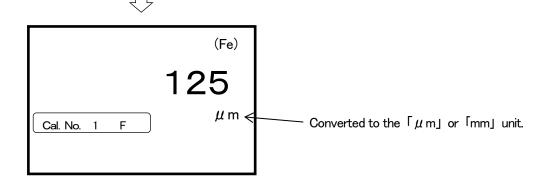
* This function is not released even if the Power source is switched to OFF.

When returning, take the operation procedures of "Returning to the beginning" as below.

《Returning to the beginning》

To return [mil] unit to the beginning, take the same procedures as the above.

- Switch Power to OFF when Power is ON.
- Press and hold key for 10 seconds or over until the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

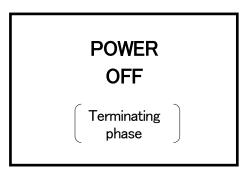


(4) Setting of Auto-Power-OFF function

When no entry of key operations and measuring procedures for 3 minutes, the main unit switcenes automatically to OFF to save battery. This function can be released by yhe following operations.

No entry for 3 minutes lasts, and then the buzzer beeps.





The message is displayed for about 5 seconds.

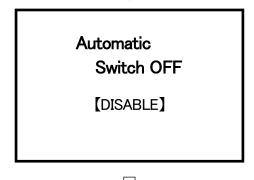
The buzzer beeps, and the main unit is switched to OFF.

《To Disable Auto-Power-OFF function》

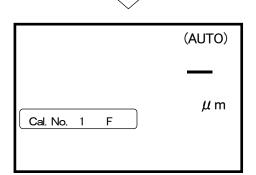
Switch Power to OFF when Power is ON.

Hold key and press key for 5 seconds or over. The buzzer beeps,, beeps 2 times.





It indicates 5 seconds.



It returns to a measurable mode.

Power switches to OFF when key is pressed.

X This function is not released even if the Power source is switched to OFF.
To enable it, take the operation procedures of "To Enable Auto-Power-OFF function".

《To Enable Auto-Power-OFF function》

Switch Power to OFF when Power is ON.

Hold $\ lacktriangledown$ key and press $\ lacktriangledown$ key for 5 seconds or over.

The buzzer beeps., beeps 2 times.

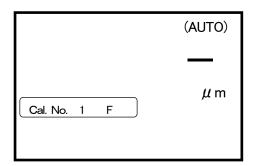


Automatic Switch OFF

[ENABLE]

It indicates 5 seconds.





It returns to a measurable mode.

Auto-Power-OFF function can be functioned.

When no entry of key operations and measuring procedures lasts about for 3 minutes, the buzzer beeps and the power is switched to OFF.

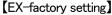
X This function is not released even if the Power source is switched to OFF.
To disable it, take the operation procedures of "To Disable Auto-Power-OFF function".

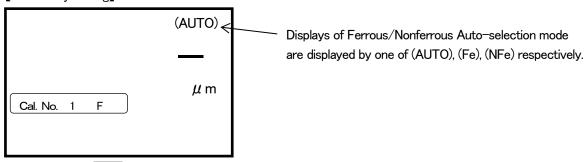
(5) Setting of corresponding mode to substrate with SFN-325 probe

When the SFN-325 probe is connected, the main unit automatically select a substrate for measuring objects, but in addition to the Auto-selection mode [Fe substrate exclusive mode], [NFe substrate exclusive mode] are ready to use.

In case it is not possible to identify the substrate by Auto-selection mode, change the mode on the following steps to take measurements with procedure as shown below.

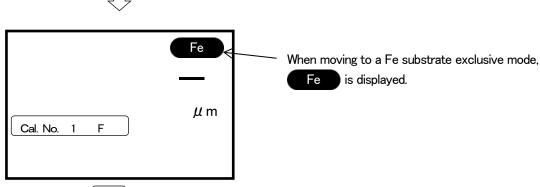
- ※ When on Ex-factory, the unit is set to 「AUTO mode」.
- * This function is effective only when <code>「SFN-325」</code> probe is connected.
- X This finction is kept live even if the Power is switched to OFF.





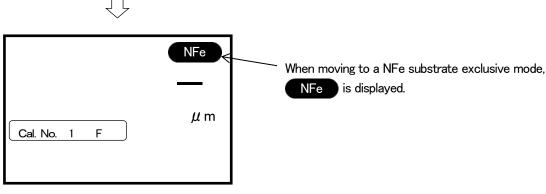
Press and hold [CAL] key for 3 seconds or over.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



Press and hold (CAL) key for 3 seconds or over.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



By press and holding \fbox{CAL} key for 3 seconds or over, it switches: AUTO \rightarrow Fe \rightarrow NFe \rightarrow AUTO \rightarrow Fe \cdots

(6) Setting of Backlight

The LCD of this unit has a backlight function.

The bcklight can be used at the place which is dark and difficult to read messages on display.

《Lighting the Backlight》

Press and hold key for 3 seconds or over.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and the backlight goes on.

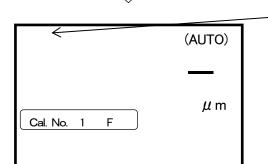


It is shown when the backlight is ON.

《Lighting out the Backlight》

Press and hold key for 3 seconds or over.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and the backlight goes off.



The mark and the backlight go off.

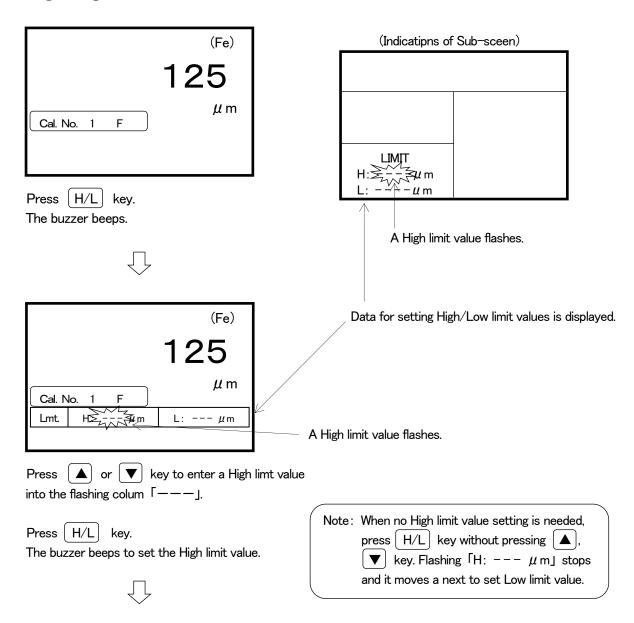
※ This function is kept even if Power source switched to OFF.

Setting of High/Low limit values

To judge quickly if the coated film thickness of a product stays within a range of thicknesses corresponding to management standards and controls, it is necessary to set high/low limits beforehand and if the numerical value on display exceeds the limits, the number flashes and emits a warning sound.

※ A set of both limit values can be set to a 「Cal. No. 」 (Calibration curve).

(1) Setting of High limit value

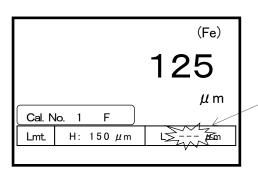


Then setting of a Low limit value follows.

(2) Setting of Low limit value

(following a High limit value setting without interruption)



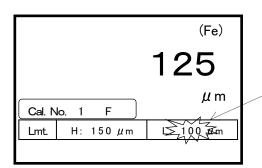


A Low limit value flashes.

Press \blacktriangle or \blacktriangledown key to enter a Low limet value to the flashing colum $\lceil --- \rfloor$.



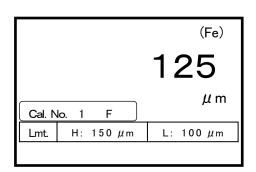
Note: When no Low limit value setting is needed, press H/L key without pressing ▲, ▼ key. Flashing 「L: --- μ m」 stops and a High limit value only is set, and it becomes possible to take measurements and adjustments.



A Low limit value flashes.

Press H/L key.
The buzzer beeps.

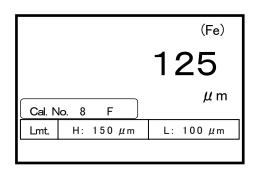




The flashing Low limit value stops and the High/Low limit values are set. It becomes possible to take measurements and adjustments.

(3) Delection of set High/Low limit values.

Select a Cal. No. (Calibration curve) storing limit values to be deleted.



Hold H/L key and press DATA ERASE key. The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

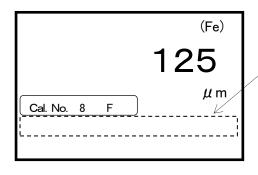


ERASE?
HI & LO Limits.

Press DATA ERASE key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



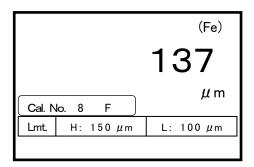


A set limited value is deleted and at the same time a displayed column of the limit value also disappears.

Measurements with High/Low limit values

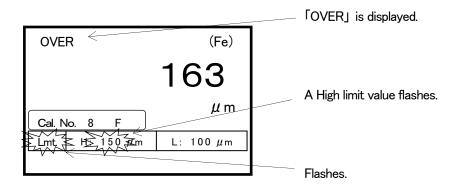
(1) When measured value within a range of limit value (including a setting value)

The buzzer beeps and indicates the measured value.



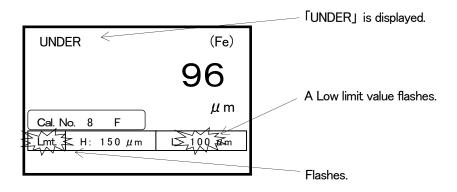
(2) When measured value over a High limit value

The buzzer [beeps][beeps][beeps][beeps][beeps] 2 times with 3 successive sounds.



(3) When measured value below a Low limit value

The buzzer [beeps][beeps][beeps][beeps][beeps] 2 times with 3 successive sounds.



Storing of measured data

SWT-7200IV can store Max. 20,000 data.

Places to store are listed as below.

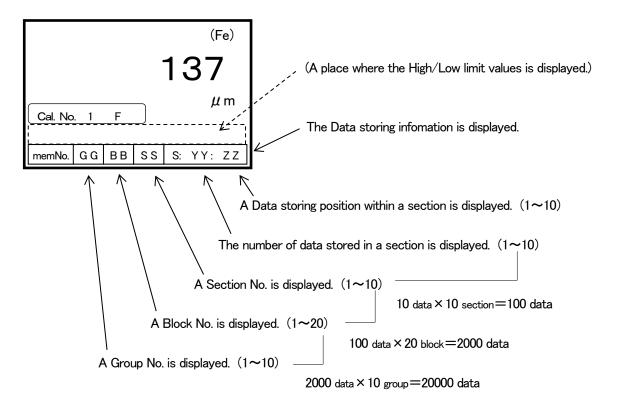
Sections: A section stores 10 data. Each Data storing position within a section has each independent number.

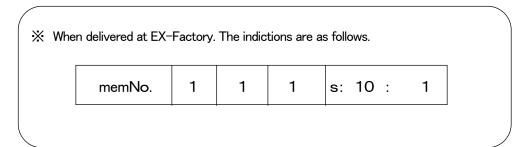
Blocks: A block contains 10 \[Sections \]. Each \[Section \] within a block has each independent number.

Groups: A group contains 20 [Blocks]. Each [Block] within a group has each independent number.

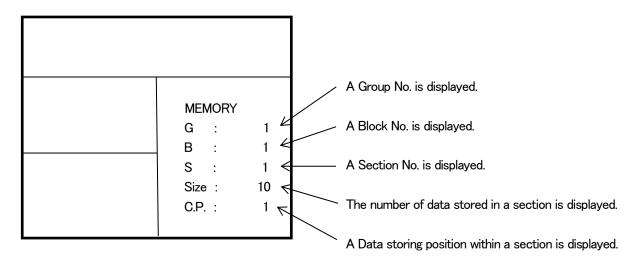
SWT-7200IV has 10 groups.

■ Data-Memory information displayed. on LCD



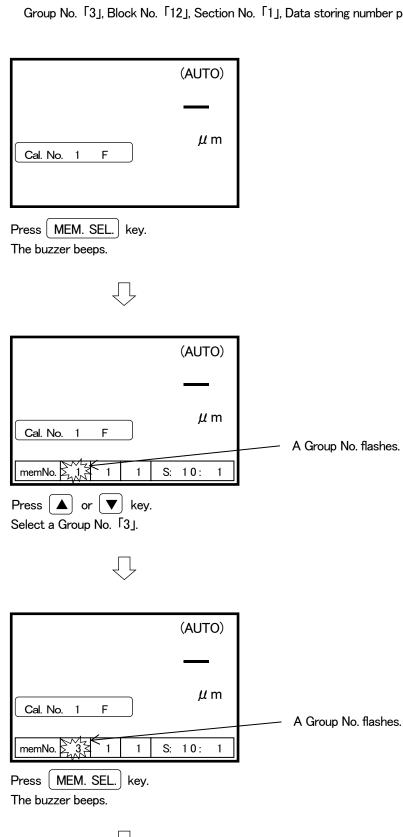


The displays of memory position of (Sub-screen)



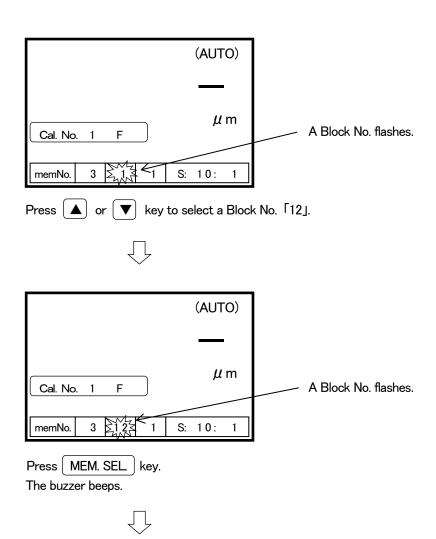
(1) Select a Data storing place

● For operation example, settings are made as follows: Group No. 「3」, Block No. 「12」, Section No. 「1」, Data storing number per section 「8」.



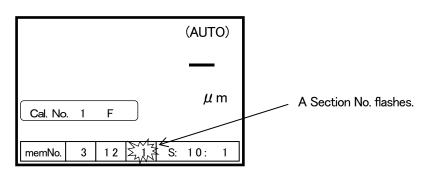
※ A Group No. 「3」 is set.

Then moving on to setting a Block No.



※ A Block No. 「12」 is set.

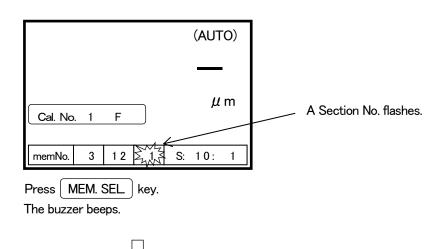
Then moving on to setting a Section No.



Press $lack \Delta$ or lack V key to select a Section No. $\Gamma1_{
m J}$.

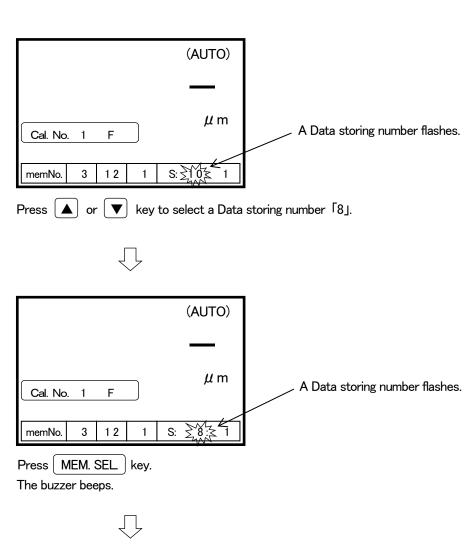
(In this example, as Section No. is $\lceil 1 \rfloor$ So it moves on to the next as it is)



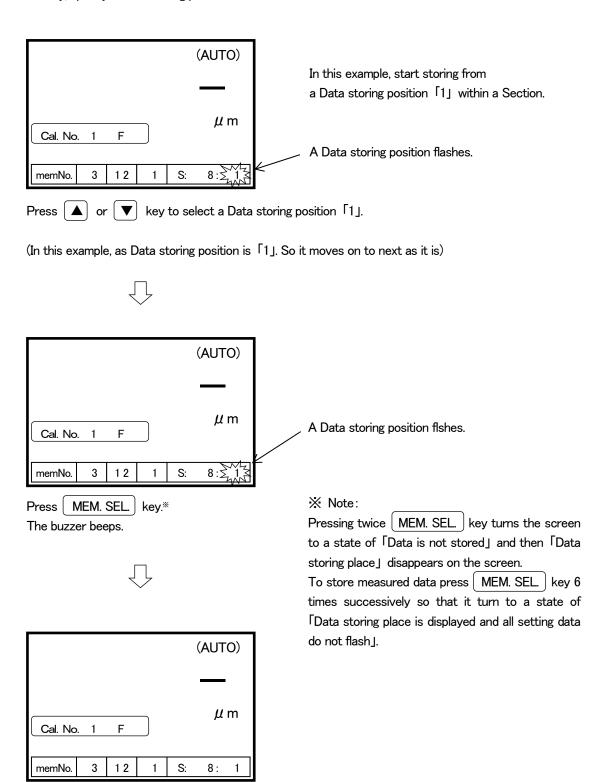


※ A Section No. 「1」 is set.

Then moving on to setting a Data storing number per section.



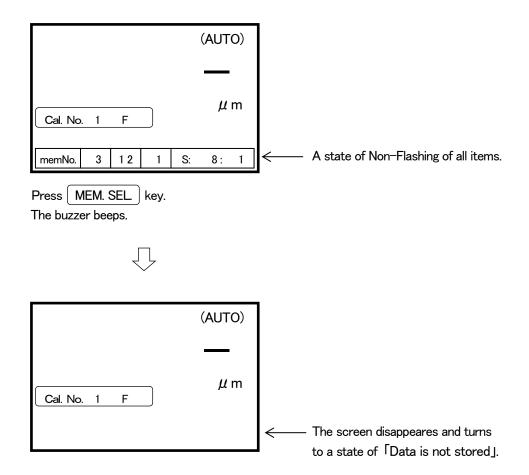
※ A Data storing number 「8」 is set.
Lastly, specify a Data storing position within a Section.



Flashing of all numbers stopped and setting of 「Data storing place」has completed. It becomes possible to take measurements and adjustments.

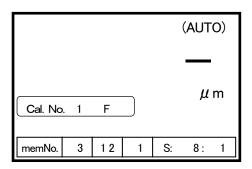
(2) Keep data from being stored

※ It is in a state of 「Storing data」.



Measurements in storing data

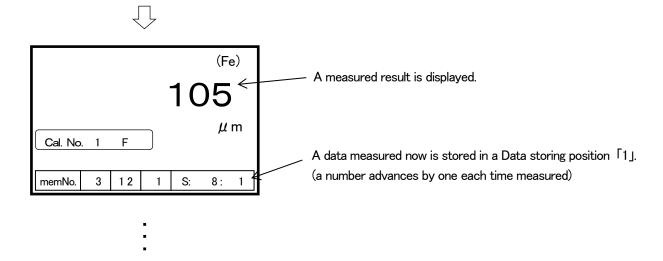
- ※ Select a place to store data as described in 「(1) Select a Data storing place」 at page 42.
- For operation example, store 8 pcs of measuring data in order from a Data Stroing position 「1」 in a Group No. 「3」, a Block No. 「12」, a Section No. 「1」.



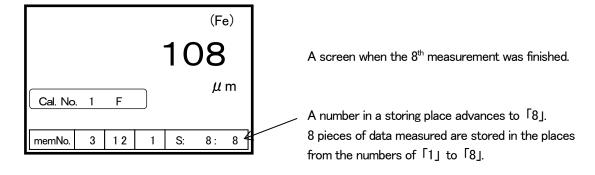
X According to explanations on page 11, quickly press a probe to a measuring object.

A measurement is taken.

The buzzer beeps.



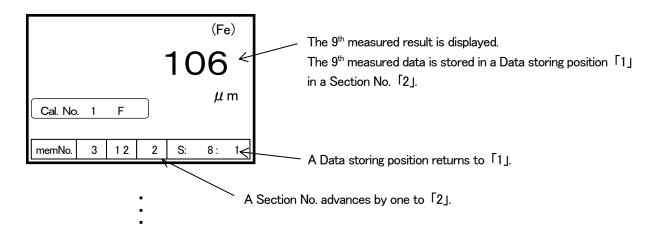
When the measurement progresses and the data is stored in the last end of a Section No. 「1」 in the 8th measurement, the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and warning that it advances to 「New Section」 in the following measurement.



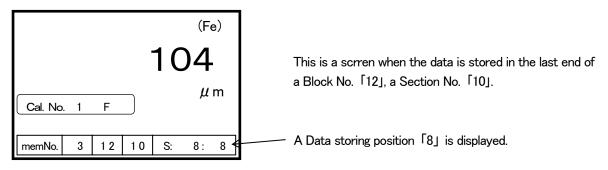
A measurement is taken.

The buzzer beeps.





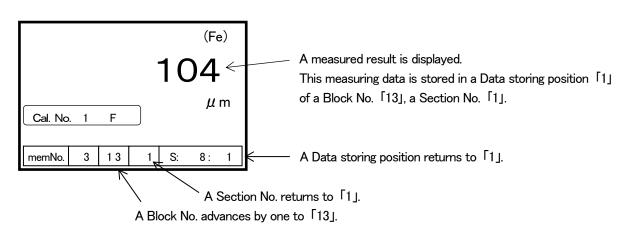
● When the measurement progresses and the data is stored in the last end of a Block No. 「12」, a Section No. 「10」, the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and warnig that it advances to 「New Block」 in the following measurement.



A measurement is taken.

The buzzer beeps.

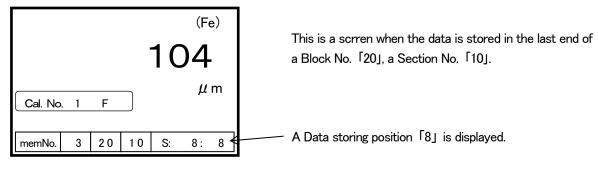




※ In a Block No. 「12」, 8 data/section × 10 section, total 80 of measuring data are stored.

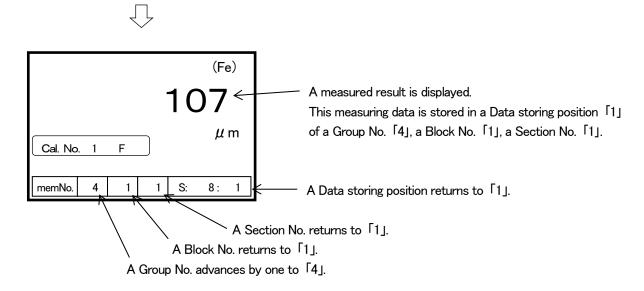
:

When the measurement progresses and the data is stored in the last end of a Block No. 「20」, a Section No. 「10」, the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and warnig that it advances to 「New Group」 in the following measurement.



A measurement is taken.

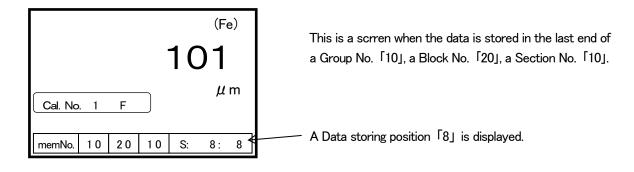
The buzzer beeps.



- \times In a Group No. [3], 8 data/section \times 10 section/block \times 9 block, total 720 of measuring data are stored.
- ※ It becomes 9 block as started storing from 12 block.

÷

When the measurement progresses and the data is stored in the last end of a Group No. 「10」, a Block No. 「20」, a Section No. 「10」, the buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times and warnig that no more data can be stored.



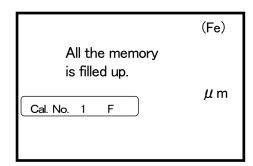
A measurement is taken.

The buzzer beeps.



The buzzer beep, beeps.





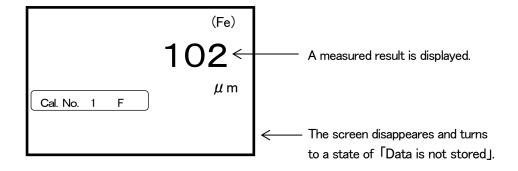
Storing data has been completed.

• It is possible to continue measurements , but measuring data only is displayed.

A measurement is taken.

The buzzer beeps.

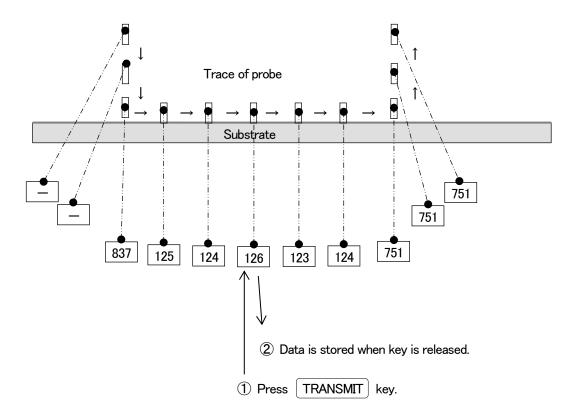




Storing of measured data at Non-Inturrupt Measurement Mode

When this unit is set at 「Storing of measured data」 and mesurements are taken at 「Non-Intrrupt Measurement Mode」, it is capable of storing data on the following procedures.

- Select a place to store data as described in 「(1) Select a Data storing place」 at page 42.
- Start Non-Interrupt measuring.



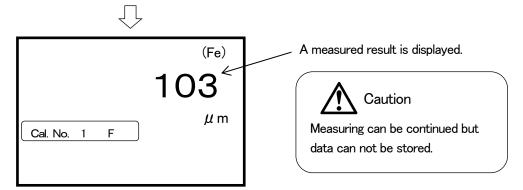
※ Only 「1 data」 is stored when the transfer key is released.

Three kinds of measuring methods in case of \[\scalength{I} \text{No memory space} \]

(1) Keep on measuring

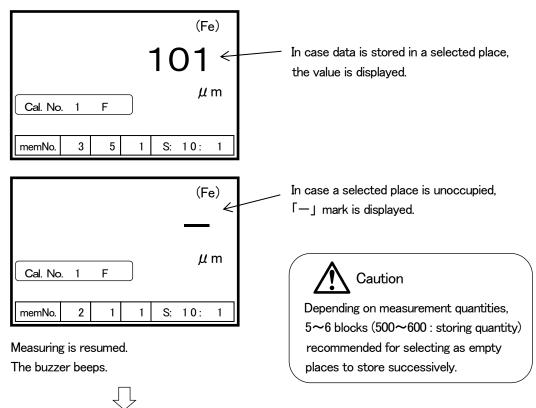
Measuring.

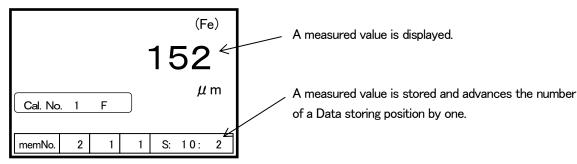
The buzzer beeps.



(2) Looking for an empty storing place

- Interrupt measuring.
- Select a place to store data as described in Γ(1) Select a Data storing place at page 42.





(3) Deletion of unnecessary data

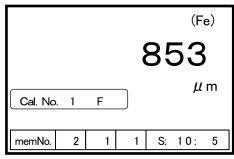
- Delete an unnecessary data in a storing place and store there new data which is to be taken.
- Delete all of unnecdcesary data afterward, referring to each knid of deletion methods.
- Resume 「Measurements while storing data」 after deleting data.

Deletion of data

(1) Deletion of one data

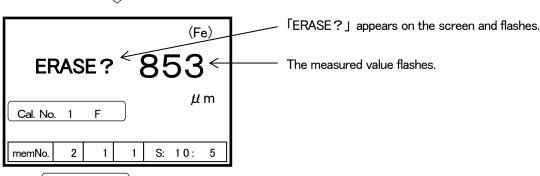
X Data inadvertently by pressing a probe against objectives, poor and unstable pressing on objects and erroneous data which are stored can be deleted.

Erroneous value is displayed.



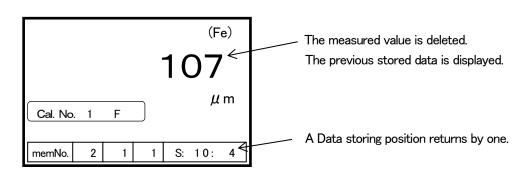
Press DATA ERASE key.

The buzzer beeps.



Press DATA ERASE key.

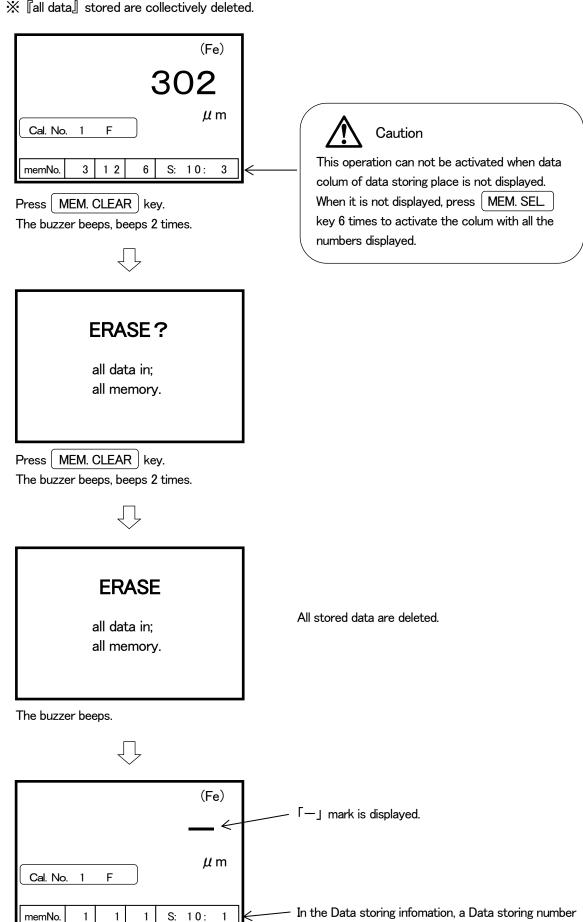
The buzzer beeps.



When data storing places are running short and sotred data is no more necessary, it is possible to dellete all data collectively and delete data of each storing place.

(2) Deletion of all data

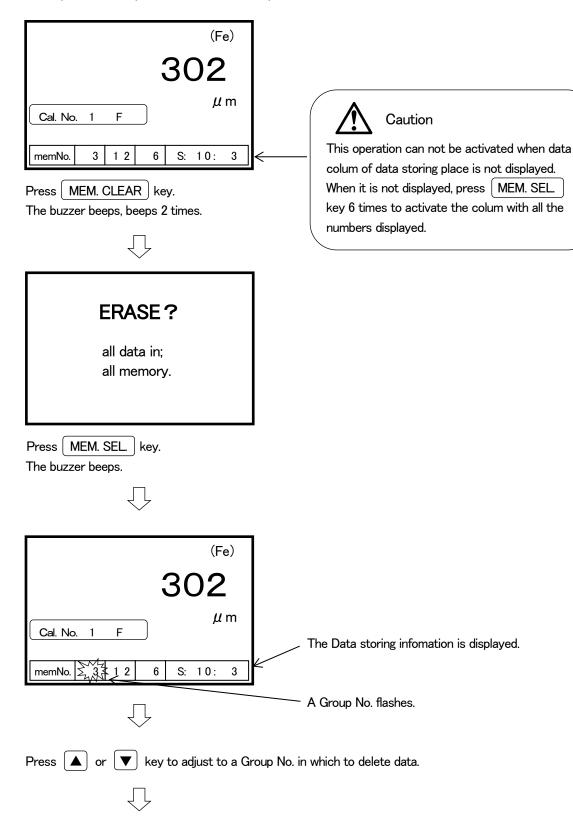
X all data stored are collectively deleted.

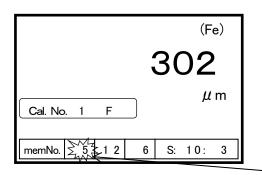


per section [10] and all others are [1].

(3) Deletion of group data

- ※ Data stored in arbitrary group with Group No. 1~10 is deleted.
- For operation example, data stored in a Group No. 「5」 is deleted.





Adjust to a Group No. [5].

Press MEM. CLEAR key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



ERASE?

all data in; G = 5.

Press MEM. CLEAR key.

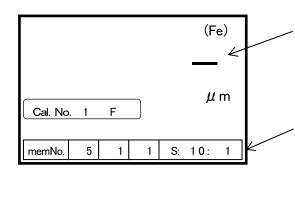
The buzzer beeps.



ERASE

all data in; G = 5.





「─」 mark is displayed.

The Data storing infomation turn as follows:

Group No. [5]

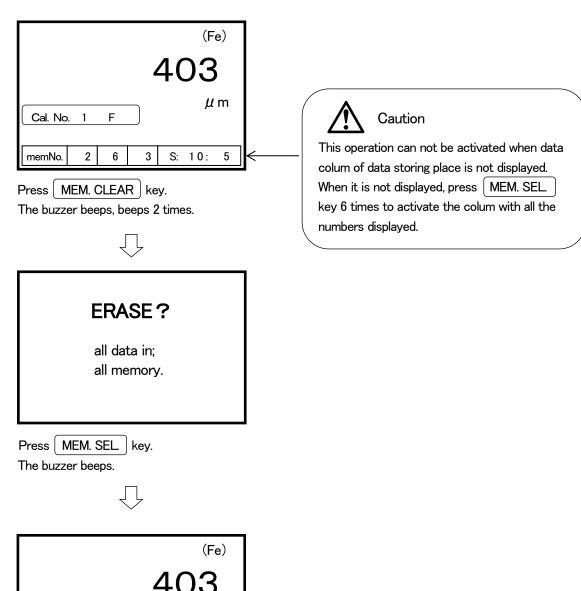
Block No. [1]

Section No. [1]

Data storing number per section $\lceil 10 \rfloor$ Data storing position $\lceil 1 \rfloor$.

(4) Deletion of block data

- ※ Data stored in arbitrary block with Block No. 1~20 is deleted.
- For operation example, data stored in a Group No. 「1」, a Block No. 「12」 is deleted.



A Group No. flashes.

Press
or
we key to adjust to a Group No. where there is a block to be aimed at.

 μ m

5

S:

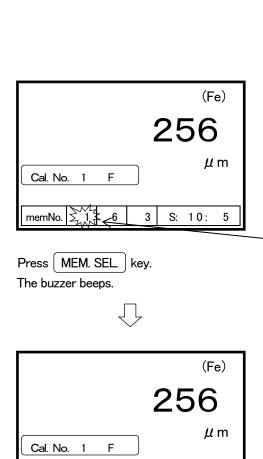
10:

 \square

6

Cal. No.

memNo.



A Group No. is set at $\lceil 1 \rfloor$, and a Block No. flashes.

Adjust to a Group No. [1].

Press

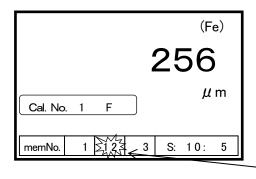
or

key to adjust to a Block No. to be aimed at.

S: 10:



memNo.



Adjust to a Block No. [12].

Press MEM. CLEAR key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



ERASE ? all data in; B = 12. [in G = 1]

Press MEM. CLEAR key.

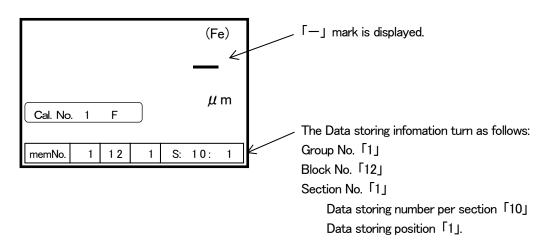
The buzzer beeps.



ERASE

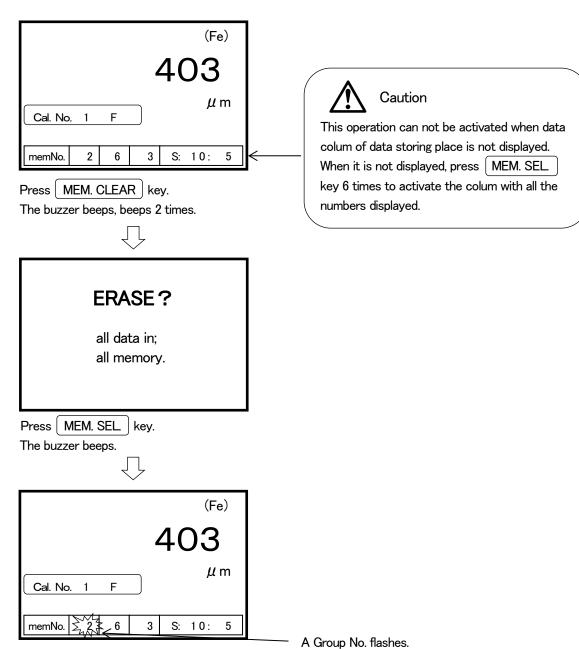
all data in;



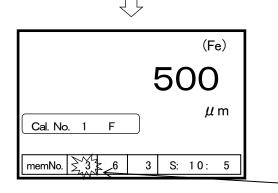


(5) Deletion of section data

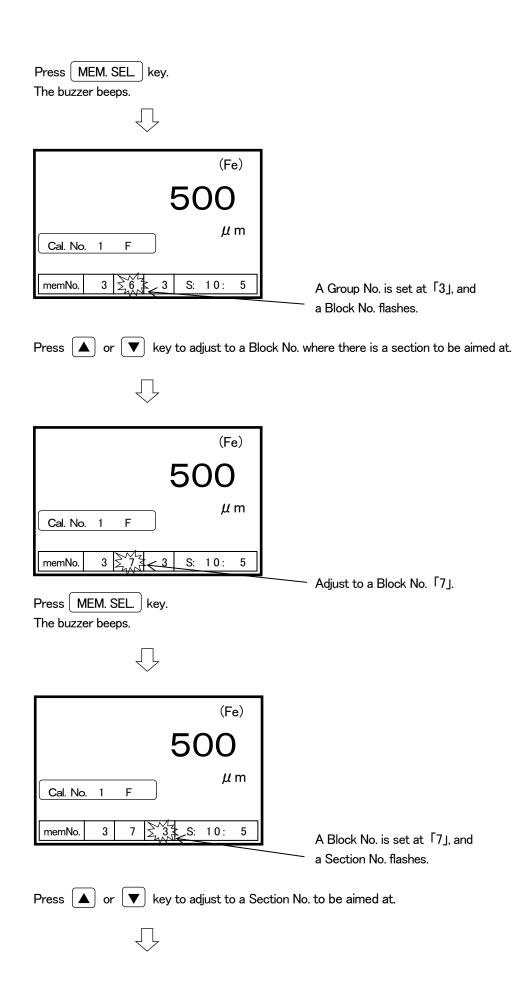
- ※ Data stored in arbitrary section with Section No. 1~10 is deleted.
- For operation example, data stored in a Group No. 「3」, a Block No. 「7」, a Section No. 「5」 is deleted.

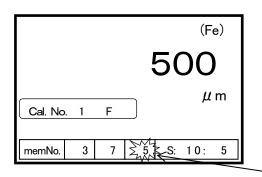


Press lacktriangle or lacktriangle key to adjust to a Group No. where there is a block to be aimed at.



Adjust to a Group No. [3].





Adjust to a Section No. [5].

Press MEM. CLEAR key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



ERASE?

all data in; S = 5. I in B = 7 < G = 3]

Press MEM. CLEAR key.

The buzzer beeps.

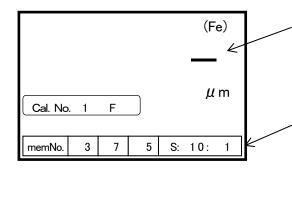


ERASE

all data in; S = 5.

[in B =
$$7 < G = 3$$
]





「─」 mark is displayed.

The Data storing infomation turn as follows:

Group No. [3]

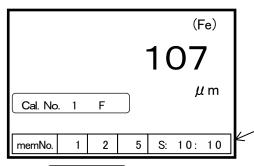
Block No. [7]

Section No. [5]

Data storing number per section $\lceil 10 \rfloor$ Data storing position $\lceil 1 \rfloor$.

Statistics (statistical calculation value of chosen data is displayed)

(1) Statistics of all data



The Data storing infomation is displayed.

Press STATISTICS key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



Statistics Calculation

all data in; all memory.

START ?

Press STATISTICS key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

(displayed as being under process of calculating)

The buzzer beeps.



 VALUE : [ALL mem.]

 #-date : 1 5 0

 Mean : 1 0 6 . 5

 Median : 1 0 6 . 4

 Max. : 1 0 8 . 1

 Min. : 1 0 4 . 6

 S. D. : 0 . 8

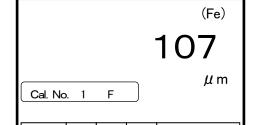
Press STATISTICS key.

The buzzer beeps.

memNo.



S: 10: 10



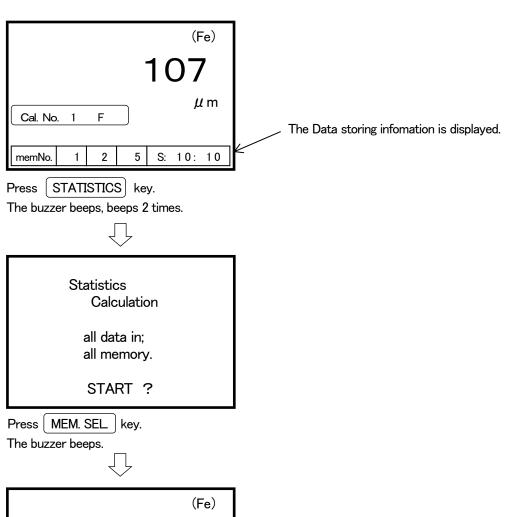
Note:

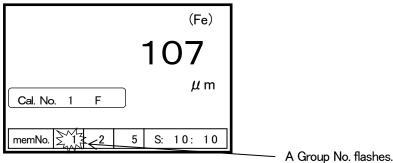
If STATISTICS key is not pressed, this screen remains unchanged until Power switches off.

The screen returns to the state before statistical calculation.

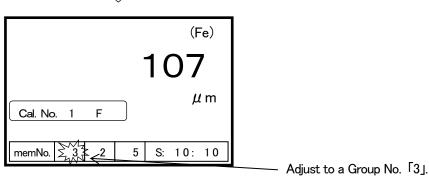
(2) Statistics of group data

- ※ Statistical calculation is performed on the data stored in arbitrary group with Group No. 1∼10.
- For operation example, Statistical calculation is performed on the data stored in a Group No. [3].





Press ▲ or ▼ key to adjust to a Group No. in which to calculate statistics.



Press STATISTICS key while a Group No. is flashing.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



Statistics Calculation

> all data in; G = 3.

START ?

Press STATISTICS key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

(displayed as being under process of calculating)

The buzzer beeps.



 #-date
 :
 1 5 0

 Mean
 :
 1 0 6 . 5

 Median
 :
 1 0 8 . 1

 Max.
 :
 1 0 8 . 1

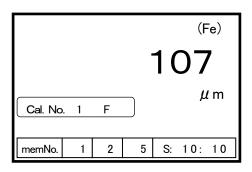
 Min.
 :
 1 0 4 . 6

 S. D.
 :
 0 . 8

Press STATISTICS key.

The buzzer beeps.





Note:

If STATISTICS key is not pressed, this screen remains unchanged until Power switches off.

The screen returns to the state before statistical calculation.

(3) Statistics of block data

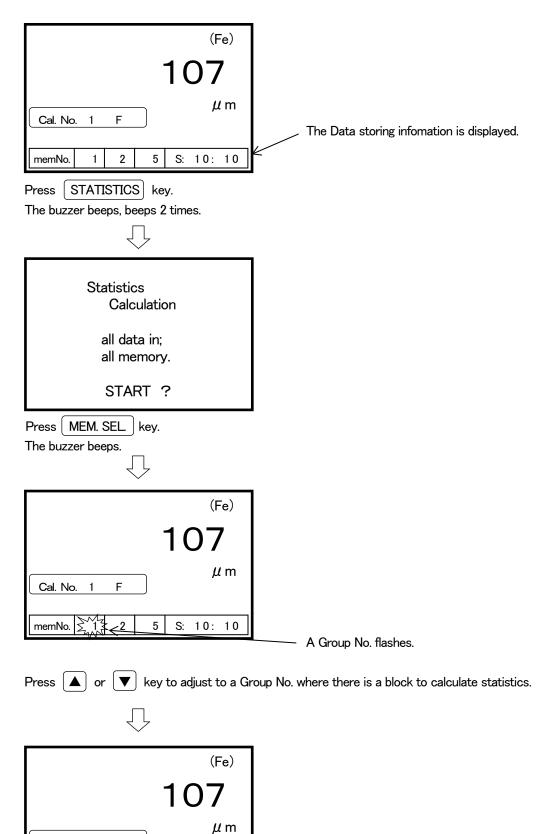
Cal. No.

F

5

S: 10: 10

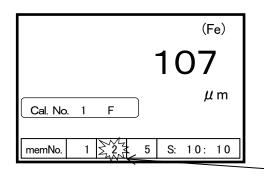
- ※ Statistical calculation is performed on the data stored in arbitrary block with Block No. 1~20.
- For operation example, Statistical calculation is performed on the data stored in a Group No. 「1」, a Block No. 「14」.



Adjust to a Group No. [1].



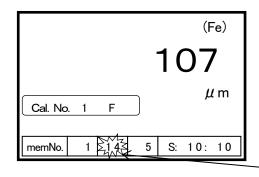




A Group No. is set at $\lceil 1 \rfloor$, and a Block No. flashes.

Press ▲ or ▼ key to adjust to a Block No. in which to calculate statistics.





Adjust to a Block No. [14].

Press STATISTICS key while a Block No. is flashing. The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



Statistics
Calculation

all data in;
B = 14.
【 in G = 1 】
START ?

Press STATISTICS key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

(displayed as being under process of calculating)

The buzzer beeps.



VALUE : [B = 14]
 [in G = 1]

#-date : 5 0

Mean : 5 0

Median : 1 0 6 . 2

Median : 1 0 7 . 5

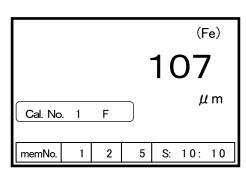
Min. : 1 0 4 . 6

S. D. : 0 7

Press STATISTICS key.

The buzzer beeps.





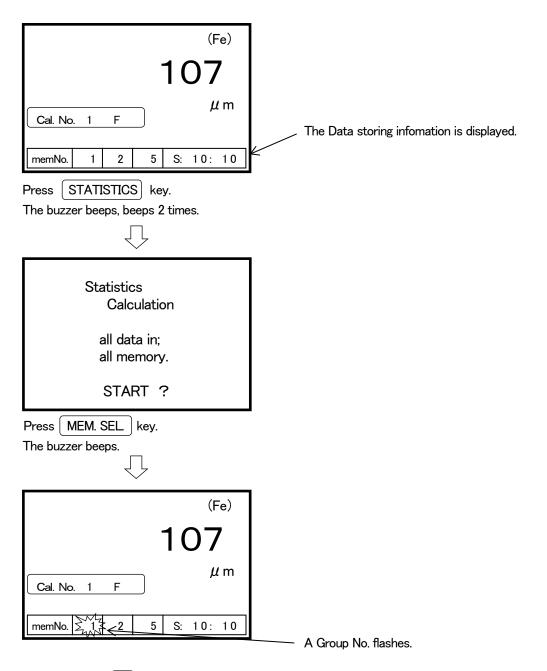
Note:

If STATISTICS key is not pressed, this screen remains unchanged until Power switches off.

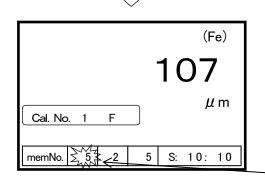
The screen returns to the state before statistical calculation.

(4) Statistics of section data

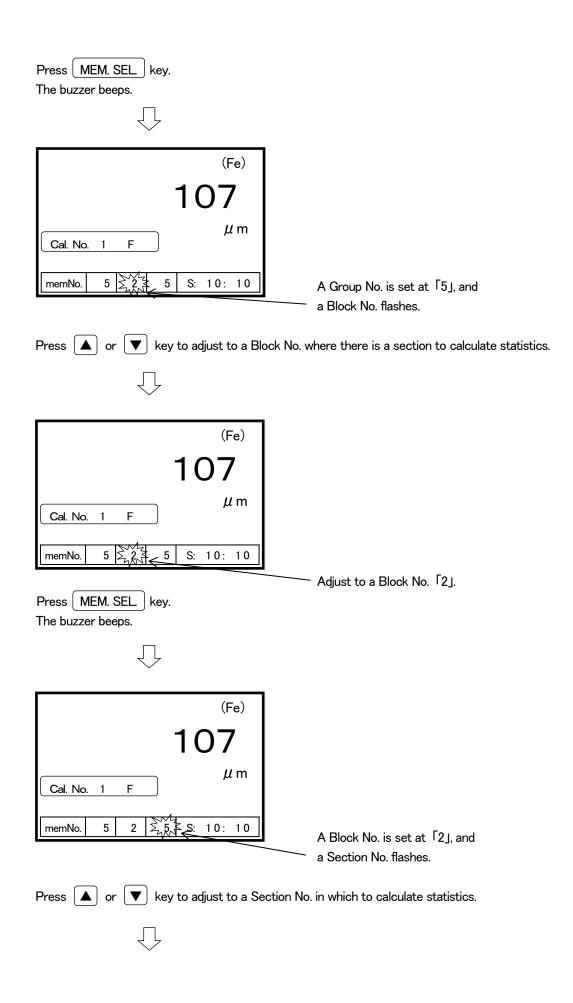
- ※ Statistical calculation is performed on the data stored in arbitrary section with Section No. 1∼10.
- For operation example, Statistical calculation is performed on the data stored in a Group No. 「5」, a Block No. 「2」, a Section No. 「1」.

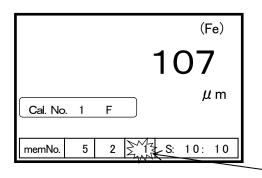


Press
or
we key to adjust to a Group No. where there is a block to calculate statistics.



Adjust to a Group No. [5].





Adjust to a Section No. [1].

Press STATISTICS key while a Section No. is flashing. The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



Statistics
Calculation

all data in;
S = 1.
【 in B = 2 < G = 5 】
START ?

Press STATISTICS key. The buzzer beeps.

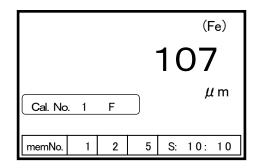


Press STATISTICS key. The buzzer beeps.



If STATISTICS key is not pressed, this screen remains unchanged until Power switches off.





The screen returns to the state before statistical calculation.

Transferring data - USB -

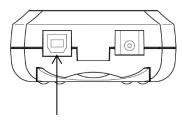
Transfer data to a PC (personal computer) by using a USB cable.

Download the USB transfer driver from the included CD or our website.

- Data is not transferred when the main unit is set to \[\int Non-Intrerrupt Measuring mode \].
 Make sure beforehand that this main unit is set to \[\int is set to Normal (hold) Measuring mode \].
- \times Even when the unit of this instrument is set to the $\lceil \text{mil} \rfloor$, the data transferred to the Transfer software is displayed with the $\lceil \mu \text{ m} \rfloor$ unit.

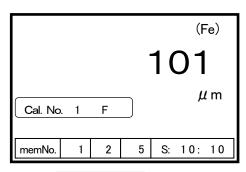
(1) Outright transferring measured data (Real time transfer)

- Prepare for a PC side.
- Connect a USB cable to a PC.



This is a USB cable connector.

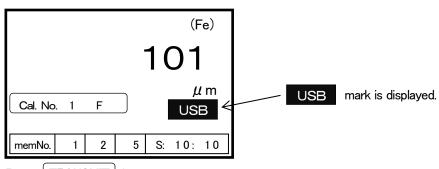
Hook up a UBS cable to USB cable connector and the other sode to PC.



Press COM. ENABLE key.

The buzzer beeps.

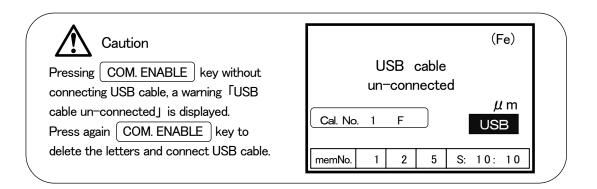




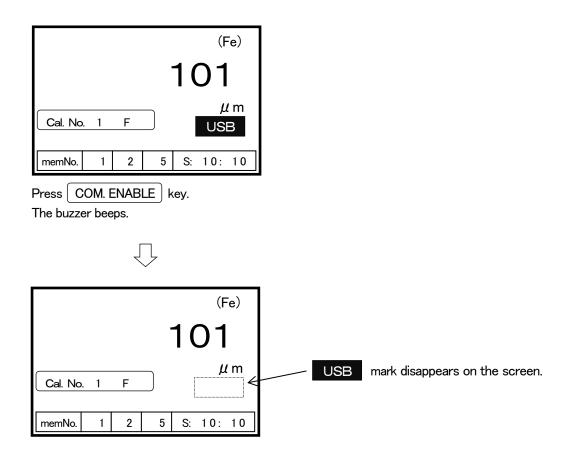
Press TRANSMIT key.

The buzzer beeps.

Data is sent out each time a measurement is taken.



(2) Interrupt transferring data

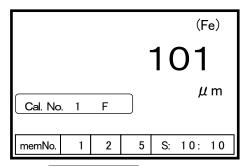


Data stops being transferred.

Transferring stored data - USB -

(1) Transfer of all data

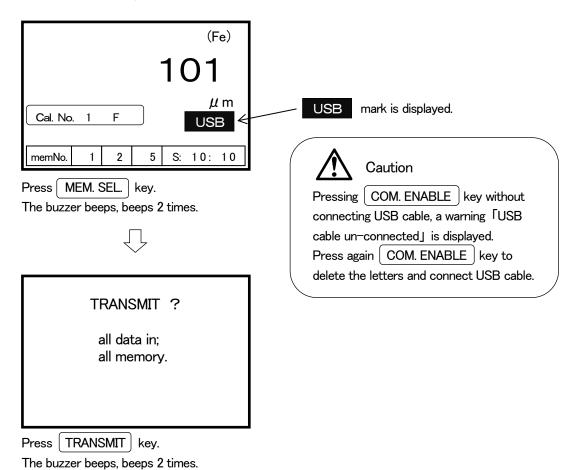
- X Transferring all stored data.
- Prepare for a PC side.
- Connect a USB cable to a PC.

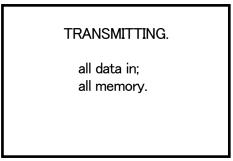


Press COM. ENABLE key.

The buzzer beeps.

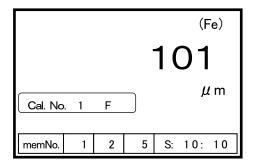






The buzzer beeps.

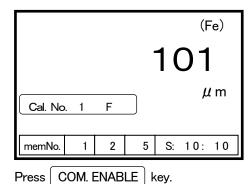




Transferring is completed, returning ns to the beginning.

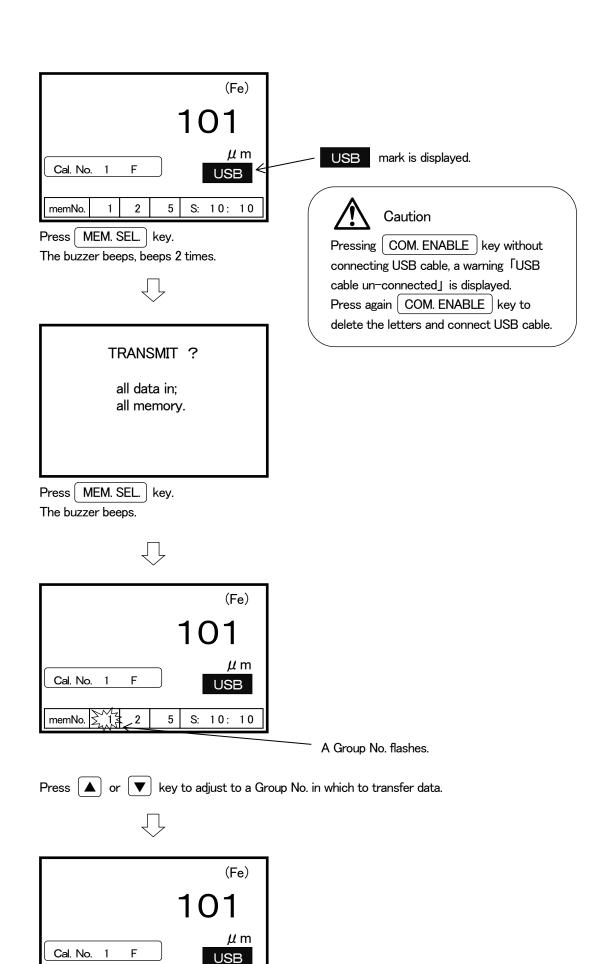
(2) Transfer of group data

- ※ Data stored in arbitrary group with Group No. 1~10 is transferred.
- Prepare for a PC side.
- Connect a USB cable to a PC.
- For operation example, data stored in a Group No. 「3」 is transferred.



The buzzer beeps.

Д



Adjust to a Group No. Γ3.

S: 10: 10

memNo.

Press TRANSMIT key while a Group No. is flashing. The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



TRANSMIT ?

all data in; G = 3.

Press TRANSMIT key.

The buzzer beeps.

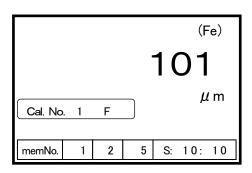


TRANSMITTING.

all data in; G = 3.

The buzzer beeps.

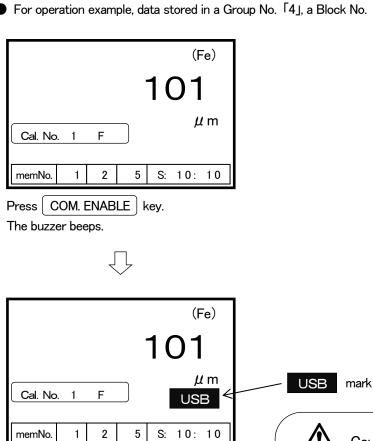




Transferring is completed, returning ns to the beginning.

(3) Transfer of block data

- ※ Data stored in arbitrary block with Block No. 1~20 is transferred.
- Prepare for a PC side.
- Connect a USB cable to a PC.
- For operation example, data stored in a Group No. 「4」, a Block No. 「7」 is transferred.



Press MEM. SEL. key.

The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.

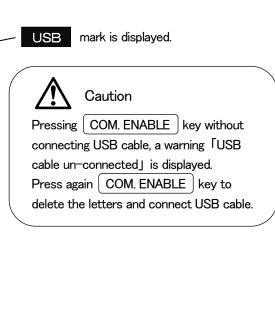
TRANSMIT ?

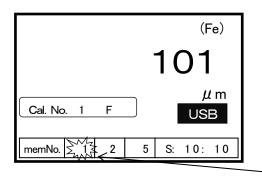
all data in; all memory.

Press MEM. SEL. key.

The buzzer beeps.



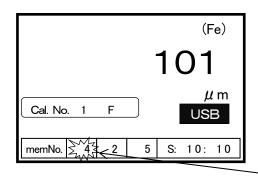




A Group No. flashes.

Press ▲ or ▼ key to adjust to a Group No. where there is a block to transfer data.



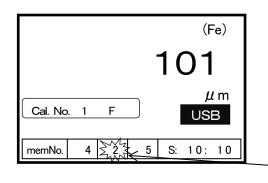


Adjust to a Group No. [4].

Press MEM. SEL. key.

The buzzer beeps.

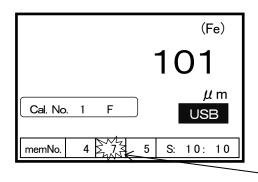




A Group No. is set at $\lceil 4 \rfloor$, and a Block No. flashes.

Press
or
key to adjust to a Block No. in which to transfer data.





Adjust to a Block No. [7].

Press TRANSMIT key while a Block No. is flashing. The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



TRANSMIT ?

all data in; B = 7. 【 in G = 4 】

Press TRANSMIT key.

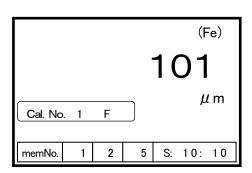
The buzzer beeps.



TRANSMITTING.

all data in; B = 7. [in G = 4]

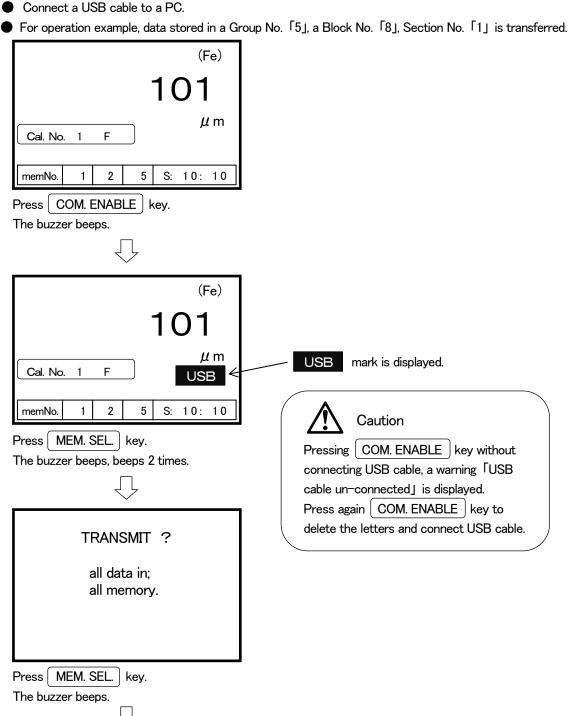




Transferring is completed, returning ns to the beginning.

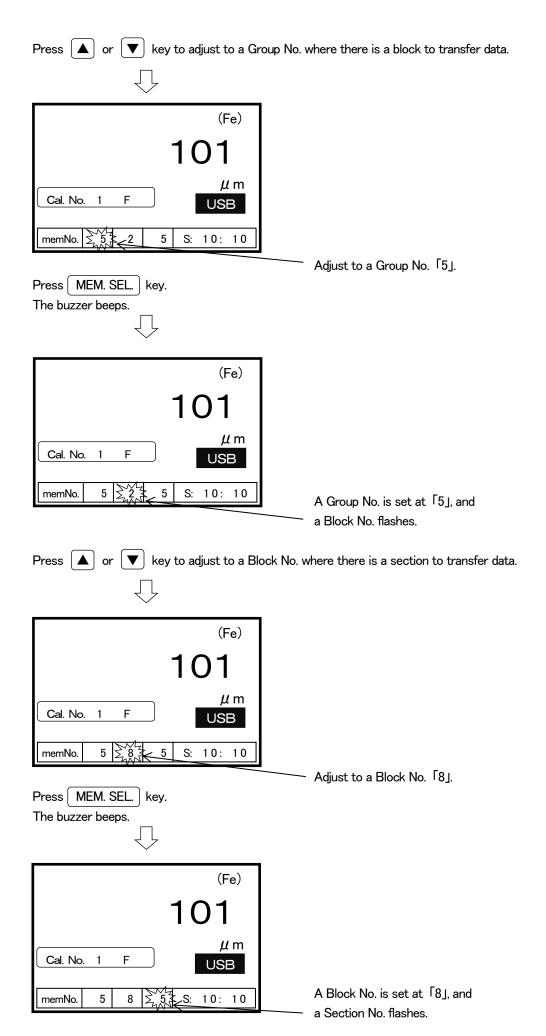
(4) Transfer of section data

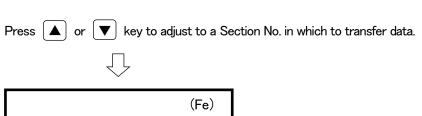
- ※ Data stored in arbitrary section with Section No. 1~10 is transferred.
- Prepare for a PC side.

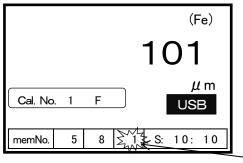


(Fe) μ m Cal. No. 1 USB S: 10: 10 memNo.

A Group No. flashes.







Adjust to a Section No. [1].

Press TRANSMIT key while a Section No. is flashing. The buzzer beeps, beeps 2 times.



TRANSMIT ?

all data in; S = 1. [in B = 8 < G = 5]

Press TRANSMIT key.

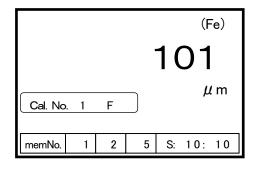
The buzzer beeps.



TRANSMITTING.

all data in; S = 1. [in B = 8 < G = 5]





Transferring is completed, returning ns to the beginning.

Note to improve measuring accuracy

Zero plate

Prepare the same material, thick and shape plate as the measuring object for Zeroing and Calibration standard (CAL). Different materials may not bring about correct measuring results.

As accessories to probe (option), "Zero plates" are for testing purpose only.
Select a most optimal zero plate to meet actually measuring objects. (Please refer to page 14)

2 Thickness standard (foils)

Take Calibration standard (CAL) using a Thickness standard which is thicker or as thick as the measuring films.

3 Quality of films to be measured

Magnetic metal contained in the films can correctly not be measured. In case of measuring elastic films, place aThickness standard of $30\sim50~\mu$ m thick on the object and subtract the thickness from the measuring value to avoid errors to becaused by elastic dents.

4 Measurements of edges or angles

Magnetic fields in the neighborhood of the edges/the angles of a measuring object become uneven.

15~20mm closer part to the center of the object shall generally be measured.

Pay attention to protruded part, curved part or unexpectedly deformed part.

Measurements of rough faces

Roughness of a substrate, a measuring face affects measuring results.

Take a mean value by measuring several places at a time.

6 Measurements of stretched part on faces

In some case stretched, rolled part occurred on a substrate, which may cause measuring errors.

Take a mean value by measuring several places at a time.

7 Temperature

Operating temperature range is 0~40°C.

Especially, large temperature differences between a main unit and a probe causes measuring error.

8 Residual magnetism, stray magnetic fields

Pay attention to transportation method of electromagnets, residual magnetism on substrates or arc welding, those of which emit strong magnetic fields to cause measuring errors.

Trouble Shooting

Before contacting us please check with the following points.

Symptoms	Points to check	Measures to be taken
No response upon press of Γ 🕦] key.	Are batteries worn out?	Replace them with new ones (2 ea.).
No response after replacing batteries and pressing a	Something wrong inside a main unit.	Contact us for repair.
BAT	Batteries is shorting.	They can be used for a while. Prepare for new batteries.
BAT	Batteries have worn out.	Replace them with new ones.
BATTERY is dead! Replace all of them with NEW BATTERY. 《Power OFF》	Out of batteries.	Replace them with new ones.
ERROR! Hold the probe in the air. 《Power OFF》	Possibly pressing probe to object too soon after pressing Γ ① 」 key.	Hold probe in air, keeping it away off measuring objects, metals during a time of "START UP" on screen.
ERROR! Connect a probe before switched on. 《Power OFF》	Press 「 ① 」 key without connecting probe.	Press「⑥」 key after being sure of connecting probe.

Symptoms	Points to check	Measures to be taken
TROUBLE! The probe may have trouble. Change it to the other one. 《Power OFF》	Something wrong with probe.	Contact us for repair.
TROUBLE! The probe and the main unit may have trouble. Repairing needed. 《Power OFF》	Something wrong with probe/ main unit.	Contact us for repair.
Data can not be stored in memory.	Is data stored in all memory?	Delete unnecessary data to make vacancies in memory.
	Is Measurement mode set to [Non-Interrupt Measurement mode]?	Press 「TRANSMIT」 key and release it. Data is stored when releasing.
USB cable un–connected	Is USB cable connected correctly ?	Connect USB cable correctly.
Unable to transfer data.	Is USB cable connected correctly? ② Is PC side ready to operate?	Connect USB cable correctly. (1) Install driver by our home page correctly. (2) Set Comport No.correctly.
Sudden interruption of data transfer.	 Does PC operate normally? PC side is not faulty. → Something wrong with main unit. 	Check if something wrong with PC side. Contact us for repair.

Disclaimer

We are not liable for any damage to customers caused by the use or inability to use of this product (including built-in software and data).

Specifications

◆ Main unit

Items	Applications	
Model name	Dual (Electromagnetic/Eddy current) type coating thickness meter SWT-7200IV	
Display method	Graphic LCD(data/message), Backlight	
Ranges	Depending on optional probes	
Calibrations (CAL)	2-point calibration Zero: metal substrate calibration Calibration standard: metal substrate and thickness standard calibration	
Additional functions	 Switching measuring modes (hold/non-interrupt) Switching display resolutions (depending on a connecting probe) Switching of units Auto Power Off (about 3 min.), releasing and reactivating Setting for exclusive substrate mode (only when SFN-325 probe is connected) Backlight Setting/storing of calibration curves: Max. 10 pcs Upper/lower limt setting, alarm (setting by each calibration) Collective/selective deletions of calibration values Measuring data memory: 20,000 data Statistics process, displays Data output to PC (USB terminals) Screen switching function (Main/Sub) 	
Keys		
Power	3V DC Dry Battery (LR6 × 2), Continuous operation hours about 25 hours* AC adaptor ** Maximum (may vary depending on usage conditions)	
Operating Temperature	0 ~ 40°C (Non-condensing)	
Accessories	Dry battery, Carrying case, Hand strap cord, Inspection certificate, AC adaptor, USB cable, CD (Instruction manual, USB driver, etc.)	
Option	For ferrous substrate probe (SFe), For nonferrous substrate probe (SNFe), Dual ferrous/nonferrus substrate probe (SFN-325),	
Dimensions	72(W) × 30(H) × 156(D)mm	
Weight	About 200g	

◆ Probe (option)

Model	SFN-325	SFe-0. 6Pen	SFe-0. 6L
Measuring method	Dual (Electromagnetic/Eddy current) type (auto-selection for Fe/NFe)	Electromagnetic type	
Measuring range	Fe: 0~3. 00mm, NFe: 0~2. 50mm	0~600 μ m	
	1 μ m: 0~999 μ m 0. 01mm: 1. 00~3. 00mm (Fe) : 1. 00~2. 50mm (NFe)	1 μm: 0~600 μm	
Resolutions		by switching	
	by switching	0. 1 μm: 0~400 μm	
	0. 1 μm: 0~400 μm 0. 5 μm: 400~500 μm	0. 5 μ m: 400~500 μ m	
Accuracies (to flat, smooth face)	$0\sim100\mu\mathrm{m}$: $\pm1\mu\mathrm{m}$ or $\pm2\%$ of reading $101\mu\mathrm{m}\sim3$. $00\mathrm{mm}$: $\pm2\%$ (Fe) $101\mu\mathrm{m}\sim2$. $50\mathrm{mm}$: $\pm2\%$ (NFe)	$0\sim100\mu\mathrm{m}$: $\pm1\mu\mathrm{m}$ or $\pm2\%$ of reading $101\sim600\mu\mathrm{m}$: $\pm2\%$	
Probes	One point contact constant pressure typ V-cut about ϕ 15 × 51mm about		One point contact constant pressure typ about $8 \times 13.5 \times 119$ mm (Minimum measuring Diameter ϕ 16)
Options	V type probe adaptors ^{**}	_	
Accessaries	Thickness standards, Zero plates for testing(Fe/NFe)	Thickness standards, Zero plates for testing(Fe)	
Measuring objects	Fe: coating, lining, thermal spray film, plating (except electrolyte nickel plating), etc. on magnetic metal substrate like iron, steel. NFe: relatively general use objects like insulated films on non-magnetic metal substrate like aluminum, cupper, etc.	Coating, lining, thermal spray film, plating (except electrolyte nickel plating), etc. on magnetic metal substrate like iron, steel. Small parts, narrow places, and so on. Inside of a small diameter tubes, narrow places, and so on.	

 $[\]times$ 3 kinds of V type probe adaptors (less ϕ 5, ϕ 5~10, ϕ 10~20)

◆ Probe (option)

Model	SFe-2. 5 ^{×1} /SFe-2. 5L	SFe-2. 5LwA	SFe-10	SFe-20
Measuring method	Electromagnetic type			
Measuring range	0~2. 50mm		0~10mm	0~20mm
Resolutions	1μ m: $0 \sim 999 \mu$ m 0. 01 mm: $1.00 \sim 2.50$ mm by switching 0. 1μ m: $0 \sim 400 \mu$ m 0. 5μ m: $400 \sim 500 \mu$ m		1μm: 0~999μm 0. 01mm: 1~10mm	1 μm: 0~999 μm 0. 01mm: 1~5mm 0. 1mm: 5~20mm
Accuracies (to flat, smooth face)	0~100 μ m: ±1 μ m or ±2% of reading 101 μ m~2. 50mm: ±2%		$0\sim3$ mm: $\pm(5\mu\text{m}+3\% \text{ of reading})$ 3. 01 mm or over: $\pm3\%$	
Probes	One point contact constant pressure type V-cut SFe-2. 5: about \$\phi\$ 15 \times 47mm SFe-2. 5L: about 18 \times 22 \times 67mm	One point contact constant pressure type Measuring part: about 24 × 27 × 56mm Full length (flexible): about 546~1530mm	One point contact constant pressure type V-cut about ϕ 21×47mm	One point contact constant pressure type V-cut about ϕ 35 × 55mm
Options	V type probe adaptors ^{*2}	_	_	
Accessaries	Thickness standards, Zero plates for testing (Fe)	Thickness standards, Zero plates for testing (Fe), Carring case	Thickness standards, Zero plates for testing(Fe)	
Measuring objects	Coating, lining, thermal spray film, plating (except electrolyte nickel plating), etc. on magnetic metal substrate like iron, steel.	For coating thickness on remote, unreachable place of coating, lining on magnetic metal substrate like iron, steel.	On magnetic metal su For relatively thicker objects	ubstrate like iron, steel For thick objects

※1: Heat-resistant (about 200°C) for probe Fe-2.5

&2: 3 kinds of V type probe adaptors (less ϕ 5, ϕ 5 \sim 10, ϕ 10 \sim 20)

◆ Probe (option)

Model	SNFe-2. 0/SNFe-2. 0L	SNFe-0. 6	SNFe-5	SNFe-8
Measuring method	Eddy current type			
Measuring range	0~2. 00mm	0∼600 <i>μ</i> m	0∼5. 00mm	0∼8. 00mm
Resolutions	1 μ m: 0~999 μ m 0. 01mm: 1. 00~2. 00mm by switching 0. 1 μ m: 0~400 μ m 0. 5 μ m: 400~500 μ m	1 μ m: 0~600 μ m by switching 0. 1 μ m: 0~400 μ m 0. 5 μ m: 400~500 μ m	1μm: 0~999μm 0. 01mm: 1~5mm	1μm: 0~999μm 0. 01mm: 1~8mm
Accuracies (to flat, smooth face)	$0\sim100 \mu\text{m}$: $\pm1\mu\text{m}$ or $\pm2\%$ of reading $101\mu\text{m}\sim2$. 00mm : $\pm2\%$	$0\sim100\mu\text{m}$: $\pm1\mu\text{m}$ or $\pm2\%$ of reading $101\sim600\mu\text{m}$: $\pm2\%$	$0\sim3$ mm: $\pm(5\mu\text{m}+3\%\text{ of reading})$ 3. 01mm or over: $\pm3\%$	
Probes	One point contact constant pressure type V-cut SNFe-2. 0: about ϕ 15 × 47mm SNFe-2. 0L: about 18 × 22 × 67mm	One point contact constant pressure type V-cut about ϕ 13 × 45.5mm	One point contact constant pressure type V-cut about ϕ 20.5 × 47mm	One point contact constant pressure type V-cut about ϕ 35 × 59mm
Options	V type probe adaptors [*]	_	_	_
Accessaries	Thickness standards, Zero plate for testing (NFe)			
Insulated films on non-magnetic substarate metal like aluminum, cupp			pper, etc.	
Measuring objects	Relatively general use objects	For high stability with narrow bars, small tubes, minute pieces	For relativfely	thicker objects

 $[\]times$ 3 kinds of V type probe adaptors (less ϕ 5, ϕ 5~10, ϕ 10~20)

Reference (measurement principles)

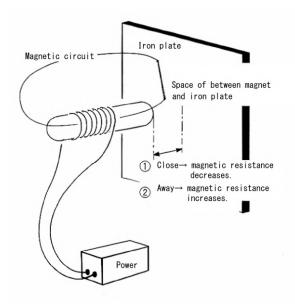
Electromagnetic type

When metals approach to AC- magnetic fields emitted from probe, the metal and the magnet pull each other.

It makes the pulling force stronger as they come closer. In other words, it makes the magnetic density higher as they come closer. On the contrary, it weakens the magnetic density as they move away from each other.

This symptom means that magnetism emitted from probe has Higher Transferability when they come closer, and lower Transferability when they move away from each other. These levels of transferability of the magnetism co-relate with thicknesses of films coated on substrates.

By analyzing correlations of transferability/less transferability (Reluctance), and thicknesses of the films on the substrates, the correlated values can be converted to the thickness, actually by measuring the Reluctance to be processed. Because it is difficult to observe and measure magnetic volumes, it is necessary that the Reluctance volumes be converted to electric volumes using coils and methods of the Principle of Electromagnetic Induction so that the measured values can be processed and converted to the thickness values.



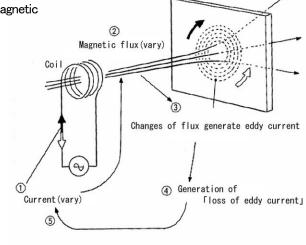
Eddy Current Type

The eddy current is induced on the surface of metals when metals approach to alternating current fields emitted from probe. As the metal comes closer to the probe, the eddy current increases and the magnetic field density becomes high.

On the contrary, as the metal move away from the probe, the eddy current decreases and the magnetic density becomes low: Correlations of between density of magnetic field and film thicknesses on the substrate are analyzed beforehand. It measure the thicknesses by converting to the thickness value from the magnetic density measured through the above correlations.

Because it is difficult to observe and measure the density of a magnetic

field, it is necessary that a coil be put in magnetic fields and converted to electric volumes for measurements using the Principle of Electromagnetic Induction so that the measured value can be processed and converted to the thickness value. Generally in the eddy current type, it varies in measurement range on non—magnetic substrate by dividing substrates by a high—wave transferable like Alumi and Copper and non—transferable like irons to optimize the measurement methods.



♦ Products sold ♦

Coating thickness meter, Pinhole detector,

Moisture meter, Concrete covermeter, Condensator,

Needle detector, Iron piece detector, Viscosity cup



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